Forest Regions Vocabulary

A Type of forest dominated by trees that lose their foliage (leaves) at the end of the growing season. _____

A type of forest dominated by cone-bearing, needle-leaved evergreen trees. _____

An element found in nature that forms the wealth of a natural environment and that can be used as is or transformed. _____

A natural and largely unexploited forest containing mostly very old trees, along with young and mature trees. _____

The act of permanently destroying a forest. _____

A form of tourism that promotes recreational activities. _____

The marketing of a natural resource, finished product or service. _____

A type of logging that leaves no tree standing. _____

Public land leased by the government to a logging company, allowing it to cut any wood available on the territory. _____

All the management policies defined by the Sustainable Forest Development Act and implemented by the Ministère des Ressources naturelles et de la Faune. _____

An economic activity based on the use of forest resources. _____

The development of economic activities on a global scale due to advancements in communications, transportation and trade between the world's different regions. _____

A company that has business activities in several countries. _____

All the rules and operating techniques that make sure a forest is renewed. _____

Simplified name for controlled harvesting zone. _____

Material that forms the top layer of the forest floor. _____

An essential human activity that leads to the deforestation of forests. _____

- Natural resource
- Clearcutting
- Commercialization
- Forest concession
- Deforestation
- Agriculture
- Logging
- Ancient forest
- ZECS
- Recreotourism
- Deciduous forest
- Multinational
- Humus
- Coniferous (boreal) forest
- Forest regime
- Globalization
- Silviculture

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