

Review

1. Present Simple (Presente Simple)

El Present Simple se usa para hablar de:

1. Hábitos
 - I eat breakfast at 7 a.m.
 - Yo desayuno a las 7 a.m.
2. Rutinas diarias
 - She goes to school every day.
 - Ella va a la escuela todos los días.
3. Hechos o verdades generales
 - Water freezes at 0°C.
 - El agua se congela a 0°C.
4. Estados permanentes
 - I know the answer.
 - Yo sé la respuesta.

Estructura

Afirmativa

Pronombre	Verbo	Ejemplo
I / You / We / They	verbo base	I eat pizza.
He / She / It	verbo + s	She eats pizza.

Negativa

Estructura	Ejemplo
Subject + do not + verb	I do not drink soda.
Subject + does not + verb	She does not drink soda.





English for children

Interrogativa

Estructura

Do + subject + verb?

Does + subject + verb?

Ejemplo

Do you play soccer?

Does she play soccer?

2. Adverbs of Frequency (Adverbios de Frecuencia)

Los adverbios de frecuencia indican qué tan seguido ocurre una acción.

Posición en la oración

Antes del verbo principal

- I usually drink water.
- She often buys snacks.

Después del verbo BE

- I am always happy at school.
- She is usually tired.

Adverbio

Frecuencia aproximada

Always

100%

Usually

90%

Often

70%

Sometimes

50%

Rarely

20%

Never

0%

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Exercise 1: Reading

Teenagers and Their Daily Life

Many teenagers always begin their day early. They usually get up at 6 or 7 a.m. Some students drink milk or juice. Others eat cereal before school.

Teenagers often go to school with their friends. Some students come by bus. Others drive with their parents. They usually feel excited to see their classmates.

At school classes begin at 8 a.m. Students often do homework in class. In art class they draw pictures. Sometimes teachers give interesting projects.

Many students sometimes bring snacks. They eat sandwiches or fruit. Some students buy food in the cafeteria. Lunch usually costs a few dollars.

After school some teens build things in technology class. Others grow plants in the school garden. Some students catch the bus home. Others fly home in their imagination while daydreaming.

At home teenagers usually do homework. They sometimes break pencils or cut paper for projects. Some students find answers on the internet. They often know more after studying.

At night teens rarely leave homework unfinished. They usually keep their books ready. Sometimes they lose a notebook and feel stressed. But they always feel proud when they finish their work.



Exercise 2: Reading comprehension. Choose the correct option.

1. What time do classes begin?
a) 7 a.m. b) 8 a.m. c) 9 a.m.
2. What do students draw in art class?
a) maps b) letters c) pictures
3. What do some students buy?
a) clothes b) food c) books
4. What do some teens grow?
a) trees b) plants c) animals
5. What do students sometimes break?
a) rulers b) pencils c) desks
6. What do students sometimes lose?
a) shoes b) notebooks c) backpacks



**Exercise 3: Re-write the sentences with the correct verb
(do keep draw drink grow go build bring feel)**

Re-escribe la oración con el verbo correcto.

1. I _____ milk every morning.
•
2. She _____ to school by bus.
•
3. We _____ homework every afternoon.
•
4. He _____ pictures in art class.
•
5. They _____ new things in technology class.
•
6. She _____ snacks to school.
•
7. I _____ my homework in my backpack.
•
8. They _____ plants in the garden.
•
9. He _____ tired after school.
•
10. We _____ water during lunch.
•



Exercise 4: Re-write the sentences with the correct adverb of frequency

Re-escribe la oración con el verbo correcto adverbio de frecuencia.

1. I _____ drink soda. (20%)

•

2. She _____ goes to the gym. (90%)

•

3. We _____ eat pizza on weekends. (70%)

•

4. They _____ lose their pencils. (50%)

•

5. He _____ brings his notebook. (100%)

•

6. I _____ feel tired after school. (70%)

•

7. She _____ buys snacks. (50%)

•

8. We _____ draw in art class. (70%)

•

9. They _____ go to the library. (90%)

•

10. I _____ know the answer. (90%)

•



Exercise 5: Order the sentence

Ordena la oración.

1. always / I / breakfast / eat
•
2. usually / she / school / to / goes
•
3. often / we / homework / do
•
4. sometimes / he / pictures / draws
•
5. buy / they / snacks / often
•
6. plants / grow / usually / we
•
7. sometimes / lose / I / my / pencil
•
8. feel / happy / usually / I
•
9. water / drink / often / we
•
10. bus / catch / they / usually / the
•

