

Tên:

Ngữ pháp HW:

Lớp: S4...

Độc HW:

Ngày giao bài: Thứ ..., ngày .../....

Ngày nộp bài: Thứ ..., ngày .../....



GE4 - UNIT 8: Nature Matters - Grammar 2 & Grammar 1 Revision

A. THEORY

I. GRAMMAR: "Have to/Has to" to express obligation ("Have to/Has to" để diễn tả sự bắt buộc)

- Cách dùng: Diễn tả sự bắt buộc, cần phải làm gì đó vì luật lệ, quy định hoặc hoàn cảnh.

	Công thức	Ví dụ
Khẳng định	S + have to / has to + V-inf	I have to get there. She has to drink the milk.
Phủ định	S + don't/doesn't + have to + V-inf	I don't have to get there. She doesn't have to drink the milk.
Câu hỏi Yes/No	Do/Does + S + have to + V-inf? → Yes, S + do/does. → No, S + don't/doesn't.	Do you have to get there? → Yes, I do/No, I don't. Does she have to drink the milk? → Yes, she does/No, she doesn't.

II. GRAMMAR REVISION: Defining relative clauses (Mệnh đề quan hệ xác định)

- Cách dùng: Dùng để xác định chính xác người, sự vật, hiện tượng, sự việc đang được nói tới trong câu.
- Chức năng: bổ sung ý nghĩa cho danh từ hoặc cụm danh từ đứng trước nó.
- Chúng ta không thể lược bỏ mệnh đề quan hệ xác định của câu vì sẽ làm thay đổi ý nghĩa của câu đó.

	WHO/THAT	WHICH/THAT
Usage	chỉ người, làm chủ ngữ hoặc tân ngữ	chỉ vật, làm chủ ngữ hoặc tân ngữ
Structure	... N (chỉ người) + who/that + V + O ... N (chỉ người) + who/that + S + V	... N (chỉ vật) + which/that + V + O ... N (chỉ vật) + which/that + S + V
Example	- The man who/that is sitting by the fire is a policeman. - I know the girl who/that you met yesterday.	- This is the book which/that won the prize. - I bought Mary a book which/that she's always loved.

*Note: S = Subject: Chủ ngữ; V-inf = Verb infinitive: động từ nguyên mẫu; N = Noun: Danh từ;

O = Object: tân ngữ; don't = do not; doesn't = does not.

III. EXTRA VOCABULARY

No.	Word	Meaning	No.	Word	Meaning
1	connect (v)	kết nối, nối với	4	manage (v)	xoay xở, xử lý
2	improve (v)	cải thiện, nâng cao	5	go for a jog (phr)	đi ra ngoài để chạy bộ nhẹ
3	district (n)	quận, huyện, khu vực	6	train (v)	huấn luyện, đào tạo

*Note: n = noun: danh từ; v = verb: động từ; phr = phrase: cụm từ.

B. HOMEWORK

GRAMMAR (15 questions)

I. Con học thuộc nghĩa của từ, chỉnh phát âm theo từ điển và chép mỗi từ ở mục III. EXTRA VOCABULARY (trang 1) 1 dòng vào vở ghi.

II. Choose the correct answers (A–F) to complete the sentences.

A. have to finish	B. has to wear	C. don't have to go
D. doesn't have to get up	E. Do you have to bring	F. Does she have to help

0. I A my homework before dinner.

- We to school on Sunday.
- her mom with the dishes every day?
- your textbook to class?
- She a school uniform every day.
- Tom early tomorrow because it is a holiday.

III. Choose the underlined part in each sentence (A, B or C) that needs correcting and correct it.

0. They having to study for the English test tonight.

(A) having B. for C. tonight Correct: have

1. I am not working tomorrow so I do not has to get up early.

A. am B. do not C. has to Correct:

2. Do they has to do army training when they are at military school?

A. Do B. has to C. do Correct:

3. She have to take the bus because her car broke down.

A. have to B. take the bus C. because Correct:

4. The girls do not have to wearing uniforms.

A. do not B. have to C. wearing Correct:

5. Susie have to go to the zoo for her assignment.

A. have to B. go to the zoo C. for Correct:

IV. Fill in the blanks with WHO or WHICH.

0. The firefighter who saved the cat is very brave.

- The island has white sand is beautiful.
- I spoke to a woman works at the airport.
- The laptop my brother uses is very expensive.
- The singer won the contest is only sixteen years old.
- The bridge connects the two towns is very long.

CAMBRIDGE READING PRACTICE (11 questions)

I. FLYERS PART 3

Read the story. Choose a word from the box. Write the correct word next to numbers 1-6.

A helicopter ride

A very famous (0) man lives opposite me. His name is Mr Banks. His house has ten bedrooms and a beautiful garden. He (1) four different cars and he flies to work in a helicopter! He has parties every Saturday (2) He plays the piano and (3) to music with his friends. My family isn't famous and we don't have a big house, but Mr Banks often comes to see us.

Last Tuesday morning, I (4) out of my window. There was lots of snow outside. I went downstairs to have my (5) in the kitchen. Mum and Dad were there. Mr Banks was too. 'Hello!' I said. 'I can't go to school today. There's snow on all the (6)'. 'I can take you to school in my helicopter, Jim. Would you like to do that?'

'Wow' I said. 'Yes, please!'

Example



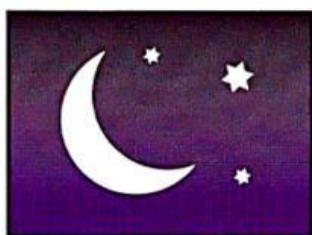
man



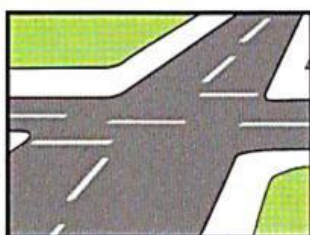
doctor



drives



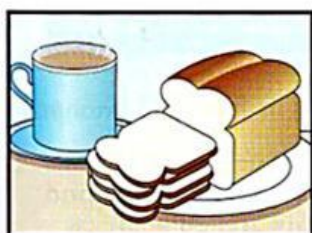
evening



roads



slept



breakfast



looked



dances

For each question, choose the correct answer.

Where playing video games IS real life

Seo-yun Cho doesn't have time for hobbies because she spends all her time playing video games. 'I practise as much as I can so I will improve,' she says. 'This is what I really need to do.'

Seo-yun and her friends are members of KS Fireflies 6, a video game team. She and the other members share a flat in Seoul's business district. Since they all left school, they have managed to make playing video games their life.

Everyday, Seo-yun gets up after a good night's sleep at 10 a.m. and goes for a jog for an hour, before sitting down at her computer and starting to play. She and her friends have a few breaks to eat and relax during the day and the evening, but Seo-yun thinks that after midnight is when she has more fun playing than at any other time. She usually goes to bed at 3 a.m.

Seo-yun and the rest of the team need to train hard and keep fit, as top players need to do about 30 mouse-clicks a minute. Video games are big business in South Korea, and the best players (like KS Fireflies 6) usually become even better-known than top baseball or volleyball players.

Some people might get bored after playing video games for an hour or two. But these guys are actually getting paid to do something they love as a job. Many of them would even like to do it for free!

14 What is the most important thing for Seo-yun Cho?

- A playing games for fun only
- B getting better at video games
- C having more free time

15 Seo-yun and her friends

- A live together.
- B live in different cities.
- C live with their parents.

16 What does Seo-yun say about playing games at night?

- A She cannot play in the daytime.
- B She enjoys playing most at that time.
- C She feels sleepy and stops early.

17 What does the writer say about sports?

- A Seo-yun and her friends play sports after school.
- B Seo-yun and her friends play sports to get fit.
- C Seo-yun and her friends are more famous than some sports players.

18 Why does the writer think that Seo-yun and her friends are lucky?

- A because they earn a lot of money
- B because they don't need to look for another job
- C because they are doing something that they love