



**EMERINTAH KABUPATEN PRINGSEWU
DINAS PENDIDIKAN KEBUDAYAAN DAN PARIWISATA
SMA NEGERI 1 PARDASUKA**

Alamat: Jln. Sukamanah Pardasuka Kabupaten Pringsewu



**SOAL PTS SEMESTER GENAP
KURIKULUM MERDEKA
SMA PROVINSI LAMPUNG TAHUN PELAJARAN 2025/2026**

Mata Pelajaran : BAHASA INGGRIS WAJIB

kelas / Jurusan : X1

Choose the correct answer by crossing A, B, C, D, OR E

This text is for questions 1 to 5

Man needs to eat to live. The foods we eat will produce the energy used to make us strong and healthy. However, do you know how the digestive system in our bodies works? Here's the explanation.

The food we eat is broken down into small pieces by the action of teeth, mixed with saliva, which contains a digestive juice that moistens the food. the juice is secreted by the glands in the mouth so it can be swallowed easily.

From the mouth , food passes through the food section called the "esophagus" to the stomach. Here, food is mixed with juice secreted by calls in the stomach for several hours. Then the food goes into the small intestine. All the time the walls of the intestinal muscles squeeze and mix food.

Within a few hours, the food turns sour. This is soon adsorbed by the villi (projection of microscopic branches of the intestinal wall) and into the bloodstream.

1. What is the purpose of the text?
 - A. To tell how digestive systems cannot work well in our bodies
 - B. To describe our digestive system from two points of view
 - C. To entertain the readers with our digestive system
 - D. To tell readers that our digestive system works well
 - E. To explain how our digestive system works
2. Which part of our bodies mixes and squeezes the food?
 - A. Small intestine.
 - B. Bloodstream.
 - C. Mouth.
 - D. Saliva.
 - E. Teeth.
3. What happens to the food just before it is absorbed by the villi?
 - A. It is broken up into small pieces.
 - B. It enters the small intestine.
 - C. It is changed into saliva.
 - D. It will produce energy.
 - E. It changed into acids.
4. To moisten the food, our bodies produce....
 - A. saliva
 - B. energy
 - C. glands
 - D. small intestine
 - E. digestive system

5. People should do eat.....they will get energy through healthy food.
- A. After
 - B. When
 - C. Therefore.
 - D. However.
 - E. Only if.

This text is for questions no.6-16.

It is commonly observed during the rainy season that water falling on roads and streets disappears after a few hours. Similarly, in summer, wet clothes dry up very soon. Do you know where this water goes? This water gets converted into vapour. Conversion of water into vapour is called evaporation.

How does evaporation take place? Every substance is made up of very small particles called molecules. These molecules are held together by strong forces of attraction called cohesive forces. These forces are opposed by the repulsive forces due to the motion of molecules. As long as the cohesive forces are far greater than the repulsive forces, the substance remains in the solid state. When the substance is heated up, it absorbs heat energy which the molecules are set up in rapid motion. This motion starts counterbalancing the cohesive forces.

When the repulsive forces generated by the motion of molecules equals the cohesive force, matter changes from solid to liquid state. If the liquid is still heated, the molecules still move fast. When the force exceeds the cohesive force, the molecules of the liquid become free and escape into the air. It is how the liquid is converted into vapour. The liberation of the molecules from the liquid surface to the air is called evaporation.

This explains the drying up process of the clothes. If the wet clothes are put under the sun, they dry up faster because at the higher temperature the motion of molecules becomes faster and the rate of evaporation increases with the rise in temperature. It takes place more rapidly when the air is dry. That is why clothes dry up more quickly on a dry day than on a damp cloudy day.

6. The suitable heading of the text above is
- A. Do you know where this water goes ?
 - B. How does evaporation take place?
 - C. How liquid is converted into vapor.
 - D. This water gets converted into vapour.
 - E. This explains the drying up process of the clothes.
7. Paragraph 1 is the . . . of the passage.
- A. Identification
 - B. General statement
 - C. Orientation
 - D. General classification
 - E. Thesis
8. Which of the following options contains technical terms?
- A. Faster, higher, more rapidly
 - B. Dry day, cloudy day, dry up
 - C. Rainy season, summer, few hours
 - D. Evaporation, molecules, cohesive forces
 - E. Forces of attraction, wet clothes, liquid surface

9. What is evaporation?
- A. It is the force that separates molecules.
 - B. It is the motion of molecules of a substance.
 - C. Wet clothe dry up very soon in the sun.
 - D. It is the conversin of water into vapour.
 - E. Water failing on the streets disappears after a few hours.
10. What is every substance made of?
- A. Molecules
 - B. Evaporation
 - C. Solid state
 - D. Cohesive forces
 - E. Repulsive forces
11. What causes water to evaporate?
- A. Heat
 - B. The sun
 - C. Molecules
 - D. Cohesive forces
 - E. Repulsive forces
12. holds molecule together.
- A. Heat energy
 - B. Rapid motion
 - C. Repulsive forces
 - D. Cohesive forces
 - E. Motion of molecules
13. Why do wet clothes dry up faster on a sunny day than ona cloudy day?
- A. Because the sun shines brightly during the day
 - B. Because the molecules of the water become free
 - C. Because the molecules of the liquid are going into th air
 - D. Because the heat of the sun is proteceted by the clouds
 - E. Because the temperature of a sunny day is higher than that of a cloudly day.
14. If wet clothes are out under shelter, they . . . fast.
- A. Do not dry up
 - B. Did not dry up
 - C. Are not drying up
 - D. Are not dried up
 - E. Were not dried up
15. Drying wet clothes on a cloudy day takes . . . time than on a sunny day.
- A. Long
 - B. Longer
 - C. Longest
 - D. Too long
 - E. Long enough

16. . . . it absorbs heat energy which the molecules are set up in rapid motion. What is the synonym of the underlined word?
- A. prepared
 - B. turned
 - C. put on
 - D. arranged
 - E. owned

This text is for question no 17-18.

The night's snowstorm had many effects. People were out shoveling snow from their sidewalks. The power lines were draped with ice. Snow plows drove down every street. Children were the happiest of all. The unexpected snow caused school to be cancelled!

17. What is the text about? It is about..
- A. shoveling snow.
 - B. power lines.
 - C. Snowstorm.
 - D. Snow plows.
 - E. unexpected snow.
18. The following are effect sentences except....
- A. The night's snowstorm had many effects.
 - B. People were out shoveling snow from their sidewalks.
 - C. The power lines were draped with ice.
 - D. Snow plows drove down every street..
 - E. Children were not the happiest of all.

The lyric below is for question no 19-21.

STARRY STARRY NIGHT
Starry, starry night.
Paint your palette blue and grey,
Look out on a summer's day,
With eyes that know the darkness in my soul,
Shadows on the hills,
Sketch the trees and the daffodils,
Catch the breeze and the winter chills,
In colors on the snowy linen land.
Now I understand what you tried to say to me,
How you suffered for your sanity,
How you tried to set them free.
They would not listen, they did not know how.
Perhaps they'll listen now.

19. A piece of song lyric above was dedicated for Vincent Van Gogh who was a/an...
- A. Painter.
 - B. Writer.
 - C. Author .
 - D. Artist.
 - E. Sculptor.
20. Someone in that song lyric's felling was...
- A. Happy.
 - B. Proud.
 - C. Thankful .
 - D. In pain.
 - E. Sorrow.
21. The song above tells us about....
- A. Message behind a painting .
 - B. A lovely father.
 - C. A dedicated president.
 - D. The life of a novel write.
 - E. The love between couple.

The lyric below is for questions number 22

Back when I child
Before life removed all the innocence
My father would lift me high
And dance with my mother and me and then
Spin me around til I fell asleep
Then up the stairs he would carry me
And I knew for sure, I was loved

22. The song is dedicated for...
- A. Song writer's father.
 - B. Song writer's mother.
 - C. Song writer's grandmother.
 - D. Song writer's himself.
 - E. Song writer's parent.

The song below is for number 23 and 24.

"misread"
If you wanna be my friend
You want us to get along
Please do not expect me to
Wrap it up and keep it there
The observation I am doing could
Easily be understood

23. What does the song tell you about?
- A. A life struggling
 - B. A Friendship
 - C. Charity
 - D. World peace
 - E. Happiness
24. The word 'misread' in that song has similar meaning with...
- A. Mistake
 - B. Missing someone
 - C. Misunderstood
 - D. Mislead
 - E. Misspoken

The song below is for number 25 .

Everybody wants to be understood
Well I can hear you
Everybody wants to be loved
Don't give up
because you are loved

25. What do you feel when you hear the song above?
- A. Being lazy
 - B. Being tired
 - C. Being motivated
 - D. Being trapped
 - E. Being loved

The song below is for number 26.

When they're above
Five hundred smiles
Oh I used to think
What wouldn't I give
For a moment like this?

26. "For a moment like this?"
The moment in that song means...
- A. Birthday party
 - B. Magic performance
 - C. Dance competition
 - D. Singing concert
 - E. Daydreaming

This text is for question no 27-29.

There are several reasons why many of us choose our eating habits, and I will outline below some of these reasons. Those of us who watch a lot of TV may attribute advertisement to our choice of snacks. On the other hand, the generation who grew up with fresh produce probably favours fruits and vegetables as a result. There are, however, some of us who, despite having access to fresh fruit and veggies, still reach out to a salty snack late at night; this choice may be due to our upbringing.

27. What is the topic of the text above?
- A. Watching TV.
 - B. Eating habits.
 - C. favours fruits.
 - D. favours veggies.
 - E. salty snack.
28. Which one of the following sentences is not cause effects sentence?
- A. On the other hand, the generation who grew up with fresh produce probably favours fruits and vegetables as a result.
 - B. Those of us who watch a lot of TV may attribute advertisement to our choice of snacks.
 - C. There are, however, some of us who, despite having access to fresh fruit and veggies, still reach out to a salty snack late at night.
 - D. This choice may be due to our upbringing.
 - E. There are several reasons why many of us choose our eating habits, and I will outline below some of these reasons.
29. Those of us who watch a lot of TV may attribute advertisement to our choice of snacks. What is the synonym of the word attribute?
- A. link.
 - B. Support.
 - C. Accustom
 - D. Accessorize.
 - E. Accomplish.

This text is for question no. 30-32.

Almost everyone very likes a natural phenomenon called the rainbow. To the extent that a lot of people create an art work like song, cake, and the other work after seeing the beautiful colors of the rainbow. But, do you know how the phenomenon of the appearance of the rainbow happens?

Rainbow occurs because of the refraction of light. The sunlight that shines in between the rain drops is refracted by the rain drops. This process separates the white light of the sunlight into a spectrum of different colors.

The spectrum of colors are red, orange, yellow, green, blue, indigo, and violet. then the colours reflect in the back drops of rain, resulting the light which looks arched and becomes the rainbow. Rainbow often occur after rain and sunlight are present after it. It is common to see them in this condition.

30. What is the text about?
- How light Rainbow is.
 - How does Rainbow occur.
 - What happen to the Rainbow.
 - Where Rainbow occur.
 - When Rainbow occur.
31. What causes of Rainbow?
- The heat of the sun.
 - The spectrum of colours.
 - The refraction of light.
 - The reflection of light.
 - The Raining shadow.
32. But, do you know how the phenomenon of the appearance of the rainbow happens? What is the closely meaning of the underlined word?
- Emergence.
 - Existence.
 - Spaciousness
 - Condition
 - Exodus
33. 1. The more water is pushed out of the way, the harder it pushes back.
 2. So the ship keeps sinking until its weight is matched by the push of the water, then it can float.
 3. When launched, a ship pushes water away.
 4. The hull of the ship is hollow. Making the density–weight–less than water.
 5. But the water pushes back, causing ‘upthrust’.
- 3 - 5 - 1 - 4 - 2
 - 2 - 5 - 4 - 3 - 1
 - 2 - 3 - 5 - 1 - 4
 - 3 - 5 - 1 - 2 - 4
 - 2 - 5 - 1 - 3 - 4
34. her bad performance during the tenure, the incumbent president seems to lose in the coming election.
- Hence.
 - Then
 - Therefore
 - Because of.
 - As a consequently.
35. my bad preparation, I failed in the preliminary test.
- So.
 - Then.
 - Finally.
 - Therefore.
 - As a result.

36. The mongoose was protected by law, ...it increased in number rapidly.
A. So
B. Then.
C. Finally.
D. Therefore.
E. As a result.
37. Her fear of roaches was by an early childhood trauma.
A. due to
B. caused.
C. lead to
D. since
E. for

This text is for questionno.38-40.

Hair color depends on the genes (48).... from parents. The color of both hair and skin is (49)....natural pigments, mainly the very dark brown substance melanin, (50)... in cells known as melanocytes at the base of the epidermis. In some people the melanocytes are more active and make more melanin, and so the skin and usually the hair are darker.

38. A. inherited.
B. inhabited.
C. included.
D. increased.
E. impacted.
39. A.because,
B.due to.
C. then
D. since.
E. hence.
40. A. Called
B. Provided
C. Contained
D. Existed.
E. Given