Tên: ……..

Lớp: S6…

Ngày giao bài: Thứ ……, ngày ……/…….

Ngày nộp bài: Thứ ……, ngày ……/…….

StarLink

Từ vựng & Ngữ pháp HW: ……

Nghe HW: ……

GLOBAL ENGLISH 6

UNIT 7: NATURE'S POWER – VOCABULARY REVISION

A. THEORY

I. VOCABULARY

- Volcanoes & Earth Movement

No.	New words	Meanings	No.	New words	Meanings
1	**explode** (v)	nổ tung	5	**fault line** (n)	đường đứt gãy (trên vỏ Trái đất)
2	**ash** (n)	tro (núi lửa)	6	**tectonic plate** (n)	mảng kiến tạo
3	**crater** (n)	miệng núi lửa	7	**volcanic eruption** (n)	sự phun trào núi lửa
4	**form** (v)	hình thành			

- Weather & Natural Disasters

No.	New words	Meanings	No.	New words	Meanings
1	**blizzard** (n)	trận bão tuyết lớn	4	**tsunami** (n)	sóng thần
2	**tornado** (n)	vòi rồng, lốc xoáy	5	**strike** (v)	tấn công; xảy ra (động đất, thiên tai)
3	**sandstorm** (n)	bão cát			

- Descriptions & States

No.	New words	Meanings	No.	New words	Meanings
1	**grace** (n)	sự duyên dáng, sự thanh nhã	4	**noble** (adj)	cao quý, đáng kính
2	**blaze** (n/v)	- ngọn lửa lớn, đám cháy dữ dội - bùng cháy / cháy rực / rực sáng	5	**glow** (n)	ánh sáng dịu, ánh sáng mờ
3	**ripe** (adj)	chín (hoa quả); đã sẵn sàng (nghĩa bóng)	6	**dismal** (adj)	ảm đạm, tồi tệ, u ám

- Others

No.	New words	Meanings	No.	New words	Meanings
1	**cooking utensil** (n)	dụng cụ nấu ăn	4	**infographic** (n)	đồ hoạ thông tin
2	**dawn** (n)	bình minh, rạng sáng	5	**poisonous mixture** (n)	hỗn hợp độc hại
3	**carry on** (phr.v)	tiếp tục (làm gì đó)	6	**slate** (n)	đá phiến

II. CAMBRIDGE VOCABULARY

No.	New words	Meanings	No.	New words	Meanings
1	**employment** (n)	việc làm	5	**pharmacy** (n)	hiệu thuốc
2	**accountant** (n)	kế toán	6	**assistant** (n)	trợ lý / nhân viên bán hàng
3	**qualification** (n)	bằng cấp / trình độ chuyên môn	7	**passport** (n)	hộ chiếu
4	**bargain** (n)	món hời			

***Note:** *n = noun: danh từ; adj = adjective: tính từ; v = verb: động từ; phr.v = phrasal verb: cụm động từ.*

LIVEWORKSHEETS

B. CLASSWORK (15 questions)

I. Choose the correct answers.

Last year, our geography class learned about natural disasters and changes on Earth. We studied how a *(0)* _____ can destroy nearby villages and send hot (1) _____ into the air. Sometimes, an earthquake happens along a(n) (2) _____, causing serious damage to buildings. In extreme weather, a powerful storm may (3) _____ suddenly and affect many areas. Early in the morning, at (4) _____, rescue teams often (5) _____ their work despite difficult conditions.

(0) A. form	*B. blaze*	*C. volcanic eruption*	*D. grace*
(1) A. crater	B. ash	C. glow	D. slate
(2) A. tectonic plate	B. crater	C. fault line	D. infographic
(3) A. glow	B. explode	C. carry on	D. strike
(4) A. grace	B. blaze	C. dawn	D. ripe
(5) A. carry on	B. form	C. erupt	D. cook

II. Match the words/phrases with the correct definitions.

0. grace	*0- **a***	*a. simple beauty or smooth, natural movement*
1. explode	1-	b. a combination of substances that can cause harm or death
2. blizzard	2-	c. to burst or break apart violently with a loud noise
3. noble	3-	d. a type of dark grey stone; also a small board used for writing
4. slate	4-	e. having high moral qualities; honest and generous
5. poisonous mixture	5-	f. a severe snowstorm with strong winds

III. Read the text and decide if the statements are TRUE or FALSE.

The Earth is constantly changing because of natural forces. One of the most powerful events is a volcanic eruption. When a volcano begins to erupt, hot lava, gas and ash rise into the air. After an eruption, a large crater often remains at the top of the mountain.

Earthquakes usually happen along a fault line, where two tectonic plates meet. When these plates move suddenly, the ground shakes and buildings may fall. In some cases, earthquakes under the sea can cause a tsunami, sending huge waves toward the coast.

Weather can also be dangerous. A blizzard brings heavy snow and strong winds, while a tornado can destroy houses within minutes. In desert regions, a sandstorm may strike without warning, making it difficult to see or breathe.

Despite these dangers, people continue to study natural disasters. At dawn, scientists often collect data from affected areas. They create an infographic to explain how disasters form and how communities can prepare. Even in dismal conditions, rescue teams carry on their work with courage and grace. Their noble actions often bring a sense of hope, like a soft glow after a terrible blaze.

Questions:

0. *A volcanic eruption can leave a crater at the top of a volcano.* ***TRUE***
1. Earthquakes only happen on land, never under the sea. _____
2. A tsunami can be caused by movement of tectonic plates. _____
3. A tornado is a type of heavy snowstorm. _____
4. Scientists sometimes create infographics to explain natural disasters. _____
5. Rescue teams usually stop working when conditions are dismal. _____

LIVEWORKSHEETS

C. HOMEWORK

VOCABULARY & GRAMMAR (15 questions)

I. Con học thuộc nghĩa của từ, chỉnh phát âm theo từ điển và chép mỗi từ ở phần II. Cambridge Vocabulary 1 dòng vào vở ghi.

II. Choose the correct answers.

0. *When a volcano suddenly becomes active, a _____ can send lava and ash into the air.*
   A. blaze *B. tectonic plate* *C. volcanic eruption* *D. fault line*
1. After the explosion, a large _____ was left at the top of the mountain.
   A. ash B. glow C. slate D. crater
2. A _____ can create huge waves that hit the coast.
   A. tsunami B. blizzard C. sandstorm D. dawn
3. Scientists use a(n) _____ to explain how a volcanic eruption forms.
   A. blaze B. infographic C. poisonous mixture D. slate
4. Even in dismal weather conditions, rescue workers still _____ their duties.
   A. struck B. exploded C. carried on D. form
5. Just before sunrise, there was a soft orange _____ in the sky.
   A. ash B. blaze C. dawn D. glow

III. Fill in the blanks with the correct words/phrases in the box. Some words may not be used.

~~**explode**~~	**tornado**	**crater**	**noble**
tectonic plate	**ash**	**dawn**	**fault line**

Tom: Did you see the documentary about natural disasters?

Anna: Yes. It showed how a volcano can suddenly *(0)* ***explode*** without warning.

Tom: And after the eruption, a huge (1) _____ was left at the top.

Anna: The air was full of thick (2) _____, which made it hard to breathe.

Tom: I also learned that earthquakes often happen along a(n) (3) _____ where two tectonic plates meet.

Anna: That's true. And in the US, a powerful (4) _____ can destroy houses in minutes.

Tom: Despite the dismal situation, many rescue workers showed (5) _____ behaviour by helping others.

IV. Complete the sentences using the given prompts.

0. *The factory / close / suddenly / therefore / many workers / lose / their jobs*
   → ***The factory closed suddenly; therefore, many workers lost their jobs***.
1. *She / join / the company / in 2022 / and / she / work / there / since then*
   → _____.
2. Last weekend / although / the journey / be / long / they / enjoy / it
   → _____.
3. The lights / go out / when / we / have / dinner / at 8 p.m. yesterday
   → _____.
4. We / not leave / the building / until / the meeting / finish / yesterday afternoon
   → _____.
5. If / the weather / improve / tomorrow / we / go / hiking.
   → _____.

LIVEWORKSHEETS

CAMBRIDGE LISTENING PRACTICE (12 questions)

Lưu ý:

1. Khi làm bài tập có từ mới, các con phải tra từ điển. Sau khi tra từ điển, các con chép mỗi từ mới **1 dòng** để ghi nhớ.
2. Các con gạch chân các từ khoá chính trong bài.

Con làm bài nghe theo link/code sau:

I. PET Part 2 https://soundcloud.com/ms-chi-english/collins-pet-test-4-part-2

Part 2

26

Questions 8–13

For each question, choose the correct answer.

---

8 You will hear two friends talking about a trip to the theatre.
What does the woman say about it?

A The theatre offers cheaper entry to some students.

B It's not always necessary to show student ID.

C She is a part-time student.

9 You will hear two friends talking about the man's job.
The man

A is looking for work as an accountant.

B is prepared to earn less money.

C knows what qualifications he needs.

10 You will hear a husband and wife talking about breakfast.
What does the wife say?

A There isn't any cereal left.

B They need to buy bread.

C She would like to have the same drink as usual.

11 You will hear two friends talking about buying a bed.
The woman thinks the ones online

A are better quality.

B might be cheaper.

C cost less in the furniture store.

12 You will hear two friends talking about going for a walk.
What do they both agree about?

A The need to take an umbrella.

B The walk will be a healthy thing to do.

C They need to check the weather forecast.

13 You will hear two friends talking about a passport photograph.
What does the man say?

A The shop assistants are really helpful.

B The post office is open in the evening.

C The nearest machine doesn't work.

LIVEWORKSHEETS

II. Extra Listening

Con làm bài nghe theo link/code sau:
https://soundcloud.com/ms-chi-english/collins-pet-test-4-part-2

Listen to the audio again and complete the notes below. Write NO MORE THAN TWO WORDS for each answer.

8. Theatre trip

Student discount is only available for _____ students.

---

9. Job change

The man accepts that he may earn a lower _____.

---

10. Breakfast

There was no _____ left in the cupboard.

---

11. Buying a bed

The woman says he might find a _____ online.

---

12. Going for a walk

The woman says the _____ will be good for them.

---

13. Passport photograph

The machine in the pharmacy is _____ order.

LIVEWORKSHEETS

Tên: ……...
Lớp: S6…

StarLink

Mã đề: Star
Điểm: ……

UNIT TEST
(20 MINUTES)

I. Circle the correct answers.

1. When a volcano _____, hot lava and ash come out.
   A. forms B. explodes C. glows D. strikes
2. A _____ is a powerful storm with very strong winds that spin around.
   A. blizzard B. tsunami C. tornado D. sandstorm
3. The Earth's surface is divided into large pieces called _____.
   A. craters B. tectonic plates C. fault lines D. slates
4. The sky looked dark and the weather was _____ all day.
   A. noble B. ripe C. dismal D. graceful
5. At _____, the sky slowly becomes light before sunrise.
   A. dawn B. blaze C. ash D. strike

II. Match to make meaningful sentences.

1. If you study hard,	1-	a. when the lights went out.
2. The road was closed;	2-	b. you will pass the exam.
3. She stayed at home	3-	c. therefore, we had to take another route.
4. He bought some fruit	4-	d. because she felt sick.
5. We were having dinner	5-	e. and made a healthy smoothie.

III. Complete the sentences with the correct forms of the verbs in brackets.

1. I _____ **(walk)** home when I suddenly _____ **(see)** an accident.
2. While they _____ **(prepare)** dinner, the lights _____ **(go)** out.
3. She _____ **(not listen)** to the teacher when he _____ **(ask)** her a question.
4. _____ you _____ **(use)** the computer when I _____ **(call)** you last night?

LIVEWORKSHEETS

5. The children _____ **(play)** in the garden when it suddenly _____ **(start)** to rain.

IV. Fill in the blanks with the correct words/phrases in the box. Use each word only ONCE.

sandstorm	**cooking utensil**	**tsunami**	**grace**	**blizzard**

Last year, a powerful (1) _____ struck the coastal town after a strong earthquake. In another region, a terrible (2) _____ covered the roads with snow, making travel impossible. Meanwhile, in the desert, a sudden (3) _____ reduced visibility to almost zero. Despite these disasters, the rescue workers moved with courage and (4) _____. Volunteers prepared hot meals using every available (5) _____ in the emergency shelters.

Lưu ý: *Với những từ con không nhớ và viết sai, con chép từ đó vào vở 1 dòng.*

LIVEWORKSHEETS