

I. Match the definitions with the words/phrases:

1. To consider something carefully when making a decision.
2. To fully enjoy or use a situation or opportunity.
3. To remind yourself of something important.
4. Extremely large levels of production, especially in agriculture.
5. To make a loud, rapid knocking or shaking sound.
6. A scientist who specialises in crop production and soil management.
7. Something that is mysterious or difficult to understand.
8. To remain calm and not rush.
9. A person or thing responsible for causing a problem.
10. To accept a bad experience as a learning opportunity.
11. To produce copies or offspring.
12. A danger or threat.
13. Organisms such as bacteria or viruses that cause disease.
14. Flexible, quick, and able to move easily.
15. Safe places that provide protection.
16. To strengthen or support something.
17. In the end or over a long period of time.
18. Substitute or replacement organisms or people.
19. To greatly impress or amaze someone, especially by beauty.
20. The area surrounding a particular place.
21. To enjoy something eagerly and with great pleasure.

Words / Phrases

- A. make the most of
- B. bear in mind
- C. take your breath away
- D. put it down to experience
- E. take into account
- F. take your time
- G. in the long run
- H. reproduce
- I. rattle
- J. nimble
- K. lap up
- L. mega-yields
- M. menace
- N. pathogens
- O. vicinity
- P. havens
- Q. bolster
- R. surrogates
- S. culprit
- T. enigma
- U. agronomist

II. Complete the text with the suitable words/phrases in the box:

make the most of – bear in mind – take your breath away – put it down to experience –
take into account – take your time – in the long run – reproduce – rattle – nimble – lap up
– mega-yields – menace – surrogates – pathogens – vicinity – havens – bolster –
surrogates – culprit – enigma – agronomist

When travelling to rural areas, it is important to (1) _____ the natural beauty around you and (2) _____ that these environments are often fragile. The landscape can (3) _____ with its stunning views, but visitors should always (4) _____ local customs and environmental regulations.

In agricultural regions, an (5) _____ plays a key role in helping farmers increase productivity. While modern technology can lead to (6) _____, it may also create a (7) _____ to biodiversity by encouraging the spread of harmful (8) _____. These microorganisms can easily (9) _____ in warm and humid conditions.

Wildlife reserves are often created as safe (10) _____ for animals living in the (11) _____ of expanding cities. Some species are extremely (12) _____, able to escape danger quickly, while others may (13) _____ in fear when threatened.

Scientists sometimes use animals as (14) _____ in experiments to better understand diseases. However, the real (15) _____ of environmental damage remains an (16) _____ in many cases. Governments aim to (17) _____ conservation efforts, believing that such measures will be beneficial (18) _____.

If a project fails, it is best to (19) _____ and learn from mistakes. Success takes time, so (20) _____ and remember that people who (21) _____ positive feedback are often more motivated to continue. `