

Unit 9 WORLD ENGLISHES

A Pronunciation

1 Put the words into the correct columns according to their stress pattern.

security
donation
unity

animation
gravity
equality

vacation
interaction
activity

combination
purity
opinion

oOo	ooOo	Ooo	oOoo

2 Choose the word A, B, C, or D which has a different stress pattern.

- | | | | |
|---------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|
| 1. A. collection | B. energy | C. finally | D. equity |
| 2. A. bilingual | B. concentric | C. connection | D. entity |
| 3. A. aggression | B. medical | C. rarity | D. confident |
| 4. A. information | B. administer | C. facility | D. theoretical |
| 5. A. photographic | B. majority | C. economic | D. affirmation |

B Vocabulary & Grammar

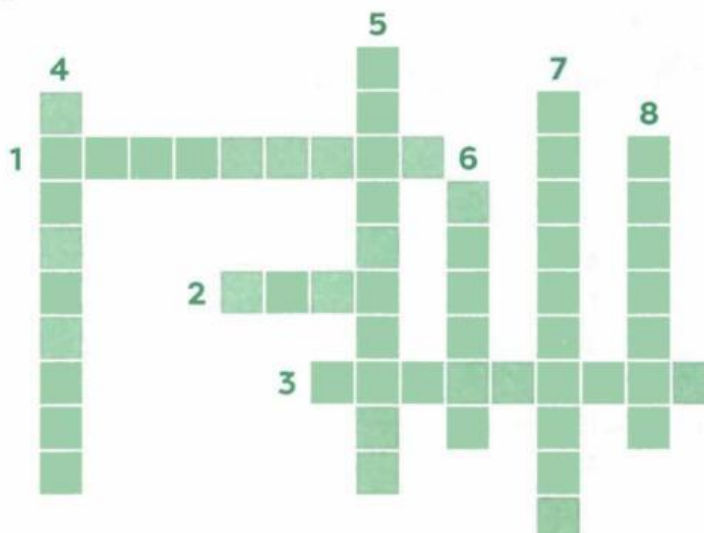
1 Solve the crossword puzzle.

Across:

- a person who has come to live permanently in a different country from the one they were born in
- represent something
- express the meaning of speech or writing in a different language

Down:

- able to use two languages equally well
- having the same centre
- able to speak a language easily, well, and quickly
- all the words in a particular language
- a type of a thing which is different from the others in the same group



2 Choose A, B, C, or D to complete each of the following sentences.

1. Can you help me to translate this English phrasal verb _____ Vietnamese?
A. over B. in C. into D. up
2. The teacher asked his students to copy the new words _____ their notebooks.
A. over B. on C. up D. into
3. She didn't take any English classes, but she still spoke English well. She _____ up the language from other workers.
A. copied B. picked C. looked D. went
4. Before any exam, I usually _____ over the grammatical points I have learnt.
A. look B. pick C. go D. copy
5. When I started learning English, my mother taught me how to _____ up new words in the dictionary.
A. look B. pick C. go D. copy

3 Complete each sentence with a word or phrase from the box. Change the form of the word or phrase when necessary. There is one extra word or phrase.

official language	first language	exchange student	variety
bilingual	fluent	concentric	

1. As a(n) _____, she tried to introduce her country's traditions and customs to foreign friends.
2. English and French are two _____ in Canada.
3. Being _____ in English is one requirement of the job.
4. There are many different _____ of the English language spoken around the world.
5. Although he lives in France, his _____ is Vietnamese, not French.
6. The five circles have a common centre. In other words, they are _____.

4 Choose A, B, C, or D to complete each of the following sentences.

1. The new film is about a boy _____ can speak several languages.
A. who B. which C. whose D. what
2. Lan is a student _____ English vocabulary is the strongest in our class.
A. who B. which C. whose D. what
3. The English-English dictionary _____ I bought at this store a few days ago is expensive.
A. who B. which C. when D. whose
4. That's the writer _____ historical fiction I recommended.
A. who B. which C. where D. whose
5. Nigeria is a country _____ is one of the largest English-speaking countries in the world.
A. who B. which C. where D. whose
6. That's the man _____ I spoke to at the English Teaching Conference the other day.
A. who B. when C. which D. whose

1 Choose the correct answer A, B, C, or D to complete a passage about the reasons why some people find learning English difficult.

Some people find it really difficult to learn English, and here are some of the reasons. Firstly, English has one of the biggest vocabularies (1) _____ all languages. Therefore, it is very hard for English learners to remember all the words and phrases as well as use them (2) _____ in different contexts. Secondly, English grammar is complex. For example, there are twelve basic tenses in English. This (3) _____ learners confused when they have to use the tenses correctly in different sentences. (4) _____ grammatical points, such as prepositions, reported speech, and the passive voice are not any less challenging. Thirdly, a lot of learners find English pronunciation very (5) _____. Words which have the same combination of letters may be (6) _____ differently. For instance, the 'ou' in 'rough' is not pronounced the same as that in 'through'. Another problem is sentence stress. Stress (7) _____ we put on different words may lead to the difference in meaning. In general, English vocabulary, grammar, and pronunciation may (8) _____ learning it not an easy task.



- | | | | |
|---------------|---------------|----------------|--------------|
| 1. A. of | B. in | C. on | D. for |
| 2. A. correct | B. corrective | C. incorrectly | D. correctly |
| 3. A. gets | B. gives | C. makes | D. allows |
| 4. A. Another | B. Other | C. Others | D. The other |
| 5. A. confuse | B. confused | C. confusing | D. confusion |
| 6. A. written | B. pronounced | C. said | D. read |
| 7. A. who | B. whose | C. the | D. Ø |
| 8. A. make | B. get | C. let | D. bring |

2 Fill in each blank with a suitable word from the box to complete a passage about the differences in British English and American English.

spelling differ these petrol ending varieties like while

British English and American English (1) _____ in some ways. The most remarkable difference between the two (2) _____ is vocabulary. British people call the place where people take their car to buy (3) _____ or oil a petrol station. However, Americans call it a gas station. The British live in flats (4) _____ the Americans live in apartments. Another difference between these two varieties of English is the (5) _____. There are hundreds of minor differences of this type. Some words (6) _____ *humour*, *flavour* or *neighbour* exist in British English while in American English these words are written without 'u' before 'r'. Besides, verbs (7) _____ in -se in British English are written with the ending -ze in American English. Some of (8) _____ verbs are *analyse* - *analyze*, *organise* - *organize*, and *minimise* - *minimize*.

Choose the correct sentence A, B, C, or D which best combines each pair of sentences.

1. Singapore is a multilingual country. It has four official languages.
 - A. Singapore is a multilingual country which have four official languages.
 - B. Singapore is a multilingual country has four official languages.
 - C. Singapore is a multilingual country which has four official languages.
 - D. Singapore is a multilingual country have four official languages.
2. It is an Expanding Circle country. Its people speak English as a foreign language.
 - A. It is an Expanding Circle country whose people speak English as a foreign language.
 - B. It is an Expanding Circle country which people speak English as a foreign language.
 - C. It is an Expanding Circle country who speak English as a foreign language.
 - D. It is an Expanding Circle country whose people speaks English as a foreign language.
3. Vietnamese people use English to communicate with foreigners. Foreigners come to Viet Nam to work, study, or visit.
 - A. Vietnamese people use English to communicate with foreigners they come to Viet Nam to work, study, or visit.
 - B. Vietnamese people use English to communicate with foreigners come to Viet Nam to work, study, or visit.
 - C. Vietnamese people use English to communicate with foreigners which come to Viet Nam to work, study, or visit.
 - D. Vietnamese people use English to communicate with foreigners who come to Viet Nam to work, study, or visit.
4. English is now the most popular language. A lot of people learn it.
 - A. English is now the most popular language a lot of people learn it.
 - B. English is now the most popular language a lot of people learn.
 - C. English is now the most popular language which a lot of people learn it.
 - D. English is now the most popular language which lot of people learn.
5. English is a compulsory subject from Grade 3 to Grade 12. Most Vietnamese schools teach it.
 - A. English is a compulsory subject from Grade 3 to Grade 12 most Vietnamese schools teach it.
 - B. English is a compulsory subject from Grade 3 to Grade 12 which most Vietnamese schools teach it.
 - C. English is a compulsory subject from Grade 3 to Grade 12 which most Vietnamese schools teaching.
 - D. English is a compulsory subject from Grade 3 to Grade 12 which most Vietnamese schools teach.