

# Text Organizers

## SEQUENCE

- first
- second
- afterwards
- then
- next
- finally

## EXAMPLE

- that is
- for instance
- in other words
- for example
- such as

## COMPARISON

- likewise
- similarly
- in the same way
- in like manner

## EMPHASIS

- in fact
- indeed
- as a matter-of-fact
- actually

## PURPOSE

- to
- in order to
- so that ( + modal)

## ADDITION

- and
- also
- not only ... but also
- both ... and
- either ... or
- neither ... nor
- besides
- too
- as well as

## TIME

- when
- while
- as soon as
- since
- until /till
- whenever
- as
- after
- before

## CONDITIONAL

- if
- unless

## REASON

- because
- so
- as
- consequently
- as a result
- therefore
- since
- due to

## CONTRAST

- but
- however
- although /though / even though
- despite /in spite of
- on the one hand .... on the other hand
- yet
- while / whereas
- nevertheless

## CONCLUSION

- in summary
- to sum up
- finally
- in conclusion
- in short

Indicate which kind of connector is presented in the following sentences. Follow the example.

1. It rained a lot but he went to the cinema all the same.	<b><u>CONTRAST</u></b>
2. I won't go to the cinema since it's raining a lot.	
3. I haven't seen Mary since I went to the cinema.	
4. When I saw Mary she was at the cinema.	
5. If you go to the cinema, call Mary.	
6. I go to the cinema to relax.	

**JOIN THE TWO SENTENCES WITH A SUITABLE CONNECTOR. YOU CAN WRITE MORE THAN ONE SENTENCE AND YOU MAY HAVE TO CHANGE THE SENTENCES.**

**A. CONTRAST**

1. He wanted to read the newspaper. He watched TV.

-----  
-----

2. Nelson was very ill. He didn't go to the doctor.

-----  
-----

3. Kate is allergic to chocolate. She ate a bit.

**B. PURPOSE**

1. The news arrive our homes. We are well informed.

-----  
-----

2. They study foreign languages. They speak with their foreign friends.

-----  
-----

3. Tom reads a lot. He writes perfectly.

-----  
-----

**C. REASON / CAUSE**

1. Reporters invade people's lives. People don't trust the press.

-----  
-----

2. Peter went to the doctor. He wasn't feeling well.

-----  
-----

3. Anne cried a lot. Her dog died.

#### **D. CONDITION**

1. She has not made up her mind yet. She doesn't know if she wants to go to university or not.  
-----  
-----
2. I'll go to the party. The only condition is that he asks me.  
-----  
-----
3. Maria will go to England. There's one condition though – her parents let her.  
-----  
-----

#### **E. TIME**

1. They arrived home. Their parents were listening to the radio.  
-----  
-----
2. They arrived at the cinema. The film had already begun.  
-----  
-----
3. The pupils answered the test right away. They received the test.