

PRACTICE TEST 3

Mark the letter to indicate the word whose underlined part differs from the other three in pronunciation

Question 1. A. casual B. baggy C. label D. access
Question 2. A. healthy B. gather C. leather D. although

Mark the letter to indicate the word that differs from the other three in the position of primary stress

Question 3. A. solar B. humour C. erupt D. capture
Question 4. A. interactive B. entertainment C. innovation D. infrastructure

Mark the letter to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions.

Question 5. Thomas: "Dad, do you mind if I turn on the TV?" Dad: "....."
A. No problem, go ahead. B. Yes, definitely.
C. No, I'm not. D. That's alright.

Question 6. Getting to the doctor can be in some rural areas. People have to drive a long way to the closest hospital.
A. comfortable B. inconvenient C. unhealthy D. efficient

Question 7. Every summer, I look to spending some time with my grandparents on their farm.
A. forward B. up C. after D. on

Question 8. You should eating too much fast food as it can lead to obesity.
A. prevent B. deny C. avoid D. insist

Question 9. Life in the countryside is more peaceful but also cheaper than in the city.
A. not only B. both C. either D. as

Question 10. The city is replacing all of the old water pipes in the neighbourhood because they are full of
A. breaks B. snaps C. cracks D. gaps

Question 11. By learning English, you can get to a wider educational and career opportunities.
A. information B. access C. knowledge D. aspect

Question 12. In the past, some volcano had the power to destroy whole cities and change global climate.
A. movements B. eruptions C. appearances D. actions

Mark the letter to indicate the word CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined words

Question 13: These documents will supply you with all of the information that you require to compose your report.

A. provide B. assist C. reserve D. transfer

Mark the letter to indicate the word OPPOSITE in meaning to the underlined word.

Question 14: Most young professionals in the nation's capital are transplants from smaller provincial cities.

A. authority B. minority C. seniority D. priority

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the best arrangement of the sentences to make a meaningful dialogue in each of the following questions.

Question 15.

c. Tom: Hey, An! Thanks! I've been dressing up for work more often. How about you?
b. An: I've started a new skincare routine!

a. An: Hi, Tom! Great to see you again. You look sharp!

A. c-a-b B. b-c-a C. c-b-a D. a-c-b

Question 16:

a. Hi, Jessica. I'm so excited as I've never met a talking robot before. Let's have a photo taken together!

b. Sure!

c. Hello, class. Please meet Jessica. She's a human-like robot and will be your guide today.

d. Jessica: Good morning, everybody. Welcome to the New Tech Centre.

A. a-b-c-d B. b-a-d-c C. c-d - a-b D. b-c-a-d

Question 17. a. Kate: I'm starting with landscapes, but I want to try portraits eventually.

b. Kate: I've decided to take up painting as a hobby.

c. Anna: That sounds like a lot of fun!

d. Kate: Yeah, it helps me relax after work.

e. Anna: What kind of painting are you doing?

A. a-c-e-b-d B. b-c-d-e-a C. a-d-c-e-b D. a-b-d-c-e

Read the following announcement and mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct option that best fits each numbered blank from 18 to 20.

COMPUTER CLUB

Do you like computers?

Are you (18) programming?

Then come to our computer club!

We meet every Monday in the computer lab after school from 3.30. We do (19), we learn to use software and we play games online too. It's (20) great fun! Don't wait! Come to join our club! Or visit our website for more information.

Question 18. A. interested in B. bored with C. fed up with D. annoyed with

Question 19. A. programme B. programming C. to programme D. programmed

Question 20. A. an B. a C. the D. *no article*

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct word/phrase that completes each blank.

People who own dogs consider them as members of the family. Dogs are (21) for their loyalty and strong sense of (22) Besides the police, many hospitals and homes also use dogs in their treatment programmes and have been successful in their (23) Children recover from illnesses faster, and elderly people feel less depressed or helpless after playing with dogs. Dogs are also very much needed by the blind.

(24), owning a dog is no easy task. It needs your constant (25) and affection. Besides feeding and bathing, a dog needs daily exercises and playtime too. It also needs to go for regular check-ups at the animal clinic. For young dogs, you need to put in time for training.

Before buying a dog, you need to sit down and ask yourself some questions. Do you have enough room and time for it? What is the main reason for buying a dog? When you travel, who will care for it during your absence? Owning a dog is a long-term commitment.

Question 21: A. known	B. made	C. brought	D. taken
Question 22: A. happiness	B. darkness	C. alertness	D. weakness
Question 23: A. introduction	B. meditation	C. condition	D. implementation
Question 24: A. However	B. Because	C. Therefore	D. Moreover
Question 25: A. production	B. attention	C. imagination	D. sanitation

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions from 26 to 31.

On 11th March 2011, northeastern Japan experienced the strongest earthquake in its recorded history. It measured 9.0 on the Richter scale and strong shaking could be felt several hundred kilometers away. Soon after that, the coastline was hit by a devastating tsunami, which produced waves up to 40 meters high. It destroyed dozens of towns close to the sea and also carried boats, cars and even planes many miles inland. The earthquake also damaged a nuclear power plant. **Toxic** radioactive materials were released into the environment and thousands of people were forced to leave their homes. At least 18,000 people died in the disaster and more than 450,000 were left with no home after the tsunami. As soon as the disaster happened, donations and assistance were sent to Japan from around the world. Today, the region has made incredible progress not just in returning to its pre-quake status, but in going beyond, looking to the future and outward to the world.

Question 26. The passage is mainly about

A. how a tsunami can happen in Japan	B. a terrible disaster in Japan in 2011
C. the number of deaths in natural disasters in Japan	D. how Japan has improved since 2011

Question 27. The earthquake

A. came after a huge tsunami	B. forced thousands of people to leave Japan
C. caused a nuclear accident	D. caused loss of life and property throughout Japan

Question 28. What happened to the nuclear power plant?

A. It was evacuated.	B. It was unaffected.	C. It was damaged.	D. It was completely destroyed.
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Question 29. What was the global reaction to the disaster?

A. No response	B. People celebrated
C. Countries closed their borders	D. Donations and assistance were sent

Question 30. What was a significant long-term effect of the disaster on the population?

A. Increased job opportunities	B. Thousands were displaced from their homes
C. A rise in tourism	D. A decrease in international aid

Question 31. What is the CLOSEST meaning of "**toxic**" as used in the passage?

A. safe	B. poisonous	C. beneficial	D. natural
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Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the best arrangement of the sentences to make a meaningful paragraph in the following question.

Question 32. a. Having a daily routine really keeps me organized.

- b. I start my day with a short meditation session followed by a healthy breakfast.
- c. Then, I plan out my tasks and set aside time for each.
- d. This helps me stay productive throughout the day without feeling overwhelmed.
- e. In the end, I feel much more accomplished and balanced.

A. a-c-b-d-e	B. a-b-c-d-e	C. b-c-a-e-d	D. a-d-c-b-e
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Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the part that is incorrect in each of the sentences.

Question 33: As soon as I will get my exam results, I'm going to visit my uncle in the countryside.

A. will get B. exam results C. to visit D. the countryside

Question 34: Lack of sanitation in restaurants are a major cause of diseases in some areas of the country.

A. of sanitation B. are C. cause of D. some

Question 35: What is the higher mountain in the world?

A. What B. is C. higher D. in

Mark the letter to indicate the sentence that is closest in meaning to the given one.

Question 36. *I won't finish my assignment by the deadline without your help.*

A. Unless you help me, I won't finish my assignment by the deadline.
B. I will complete my assignment soon, with or without your help.
C. Unless you don't help me, I won't finish my assignment by the deadline.
D. I will not finish my assignment with your help.

Question 37. *Crisps are not as healthy as fresh fruits and vegetables.*

A. Crisps are healthier than fresh fruits and vegetables.
B. Crisps and fresh fruits are equally healthy.
C. Fresh fruits and vegetables are less healthy than crisps.
D. Fresh fruits and vegetables are healthier than crisps.

Question 38. *His good exam result gave us no surprise.*

A. He did well in the exam, which made us surprised.
B. We were not surprised at his good exam result.
C. We were surprised at his good exam result.
D. We thought he had got better exam result.

Mark the letter to indicate the sentence that best combines the two given ones.

Question 39. *The man wanted to get some fresh air in the room. He opened the window.*

A. The man opened the window in order to get some fresh air in the room.
B. The man wanted to get some fresh air in the room because he opened the window.
C. Having opened the window, the room could get some fresh air.
D. The man got some fresh air in the room, even though he opened the window.

Question 40. *Mr. Smith is very interested in our plan. I spoke to him on the phone last night.*

A. Mr. Smith, to whom I spoke on the phone last night, is very interested in our plan.
B. Mr. Smith, who is very interested in our plan, I spoke to on the phone last night.
C. Mr. Smith, who I spoke on the phone last night, is very interested in our plan.
D. Mr. Smith is very interested in our plan to whom I spoke on the phone last night.