

<p align="center"><b>SUPER STAR CENTER</b>  <b>FIRST TERM TEST – Dec 2025</b>  <b>GRADE 8 – UNIT 1-6</b></p>	<p><b>NAME:</b> .....</p> <p><b>CLASS:</b> .....</p> <p><b>Time allotted: 45 minutes</b></p>
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**I. Mark the word whose underlined part differs from the three in pronunciation**

1. A. ancessor      B. average      C. alive      D. ash
2. A. chemistry      B. character      C. technique      D. champagne

**II. Mark the word which differs in the position of the primary stress**

3. A. gather      B. unique      C. statue      D. costume
4. A. communal      B. tradition      C. overlook      D. nomadic

**III. Mark the correct answer to each of the following questions.**

5. Among 54 ethnic \_\_\_\_\_ in Viet Nam, the Kinh is the largest.  
A. groups      B. features      C. ancestors      D. areas
6. Traditional costumes \_\_\_\_\_ an important role in the cultural identity of ethnic minority groups in Viet Nam.  
A. run      B. play      C. do      D. make
7. During the festival, they fly many \_\_\_\_\_ kites in different shapes and sizes.  
A. colour      B. colourless      C. colourful      D. colouring
8. He \_\_\_\_\_ to Ha Noi ten days ago.  
A. has gone      B. went      C. was going      D. goes
9. Ally tries to overcome the \_\_\_\_\_ from her family by studying hard to get the best results.  
A. media      B. teamwork      C. website      D. pressure
10. \_\_\_\_\_ such as kumquat trees, peach blossoms, and apricot flowers are popular at Tet.  
A. Blooming flower      B. Vegetables      C. Ornamental trees      D. Festivals
11. How \_\_\_\_\_ orange juice have you had today?  
A. many      B. little      C. much      D. long
12. Traditional houses in ethnic minority communities are often made \_\_\_\_\_ natural materials such as bamboo, wood, and thatch.  
A. from      B. for      C. out      D. of
13. \_\_\_\_\_ you sometimes \_\_\_\_\_ out with friends?  
A. Are/going      B. Do/go      C. Have/gone      D. Did/go
14. I'm looking forward \_\_\_\_\_ my grandparents this weekend.  
A. visit      B. to visiting      C. visiting      D. to visit
15. Andrew and Alex are doing homework together.  
Andrew: "I don't understand this maths exercise." - Alex: "\_\_\_\_\_."  
A. I understand it better than you.      B. Perhaps you should ask our teacher.  
C. Let's do it first.      D. I agree.
16. Villagers drive \_\_\_\_\_ on country roads than city dwellers do because there is less traffic.  
A. easilier      B. more easily      C. more easy      D. easier

17. "We don't sweep the floor on the first day of Tet". ~ "\_\_\_\_\_. Why? "

- A. Spot on.                      B. What a nice day!                      C. You are kidding                      D. You are right.

18. The doctor says my brother will become overweight if he \_\_\_\_ his diet.

- A. changes                      B. changed                      C. didn't change                      D. doesn't change

**IV. Choose the word or phrase that best fits each other numbered blanks.**

*Quan ho* is (19) \_\_\_\_\_, which is often performed in spring festivals in the north of Viet Nam. It was first recorded in the 13th century in Bac Ninh province. It features (20) \_\_\_\_\_ lyrics, folk beauty of music and the way it is performed. The songs are performed as alternating verses (21) \_\_\_\_\_ two women from one village who sing in harmony, and two men from another village who respond with similar melodies, but with (22) \_\_\_\_\_ lyrics. Most of the song lyrics (23) \_\_\_\_\_ topics related to love and village life. Traditionally, the women wear large round hats called *non quai thao* and scarves, while the men's (24) \_\_\_\_\_ include turbans, umbrellas and tunics.

19. A. a type of music folk

B. a music of folk type

C. folk music of type

D. a type of folk music

20. A. meaningful

B. meaningless

C. mean

D. meaning

21. A. between

B. in front of

C. around

D. within

22. A. similar

B. difficult

C. the same

D. different

23. A. chase away

B. focus on

C. pick up

D. take part in

24. A. hobbies

B. activities

C. costumes

D. instruments

**25. Put the sentences (a-d) in the correct order, then fill in the blank to make a logical text.**

School club activities are important to both the physical and mental development of children.

a. Moreover, children mix with friends in a new environment.

b. When working together, they also become more confident and learn many essential skills

c. In sports clubs, kids play sports regularly and they improve their physical health.

d. where they can learn, share and appreciate each other.

A. c-a-d-b

B. c-d-a-b

C. a-c-d-b

D. b-c-d-a

**26. Choose the sentence that can end the text in Question 25**

A. However, students should concentrate on their studying

B. Therefore, they can learn research and leadership skills.

C. Therefore, schools should encourage students to take part in those activities.

D. Therefore, many students may become too busy and can't finish their schoolwork.

**27. Put the sentences (a-c) in the correct order, then fill in the blank to make a logical text.**

Last month, I had a trip to a village of the Nung people with my family. Everything was wonderful. \_\_\_\_\_

a. They showed us their traditions and shared stories about their culture.

b. The people there wore beautiful, colorful clothes and were very friendly.

c. We also tried some local food, which was different but delicious.



- A. b-c-a      B. a-b-c      C. c-b-a      D. b-a-c

**Mark the sentence that is closest in meaning to each of the following questions.**

28. If he doesn't speak English well, he can't take part in this English contest.

- A. Unless he doesn't speak English well, he can't take part in this English contest.  
 B. Unless he speak English well, he can't take part in this English contest.  
 C. Unless he speaks English well, he can't take part in this English contest.  
 D. Unless he doesn't speaks English well, he can take part in this English contest.

29. It is really interesting for him to talk with his music teacher about jazz.

- A. He fancies to talk with his music teacher about jazz.  
 B. He fancies talking with his music teacher about jazz.  
 C. He doesn't like talking with his music teacher about jazz.  
 D. He isn't into talking with his music teacher about jazz.

30. **Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that is made from the given cues in each of the following question.**

Who/ Carol and Bill / visit/ last Sundays?

- A. Who do Carol and Bill visit last Sunday?      B. Who were Carol and Bill visit last Sunday?  
 C. Who did Carol and Bill visit last Sunday?      D. Who did Carol and Bill visited last Sunday?

31. He / learn / English/ quickly / if / he / practice / frequently.

- A. He will learn English quickly if he practices frequently.  
 B. He won't learn English quickly if he practices frequently.  
 C. He learns English quickly if he will practice frequently.  
 D. He will learn English quickly if he doesn't practice frequently.

32. What does the sign say?



- A. Dogs are welcome everywhere and can go anywhere  
 B. Dogs are not allowed to enter or be in this area.  
 C. You may bring dogs here if they are on a leash.  
 D. Only small dogs are allowed in this area.

33. What does the message mean?

From: Mrs. Hoskins

To: All students

Before the end of term, please return all books you have borrowed from the library, or see someone at the desk if you want to have them for the summer holiday.

A. If there are library books you want, borrow them after the end of term.

B. You must take back all the library books you've got before the end of term.

C. To keep any library books for holiday reading, you don't need to ask for any permission.

D. You can keep the books from the library until you finish your summer holiday.

**V. Read and choose the correct answer to each of the following questions.**

Life in the big city is face-paced, fun and exciting. There are countless job opportunities and activities to occupy your time. However, with the good, there also comes the bad. Although the big city has more job opportunities; there are also more people competing for a single job. This can make your job search frustrating. In addition, the cost of living is typically higher in big cities, and it can **cost you an arm and a leg** for a small apartment in a decent area of the city, not to mention other costs to fulfill your basic demands. Moreover, there will always be crowds and always be people around. Therefore, traffic can be a nightmare in the big city. If you hate driving in traffic, then the big city life is not for you. Heavy traffic also contributes to pollution, which is one of the biggest **disadvantages** of living in the city. Obviously, our health is affected most by certain diseases relating to the respiratory system and other body parts. A lot of premature deaths are supposed to be the result of long-term exposure to small particles. Most importantly, there is always more crime in a big city, causing you second case your decision for living in a big city. You are much more likely to be a victim of a crime living in a big city than in a small town.

34. What is the main idea of the passage?

- A. Living in a big city is fun and exciting.
- B. It is good to avoid living in big cities.
- C. People who live in big cities are often healthier.
- D. Living in a big city has both advantages and disadvantages.

35. What does the phrase “**cost an arm and a leg**” mean?

- A. your legs and arms have good value
- B. cost a small amount of money
- C. you must work hard to earn money
- D. cost a lot of money

36. According to the paragraph, city is not a perfect place for \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. crime
- B. rich people
- C. people who hate driving in traffic
- D. people who prefer a busy life

37. What is the **OPPOSITE** meaning of “**disadvantages**” in the context of the passage?

- A. drawbacks
- B. difficulties
- C. limitations
- D. benefits

**VI. Complete the second sentence so that it has the same meaning as the first one.**

38. He likes to hang out with his friends on Sundays.

→ He is keen \_\_\_\_\_

39. She is old. She can't go to supermarket by herself. (too....)

→ She is \_\_\_\_\_.

40. My English isn't as good as yours.

→ Your English \_\_\_\_\_