PH – 1

REPORT TEXT

Full Name : _____

Class : _____

Date of Time : _____

Prambanan Temple

Prambanan Temple, located in Central Java, Indonesia, is a Hindu temple complex dating back to the 9th century. Recognized as one of the most significant cultural and architectural masterpieces in Southeast Asia, Prambanan stands as a testament to the rich history and artistic achievements of the region.

Constructed during the Mataram Kingdom era, Prambanan was built as a dedication to the Trimurti, the Hindu trinity of Brahma, Vishnu, and Shiva. The temple complex served as a center for spiritual and cultural activities, reflecting the influence of Hinduism in the region during that period.

Prambanan is renowned for its intricate and towering architecture. The main temple is dedicated to Shiva and rises to a height of 47 meters, adorned with detailed reliefs depicting episodes from Hindu epics, such as the Ramayana. The temple complex also includes smaller shrines dedicated to other deities and mythical creatures.

The central and tallest temple in the complex, Candi Shiva, stands as a pinnacle of Javanese temple architecture. The main chamber houses a large statue of Shiva, reflecting the god's role as the destroyer and transformer in Hindu cosmology.

Prambanan Temple is a symbol of Indonesia's cultural diversity and historical legacy. Its intricate carvings and sculptures not only depict religious narratives but also provide insights into Javanese art and mythology. The site attracts both religious pilgrims and tourists, contributing to the preservation and appreciation of Indonesia's cultural heritage.

Over the years, Prambanan has faced challenges such as earthquakes and volcanic activity. Substantial restoration efforts have been undertaken to preserve the temple complex. These efforts, led by Indonesian authorities and international organizations, aim to safeguard Prambanan for future generations.

LIVEWORKSHEETS

In 1991, Prambanan Temple was designated as a UNESCO World Heritage site, recognizing its outstanding cultural and historical significance. This designation has increased global awareness of Prambanan and facilitated international cooperation in its preservation.

In conclusion, Prambanan Temple stands as a magnificent testament to Indonesia's rich cultural and religious history. Its architectural grandeur, historical importance, and ongoing preservation efforts make it a must-visit destination, offering a glimpse into the artistic and spiritual achievements of ancient Java.

1. Where is Prambanan Temple located?

A) West Java, Indonesia

B) Central Java, Indonesia

C) East Java, Indonesia

D) Sumatra, Indonesia

2. What is Prambanan Temple dedicated to?

A) Brahma

B) Vishnu

C) Shiva

D) The Trimurti (Brahma, Vishnu, and Shiva)

3. What is the height of the main temple in Prambanan Temple?

A) 30 meters

B) 47 meters

C) 50 meters

D) 60 meters

4. What is depicted in the reliefs of Prambanan Temple?

A) Episodes from the Ramayana

B) Episodes from the Mahabharata

C) Javanese folklore

D) Indonesian history

LIVEWORKSHEETS

5. What is the central and tallest temple in Prambanan Temple complex?

A) Candi Brahma

B) Candi Vishnu

C) Candi Shiva

D) Candi Buddha

6. What is Prambanan Temple a symbol of?

A) Indonesia's cultural diversity

B) Indonesia's historical legacy

C) Javanese art and mythology

D) All of the above

7. What challenges has Prambanan Temple faced over the years?

A) Earthquakes

B) Volcanic activity

C) Human destruction

D) Both A and B

8. When was Prambanan Temple designated as a UNESCO World Heritage site?

A) 1981

B) 1991

C) 2001

D) 2011

9. What is the result of Prambanan Temple's designation as a UNESCO World Heritage site?

A) Increased global awareness of Prambanan

B) Increased tourism to Prambanan

C) Improved preservation efforts

D) All of the above

LIVEWORKSHEETS

10. Why is Prambanan Temple a must-visit destination?

A) Its architectural grandeur

B) Its historical importance

C) Its ongoing preservation efforts

D) All of the above

LIVEWORKSHEETS