

Name:

Grade 9 – HKI – 10

I. Circle the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the word whose underlined part differs from the other three in pronunciation in each of the following questions.

1. A. sandwich B. highway C. wrap D. mapping
2. A. misses B. watches C. writes D. practices
3. A. chemistry B. school C. church D. character

II. Circle the word which has a different stress pattern in each line. (0.4 pt)

1. A. promise B. promote C. replace D. explore
2. A. amazing B. relaxing C. exciting D. interesting

III. Circle the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions. (2.0 pts)

1. In keeping with, we cook five-colour sticky rice on the first day of a lunar month.
A. habit B. tradition C. ritual D. practice
2. Nam and his friends felt when they couldn't put up a tent by themselves.
A. pleasant B. embarrassing C. embarrassed D. pleased
3. When we went to Sydney, we only had a couple of hours to look
A. out B. down C. back D. around
4. My neighbor asked me to use the dishwasher.
A. how B. what C. where D. why
5. Nam's father was very tired, he helped him with the homework.
A. Because B. Although C. However D. Therefore
6. I didn't understand the lesson. I learnt it
A. on purpose B. by chance C. with memory D. by rote
7. Tom had eco-tour of Langbiang Mountain.
A. a B. the C. an D. Ø (no article)
8. His mind when I asked him how to do the homework.
A. went blank B. went empty C. became exhausted
D. put up
9. The the street is; the less I like it.
A. busiest B. busier C. more busy D. busy

10. **Teacher:** Can you write about your trip last week?

Student:

A. No, I don't think so, teacher.

B. That's not a good idea, teacher.

C. Yes, teacher. How much time do we have?

D. I know this is hard on you.

**IV. Write the correct form of the words in the blankets to complete the sentences.
(1.0 pt)**

1. Nam had a nightmare while he (sleep) in the camp by the old castle.
2. I wish I (have) enough money to buy a new bicycle.
3. He (not/take) any photos of his village for two months.
4. If Mai (not/want) to gain weight, she shouldn't eat too much fast food.
5. A tropical storm named Yagi (destroy) hundreds of houses in the northern provinces of Viet Nam two months ago.

I. Read and complete each numbered blank in the passage with the correct answer

ONE-ROOM SCHOOLHOUSES

In the 1800s and early 1900s, most children went to school in one-room schoolhouses. At that time, most people lived (1) farms. The farms were spread out. One-room schoolhouses were built (2) there weren't many children in the farm areas. Most of the one-room schoolhouses only had about fifteen to twenty children. The one-room schoolhouses had just one teacher. That teacher instructed all students from the age of five or six up to ages thirteen or fourteen or even older. The teacher also (3) all subjects.

In one-room schoolhouses, students did a lot of reciting and memorising. Reciting means that they said out loud (4) they learned. The teacher would ask a question, and the students would stand up and recite the answer. Students also did a lot of memorising. They were often asked to memorise poems. They had to memorise famous (5) and important facts, too.

1. A. in B. on C. for D. with
2. A. because B. but C. although D. so
3. A. gave B. observed C. taught D. educated

4. A. which B. how C. that D. what
5. A. speeches B. words C. languages D. questions

V.

1. If we don't prepare the lesson at home carefully, we can't understand the lesson.

=> Unless we prepare

2. In some villages, people reduce the number of steps to make handicraft.

=> In some villages, people cut

3. The exam is difficult. The students become hard-working.

=> The more

4. We don't have enough time for relaxation.

=> I wish

5. The last time we visited our grandparents was two months ago.

=> We haven't