

Perspectives Intermediate Unit Test 2

Complete each sentence with the correct word from the list.

backpacking commute cruise destination excursion
expedition flight lift ride route trip

1. Last year I went on a _____ to Alaska. Our ship was huge!
2. I don't have a car, but my friend gives me a _____ most days. Sometimes, we take a different _____ to the office and pick up another friend, too.
3. Sally works in London, but she has to _____ every day from her home 100 miles away.
4. The scientists have just left on their _____ to Antarctica to do some research.
5. Our _____ to Amsterdam was late as the plane wasn't ready.
6. Young people often prefer to go _____ instead of staying in a hotel.
7. The train stopped for a long time in Manchester, so we were late getting to our _____.
8. Earlier this year, we went to Canada for a month. It was a fantastic _____!
9. When your cruise ship stops in a port, you can leave the ship and go on a short _____. Sometimes, we even had the chance to go for a bike _____.

Choose the correct answer.

- _____ 10. A very tall building is a _____.
 - a. sky scraper
 - b. skyscraper
 - c. skyline
- _____ 11. When I visit a new city, I always use public _____ to get around.
 - a. transport
 - b. parks
 - c. buildings
- _____ 12. Last month, I went on a great walking _____ of the financial district in New York.
 - a. sightseeing
 - b. tour
 - c. trip

Match the definition to the underlined word or phrase. There are two definitions that you do not need.

- a. a significant number
- b. a feeling of embarrassment at doing something bad.
- c. a few
- d. achieve success
- e. work together

- ____ 13. Why don't we team up with Kieran and Alex for this project?
- ____ 14. There's only a handful of people who can do this.
- ____ 15. The boy remembered his sense of shame when he'd hit the other boy.

Complete each sentence with the correct option.

16. The film was so _____ (excited / exciting) that I forgot to eat my popcorn!
17. The children were all _____ (exhausted / exhausting) after their long day.
18. I didn't finish the book. I found it very _____ (confused / confusing).
19. The passengers were _____ (shocked / shocking) when the driver asked them all to get off the bus.
20. They said the play was brilliant, but I found it a bit _____ (disappointed / disappointing).

Choose T (True) or F (False).

- ____ 21. If something is annoying, it means that makes you a little bit angry.
- ____ 22. Depressed is how you feel when you can't understand someone.
- ____ 23. Something that is terrifying makes you really scared.
- ____ 24. You feel bored when you don't have enough to do.
- ____ 25. Something that is worrying makes you very angry.

Complete each sentence with the correct option.

26. I _____ (had lived / used to live) in Cambridge, but I don't live there now.
27. I _____ (studied / was studying) Economics at Newcastle University from 2004 until 2006.
28. I _____ (was walking / used to walk) down the street when the accident happened.
29. John explained that he _____ (had seen / was seeing) Jim the day before.
30. We _____ (watched / were watching) TV when there was a sudden crash.

Choose the option (a or b) which is closer in meaning to the original sentence.

- _____ 31. I had been to the bank before I went shopping.
a. I went to the bank, then I went shopping.
b. While I was shopping, I went to the bank.
- _____ 32. Jack's favourite subject used to be Maths.
a. Today, Jack's favourite subject is Maths.
b. Today, Jack's favourite subject isn't Maths.
- _____ 33. As we were walking down the street, we heard a loud bang.
a. We walked down the street, then we heard a loud bang.
b. We heard a loud bang at the same time as we walked down the street.
- _____ 34. She started work when she'd had her dinner.
a. She had dinner, then she started work.
b. She started work, then she had dinner.
- _____ 35. The Spanish class had already started when Joe arrived.
a. Joe arrived at Spanish class, then the class started.
b. The Spanish class started, then Joe arrived.

Complete the sentence with the past simple, past continuous or past perfect form of the verb in brackets.

36. I _____ (eat) dinner, then got ready to go out.
37. We _____ (be) at home for five minutes when the telephone rang.
38. Sheila _____ (read) the newspaper when George got up.
39. When Ken got home, he told his wife that he _____ (see) his friend in the street.
40. Rachael told her boss that she _____ (decide) to leave her job.

Read. Choose T (True) or F (False).

Want to travel cheaply? Why not couch surf?

If you love travelling but don't want to spend much money on your lodging, couch surfing may be for you! Instead of staying in a hotel or guest house when you take a trip, couch surfing allows you to be a guest in someone's home. You can also host travellers in your own home. It's an example of what people call the 'gift economy'; there is no money paid between members and there is no expectation by hosts for future rewards. It's also a way of seeing the 'real life' of a town or city, because you are staying with someone who actually lives there – a local. You're more likely to find the hidden places in a city when you're with a resident. So, if you see yourself as a 'traveller' and not a 'tourist', couch surfing may be for you. It's ideal for backpackers, but you can be any age to enjoy it.

Couch surfing was first thought up by computer programmer Casey Fenton in 1999, when he was 25 years old. The idea arose after Fenton found a cheap flight from Boston to Iceland but didn't have a place to stay and didn't really want to stay in a 'boring' hotel. He wanted to do something far more exciting. Fenton hacked into a university database and randomly e-mailed 1,500 students from the University of Iceland asking if he could stay with them. He received 50 offers of accommodation. On the return flight to Boston, he came up with the idea to create the website. He registered the couchsurfing.com domain name in June 1999. The couch surfing community now has 12 million members and covers 200,000 cities.

Couch surfing isn't for everybody, but, if you have a sense of adventure, it's a great way to see the world. And by the way, when couch surfing, you may get a couch or, if you're lucky, a bed!

- ___ 41. Couch surfing is free.
- ___ 42. When couch surfing you stay in a guest house.
- ___ 43. You have to be young to couch surf.
- ___ 44. You can couch surf in 200,000 cities.
- ___ 45. When couch surfing you have to sleep on a couch.

Read. Complete each sentence with the correct word from the list.

accommodation

exciting

host

local

member

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46. 'Lodging' is another word for _____.
47. When you have someone to stay in your home, you are called the _____.
48. A person who is resident in a place is called a _____.
49. Casey Fenton didn't think that staying in a hotel would be _____.
50. To couch surf, you have to be a _____ of the community.

Read the text. Answer the questions.

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51. What two ways are there to participate in couch surfing?

52. From reading the article, how do you think a traveller is different from a tourist?

53. When and where do you think Casey got the idea for couchsurfing.com?

54. From the article, how do you think you can start couch surfing?

55. Why do you think the writer says that couch surfing is not for everybody?

Name: _____

ID: A

Listen. Choose T (True) or F (False). Audio 2.02

- ____ 56. Greta and Sally went to Paris last year.
- ____ 57. They had booked a hotel.
- ____ 58. It was late in the evening when they arrived.
- ____ 59. They spent the night walking around the streets.
- ____ 60. They had breakfast in a police station.

Listen. Match the word to the correct meaning. Audio 2.02

- | | | | |
|------------------------|---------------|---------------|---------------------------------------|
| ____ 61. accommodation | a. dinner | b. lodging | c. shows |
| ____ 62. deserted | a. empty | b. lively | c. crowded |
| ____ 63. cell | a. office | b. small room | c. hotel room |
| ____ 64. scared | a. optimistic | b. frightened | c. worried |
| ____ 65. bench | a. chair | b. bed | c. a long seat for two or more people |

Listen. Match the two parts of the sentence. Audio 2.02

- | | |
|--|--|
| | a. on hard benches. |
| | b. on a trip to Paris with her friend. |
| | c. had gone to bed already. |
| | d. when they saw a police station. |
| | e. led them to a cell. |
| ____ 66. Greta went | |
| ____ 67. They were walking down the street | |
| ____ 68. The streets were empty, like everyone | |
| ____ 69. The young policeman | |
| ____ 70. Greta and Sally slept | |

Name: _____

ID: A

Writing

71. Write a short story about something that happened to you on a trip. Use past narrative forms (past simple, past continuous, past perfect). Write at least four sentences.

Choose the correct sentence.

- ____ 72.
a. Sally just had left the airport when her phone rang.
b. Sally had just left the airport when her phone rang.
- ____ 73.
a. Paris looked just as wonderful as I'd imagined.
b. Paris just looked as wonderful as I'd imagined.
- ____ 74.
a. She was walking just down the Champs Elysees when she saw an old friend.
b. She was just walking down the Champs Elysees when she saw an old friend.
- ____ 75.
a. We didn't have much to eat, just some fruit.
b. We didn't just have much to eat, some fruit.