

Teens 1 Final Exam

Going to and will

1. Tomorrow night, I _____ (write) an essay about my holiday.
2. I think they _____ (ask) me a lot of questions.
3. I _____ (leave) school at the end of next year.
4. I know! I _____ (join) you and we can talk to the children together.
5. Next month, there _____ (be) an important exam at school.

Modals

1. You look very tired. You should / must go to bed earlier.
2. Could / Should you pass me my jacket, please?
3. Can you speak more slowly, please? I don't have to / can't understand you.
4. The club is free for members. They mustn't / don't have to pay.
5. Could / Must you ride a bike when you were 6? No, but now I should / can.

Zero and first conditional

1. She / take / taxi / if / rain

2. If / we / get lost / we / phone / our parents

3. If / the weather / get / better / we / have / a picnic

Second conditional

1. There is no snow on the mountain. That's why I'm not skiing.

2. It isn't very windy today. That's why we aren't going sailing.

3. It's going to rain. That's why I have my umbrella.

Present perfect

1. I can't write because I / just / hurt / my hand.

2. I / not eat / since / breakfast / because I have a stomach ache.

3. Josh / have / a cold / for three days / so he isn't coming to school.

4. you / brush / your teeth / yet?

5. Mike / already / watch six films / today and now his eyes hurt.

Verb patterns

1. Maria spent a lot of time to wait / waiting in the hospital.
2. Peter tried to use / using his broken arm but couldn't.
3. My grandpa didn't mind to take / taking the medicine.
4. If you want to be healthy you must choose to eat / eating healthy food.
5. Leo hoped to find / finding a medicine for his backache.

Indefinite pronouns

In all schools and colleges, students (1) _____ in the UK, have a chance to do work experience before they finish school. This means they spend two weeks working to learn what it is like to have a job. Of course, (2) _____ has different experiences, and two weeks is not long enough to learn (3) _____ there is to know about a job. But most students say they definitely learnt (4) _____ while they were on work experience and there was always (5) _____ there to help them.

1. everything / everywhere / everyone
2. everyone / anyone / someone
3. anything / everything / something
4. somewhere / something / someone
5. anyone / someone / everyone

Relative clauses

1. Leo is a manager. He works in my mom's office.

2. There is a bakery near here. It makes cakes.

3. Peter is the waiter. He took our order.

4. I would like a desk. It is near the window.

Writing: an online post

Lily01
Hi! My stomach hurts after my meals. What should I do? My favourite food is pizza and hamburgers, also I love fries! And I eat this regularly, three or four times a week. Is this bad? Help!

Write a reply to Lily01 answering her questions. (35 words)