Test

Part I: Expression (Items 1 – 10)

Choose the best answer.

Situation: At school

Puke: Hi, Peter! _____(1)_____

Peter: So far so good, thanks – and you?

Puke: Just fine. _____(2)_____.

Peter: To the library. I've got an exam tomorrow and need to study now.

1. 1. How is it? 2. How far is it?
3. How are you going? 4. How is it going? (มีการแก้ไขตัวเลือกให้ถูกต้องแล้ว)
5. Is it far good?

2. 1. What place are you off? 2. Where have you been?
3. Where did you off to? 4. Where will you be then?
5. Where are you off to?

Situation: At the clinic

Doctor: _____(3)_____

Susan: Well, I have a sore throat. I also have a bad cough.

Doctor: _____(4)_____have you had these symptoms?

Susan: About four days now. And I feel tired, too.

Doctor: It sounds like you've got the flu. Let me prescribe you a set of medicine.

3. 1. What's the problem? 2. What seems to be the problem?
3. Do you have the symptoms? 4. Can I know your symptoms?
5. What's the matter with you?

4. 1. How long 2. How far
3. What about 4. What days
5. How come

Situation: In the classroom

Donald: Did you study hard for the exam last night?

Joe: Oh! I didn't. The exam is_____. No need to study hard.

Obama: _____! You cannot think like that. You have to be prepared.

Donald: I agree with Obama.

Joe: Alright, then,_____.

5. 1. a piece of paper 2. a piece of cake
3. a piece of banana 4. not easy
5. incredible

6. 1. Amazing 2. Superb
3. Yippy 4. For what
5. Come on

7. 1. I will be prepared next time. 2. I will show you the result.
3. You have to study too. 4. You will see.
5. We have to be prepared.

LIVEWORKSHEETS

8. Situation: Two friends are talking.

Pol: _____

Pee: I would like to watch Batman. Bruce Wayne is my favorite hero.

1. Who is your favorite hero?
2. Do you like Batman?
3. Who is Bruce Wayne?
4. What do you like watching?
5. What movie would you like to watch?

9. Situation: At the hospital

Patient: _____

Nurse: You can contact your doctor by this phone number.

1. What is the doctor's phone number?
2. Can you contact the doctor for me?
3. How can I contact my doctor?
4. Can I make an appointment with the doctor?
5. Is it possible to contact my doctor?

10. Situation: At the hotel

Charles: _____

Receptionist: It is 2,500 Thai Baht a night.

1. What the floor is a room on?
2. What is the price per night?
3. How much can we check-in?
4. Can I know the room?
5. Could I check the room?

Part II: Reading Comprehension (Items 11 – 25)

A Glass of Milk

There once was a poor boy who spent his days going door-to-door selling newspapers to pay for school. One day, as he was walking his route, he started feeling low and weak. The poor boy was **starving**, so he decided to ask for food when he came to the next door.

The poor boy asked for food but was denied every time, until he reached the door of a girl. He asked for a glass of water, but seeing his poor state, the girl came back with a glass of milk. The boy asked how much he owed her for the milk, but she refused payment.

Years later, the girl, who was now a grown woman, fell sick. She went from doctor to doctor, but no one was able to cure her. Finally, she went to the best doctor in town.

The doctor spent months treating her until she was finally cured. Despite her happiness, she was afraid she couldn't afford to pay the bill. But, when the hospital handed her the bill, it read, 'Paid in full, with a glass of milk.'

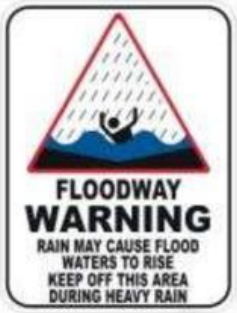
11. What did a poor boy do for living?

1. He went door-to-door.
2. He sold newspapers.
3. He asked for food.
4. He worked at the school.
5. He sold milk.

12. What does "starving" mean?

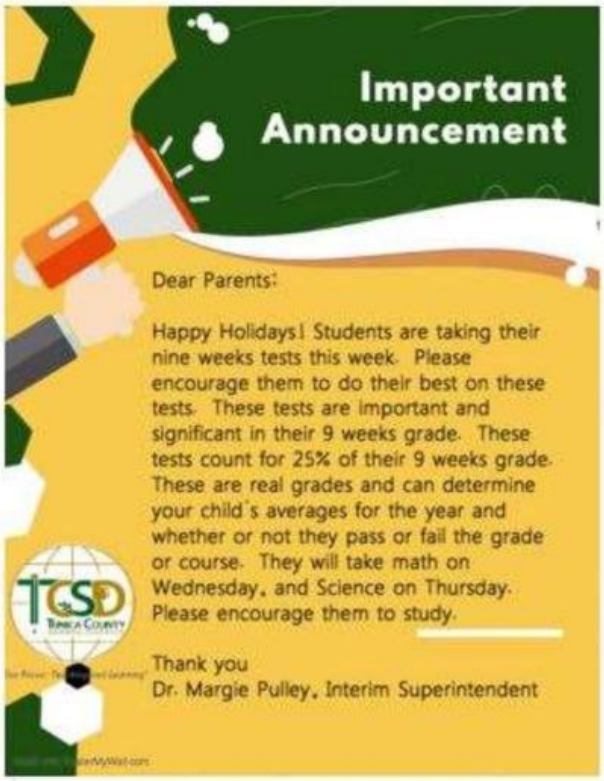
1. Very scared
2. Very hungry
3. Very tired
4. Very bored
5. Very funny

LIVEWORKSHEETS



13. Where should this warning sign be placed on?

1. Backyard
2. Swimming pool
3. Riverside
4. Sea
5. On the boat



14. What is this announcement about?

1. About parents' holidays
2. About students' grades
3. About students' classes
4. About parents' tests
5. About students' exams

15. What subjects do students need to focus this week?

1. Math
2. Science
3. Math and Science
4. English
5. All subjects

16. Why are these tests really important?

1. They are Math and Science.
2. They are an average grade.
3. They are significant.
4. They are real.
5. They can determine pass or fail

LIVEWORKSHEETS

Rabbit Habit

I have a rabbit habit.
I like to crunch and chew
On celery logs and carrot sticks, And apple wedges, too.

I have a rabbit habit.
I like to chomp and munch
On crispy greens and juicy grapes. Mmm...rabbit food for lunch!

(Cited from Liana Mahoney)

17. What does rabbit habit mean?

1. Rabbit's food
2. Rabbit's favorite habit
3. The way rabbit eats food
4. People who like eating fruits and vegetables.
5. The types of fruits and vegetables

18. How many fruits and vegetables are there in the poem?

1. Seven
2. Five
3. Three
4. Nine
5. Eight

Octopus

Octopuses are extremely intelligent. They can learn new things just like humans. They've even learned a few tricks to get them out of sticky situations. If an octopus is threatened by a predator, such as a shark or bird, it can use some pretty incredible skills to get away. Octopuses don't have teeth or sharp claws to defend themselves. Instead, they use more clever ways to fool their attackers. Octopuses like to hide themselves in the sand on the bottom of the ocean floor. How you ask? Well, the octopus is like a chameleon because it can change the color of its skin to match the sand. And this color change, or camouflage, happens in less than a minute.

(Cited from Kelly Hashway)

19. Why are octopuses extremely intelligent?

1. They can get out of sticky situations.
2. They can learn new things.
3. They cannot be threatened by a predator.
4. They like humans.
5. They have a few tricks.

20. How do octopuses defend themselves?

1. They use an incredible skill.
2. They use teeth and sharp claws.
3. They hide in the sand on the ocean floor.
4. They use more clever ways to fool a predator.
5. They threaten back.

21. How come a predator doesn't see octopuses?

1. Octopuses use sand to cover themselves.
2. Octopuses change the body.
3. Octopuses camouflage themselves.
4. Octopuses have different color.
5. Octopuses hide like chameleon

LIVEWORKSHEETS

History of New York City

New York City is one of the most recognized cities in the world. It held the record for largest city for many years. However, now Tokyo holds that record.

New York City is made up of five main areas. These areas are called boroughs. They include Manhattan, Staten Island, the Bronx, Queens, and Brooklyn. These boroughs weren't always a part of New York City, as you will see.

The city was first founded in the year 1624. It was called New Amsterdam. The Dutch people bought the land from a native tribe. This piece of land was a small island that is part of Manhattan today.

In the 1660's, the British seized the land from the Dutch. This means they took over the city. They changed the name to New York.

Over the next one hundred years, many people immigrated to New York. Many of them came from European countries. When the Revolutionary War between the American colonists and the British began, the city was taken by the British soldiers. It stayed under their command until the 1780's.

At last the war ended. Americans had won the war and New York City was considered a part of the United States of America. In fact, it was the capital of the country for five years. It was where George Washington was named President.

New York City was an important part of America's economy. That means it was a key part of the country's buying and selling industry. The city was a port for buyers and sellers who traded their goods. Southerners sent their crops north to New YorkCity so the goods could be shipped to Europe. Other countries shipped their goods to New York City so the products could be sold in America.

(Cited from Katie Clark)

22. Where would you see this article in?

1. Magazine
2. Textbook
3. Letter
4. Flyer
5. Newspaper

23. What is the previous name of New York?

1. Staten Island
2. New Amsterdam
3. Brooklyn
4. Manhattan
5. York

24. Who did change the name of the city?

1. George Washington
2. Dutch
3. European countries
4. British
5. soldiers

25. Why New York was an important part of America's economy?

1. It was a port for buyers and sellers.
2. It is a key part of America.
3. It produces many goods to many countries.
4. It is the place of many goods.
5. Many countries shipped their goods here.

LIVEWORKSHEETS