

Tên:

Lớp: S3...

Ngày giao bài: Thứ, ngày...../.....

Ngày nộp bài: Thứ, ngày



GLOBAL ENGLISH 3

Unit 4: Look again - Vocabulary Revision & Presentation

A. VOCABULARY REVISION

❖ **Animals in nature**

No.	Words	Meanings	No.	Words	Meanings
1	camouflage (n/v)	sự ngụy trang / ngụy trang	7	covered with (adj.phr)	bữa ăn được bao phủ bởi
2	hide (v)	trốn, ẩn nấp	8	fur (n)	lông (thú)
3	hard (adj)	khó khăn	9	blend in (phr.v)	hòa vào, hòa lẫn với
4	bark (n)	vỏ cây	10	meal (n)	bữa ăn
5	branch (n)	cành cây	11	creep (v)	đi rón rén, lén
6	look for (phr.v)	tim kiếm			

❖ **Others**

No.	Words	Meanings	No.	Words	Meanings
1	dominant (adj)	chiếm ưu thế, nổi trội	2	impossible (adj)	không thể, bất khả thi

❖ **Extra vocabulary**

No.	Words	Meanings	No.	Words	Meanings
1	surroundings (n)	môi trường xung quanh	4	rock band (n)	ban nhạc rock
2	bush (n)	bụi cây	5	ticket (n)	vé
3	hard (adj)	cứng, chắc	6	bark (v)	sủa

***Note:** *n = noun: danh từ; v = verb: động từ; phr.v = phrasal verb: cụm động từ; adj = adjective: tính từ; adj.phr = adjective phrase: cụm tính từ.*

*Con học thuộc nghĩa của từ, chính phát âm theo từ điển và chép mỗi từ 1 **DÒNG** vào vở ghi.

B. HOMEWORK

I. Fill the given words in the blanks. (Điền các từ cho sẵn vào chỗ trống.)

meals	hide	dominant	branch	creep	impossible
--------------	------	----------	--------	-------	------------

0. We usually have three meals a day: breakfast, lunch, and dinner.
1. Lions are very animals. They are the kings of the jungle.
2. The fox wants to behind the rocks.
3. It's to see the tiny mouse in the dark.
4. The monkey is sitting on a of the big tree.
5. The little snake can on the ground.

II. Read the text and circle the correct answers. (Đọc bài và khoanh tròn đáp án đúng.)

Animals in the Forest

Some animals in the forest can camouflage themselves very well. This means they can blend in with trees, leaves, or the ground so other animals can't see them easily. For

example, a fox has orange fur that helps it hide among dry leaves. Some small animals like mice creep quietly under the branches to stay safe.

Many animals use camouflage when they are looking for food or when they want to hide from bigger animals. A frog may be covered with green spots so that it looks like a leaf. Some animals have hard skin to protect themselves. Some animals bark or make loud sounds to keep themselves safe. In the forest, every animal needs to find food to eat and stay safe too.

0. What does "camouflage" mean?

- A. to eat food
- B. to hide or blend in with surroundings
- C. to run very fast

3. What color can frogs be to look like leaves?

- A. brown
- B. green
- C. yellow

1. Where can a fox hide easily?

- A. in the snow
- B. among dry leaves
- C. under the water

4. What do some animals have to stay safe?

- A. hard skin
- B. long tails
- C. big ears

2. What helps small animals stay safe?

- A. jumping in the trees
- B. creeping quietly
- C. sleeping all day

5. What do animals look for in the forest?

- A. friends
- B. water to swim in
- C. food for their meal

III. Complete the sentences using **TOO**. (Hoàn thành câu sử dụng "TOO".)

0. A: I have a cat.

B: I have a cat too.

1. Mia: I like elephants.

Noah: I

2. Ben: I climb trees in the park.

Lily: I

3. Jack: The fox is hiding under the bush.

Anna: The rabbit

4. Emma: My brother is very funny.

Lucas: My sister

5. Sara: I eat breakfast at 7 o'clock.

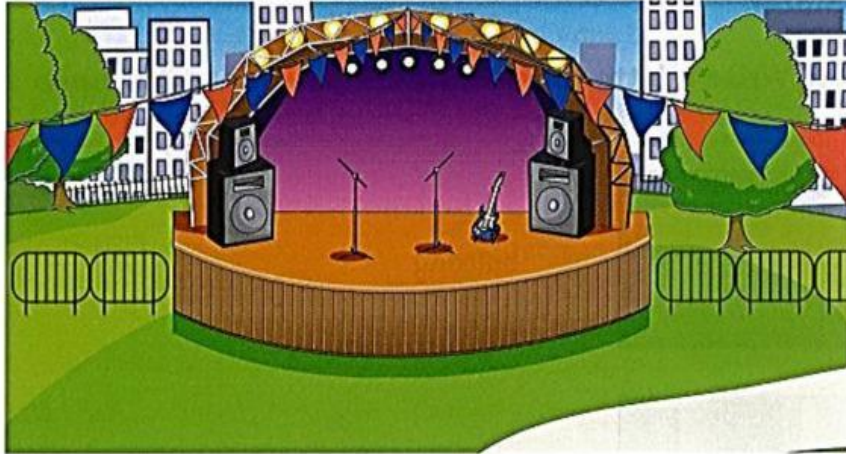
Tom: I



Part 2

– 5 questions –

Listen and write. There is one example.



Summer festival

Date: 15th July

1 Most famous band: The ...W.....

2 In: park by the ...s.....

3 Competition prize: a pair of ...s.....

4 Phone number for more information: ...0.....

5 Take: an ...u.....