

FANBOYS

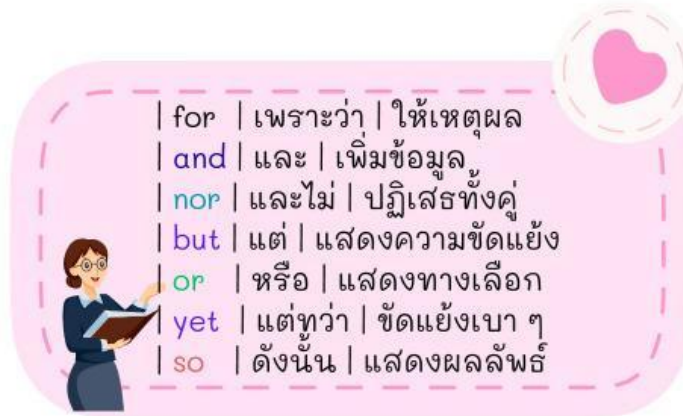
ใช้เชื่อมคำ (words), วลี (phrases), หรือประโยค (clauses) ที่มีน้ำหนักเท่ากัน

ตัวอักษร	คำเต็ม	ความหมาย	ตัวอย่างประโยค
F	for	เพราะว่า (เหตุผล)	She stayed home, for she was sick. → เธออยู่บ้านเพราะว่าเธอป่วย
A	and	และ, แล้วก็ (เพิ่มเติม)	I bought apples and oranges.
N	nor	และก็ไม่ (ปฏิเสธทั้งสอง)	He didn't call, nor did he send a message.
B	but	แต่ (ตรงข้าม, ขัดแย้ง)	I like tea, but I don't like coffee.
O	or	หรือ (ทางเลือก)	Do you want tea or coffee?
Y	yet	แต่ทว่า, ถึงแม้ว่า (ขัดแย้งเบา ๆ)	The sun was warm, yet the wind was cool.
S	so	ดังนั้น (ผลลัพธ์)	It was raining, so we stayed inside.

ถ้า FANBOYS เชื่อม สองประโยคสมบูรณ์ (independent clauses)
→ ใช้ เครื่องหมาย comma (,) ก่อน conjunction
เช่น: 🌧️ I was tired, **but** I finished my homework.
(ฉันเหนื่อย แต่ฉันก็ทำการบ้านเสร็จ)



Fill in the blank with **for / and / nor / but / or / yet / so**



1. I was tired, _____ I went to bed early.
2. She likes coffee, _____ she doesn't like tea.
3. It was raining, _____ we decided to stay inside.
4. He didn't call, _____ did he send a message.
5. The sun was warm, _____ the wind was cool.
6. You can have pizza _____ spaghetti for lunch.
7. I wanted to buy the dress, _____ it was too expensive.
8. He studied hard, _____ he failed the exam.
9. I bought apples _____ oranges from the market.
10. She stayed home, _____ she was feeling sick.
11. They didn't have any money, _____ they couldn't buy the tickets.
12. Would you like tea _____ coffee?
13. I called him many times, _____ he didn't answer.
14. We were hungry, _____ we ordered some food.
15. He is smart _____ lazy sometimes.
16. You must hurry, _____ you will miss the bus.
17. I don't like spinach, _____ do I like broccoli.
18. The movie was long, _____ it was very interesting.
19. She wanted to go out, _____ it was already midnight.
20. He worked hard, _____ he got a promotion.