Tên: ……..

Lớp: S3…

Ngày giao bài: Thứ …., ngày…./….

Ngày nộp bài: Thứ …., ngày …./….

Từ vựng & Ngữ pháp: ……

Nghe: ……

Mini test: ……

GLOBAL ENGLISH 3

Unit 3: The desert - Vocabulary Revision & Presentation

A. VOCABULARY REVISION

❖ **Desert animals and plants**

No.	Words	Meanings	No.	Words	Meanings
1	**cactus** (n)	cây xương rồng	4	**hump** (n)	cái bướu (trên lưng lạc đà)
2	**reptile** (n)	loài bò sát	5	**snake** (n)	con rắn
3	**camel** (n)	con lạc đà	6	**lizard** (n)	con thằn lằn

❖ **Weather and temperature**

No.	Words	Meanings	No.	Words	Meanings
1	**cold** (adj)	lạnh	3	**warm** (adj)	ấm
2	**cool** (adj)	mát	4	**hot** (adj)	nóng

❖ **Extra vocabulary**

No.	Words	Meanings	No.	Words	Meanings
1	**sharp** (adj)	sắc, nhọn	4	**cycling** (n)	việc đi xe đạp
2	**store** (v)	cất giữ, lưu trữ	5	**path** (n)	lối đi nhỏ
3	**back** (n)	lưng	6	**repair** (v)	sửa, sửa chữa

**Note:* *n = noun: danh từ; v = verb: động từ; adj = adjective: tính từ.*

Con học thuộc nghĩa của từ, chỉnh phát âm theo từ điển và chép mỗi từ **1 DÒNG vào vở ghi.*

B. HOMEWORK

I. Fill the given words in the blanks. *(Điền từ đã cho vào chỗ trống.)*

~~cold~~	cool	hot	warm

0. In winter, the weather is very cold. I need to wear a big jacket.
1. The desert is very …… during the day, and the sun is strong.
2. In the evening, the air feels …… It is not too hot, not too cold.
3. I like to drink tea when it is ……, not very hot.

II. Read the sentences and circle the correct answers. *(Đọc câu và khoanh tròn đáp án đúng.)*

0. 

In the desert, we saw a **cactus** with sharp spikes. It can keep water for a long time.

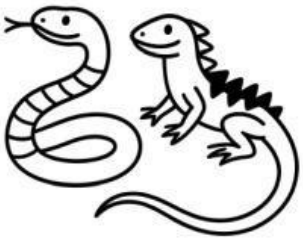
What does the word "**cactus**" mean?

(A.) a desert plant with spines that stores water

B. a desert animal that runs fast

C. a hill of dry sand

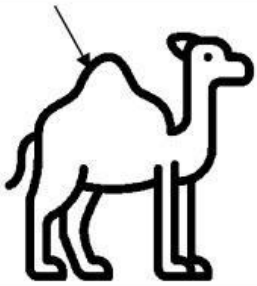
LIVEWORKSHEETS

1. 

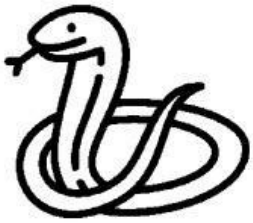
In science class, the teacher said snakes and lizards are both **reptiles**.
What does the word "**reptile**" mean?
A. a bird that lives in water
B. a big desert plant with spines
C. an animal with dry skin, like snakes and lizards

2. 

People in the desert can ride a **camel**. It can walk for many days without water.
What does the word "**camel**" mean?
A. a small house made of sand
B. a large desert animal people can ride
C. a cold wind at night

3. 

The camel has a big **hump** on its back that helps it store fat for long trips.
What does the word "**hump**" mean?
A. a round part on a camel's back
B. the camel's foot
C. a sand hill in the desert

4. 

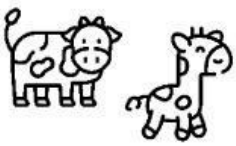
We saw a **snake** on the sand. It was long and had no legs.
What does the word "**snake**" mean?
A. a strong wind that moves sand
B. a baby lizard with a short tail
C. a long animal with no legs

III. Write COMPARATIVE and SUPERLATIVE SENTENCES from the prompts using PRESENT SIMPLE. *(Viết CÂU SO SÁNH HƠN và SO SÁNH NHẤT từ các gợi ý sử dụng thì HIỆN TẠI ĐƠN.)*

COMPARATIVE SENTENCES



0. The elephant / big / the rabbit.
→ *The elephant is bigger than the rabbit.*

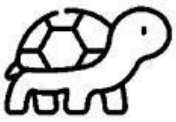


1. The giraffe / beautiful / the cow.
→ ……

SUPERLATIVE SENTENCES



2. The dolphin / intelligent / sea animal.
→ ……



3. The turtle / slow / animal.
→ ……

LIVEWORKSHEETS

CAMBRIDGE LISTENING PRACTICE

Các con nghe bài ở link sau: *https://soundcloud.com/ms-chi-english/flyers-3_test-2_part-2*

Part 2

– 5 questions –

Listen and write. There is one example.



Cycling club

Day cycling club meets: Mondays

1 Name of William's classmate at the club: F.....

2 Today children learnt about: fixing b.....

3 Place where children cycle: in park on p.....

4 Children must wear: a h.....

5 End of the year party with: r.....

LIVEWORKSHEETS