
Bài thi: NGOẠI NGỮ; Môn thi: TIẾNG ANH
ĐỀ ÔN LUYỆN THƯỜNG XUYÊN 12 THÁNG 10

Thời gian làm bài: 50 phút, 40 câu trắc nghiệm

Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the best arrangement of utterances or sentences to make a meaningful exchange or text in each of the following questions from 1 to 5.

Question 1.

- a. Moreover, the distribution process has been carefully planned: those with bank accounts will be paid by transfer, whereas others will receive direct cash delivery.
- b. This policy illustrates how a commemorative event can be transformed into a nationwide act of inclusion, reinforcing both civic identity and collective pride.
- c. To mark the 80th Anniversary of the August Revolution and National Day, the Vietnamese government announced that every citizen would receive a cash gift of 100,000 VND.
- d. Such attention to accurate identification of recipients ensures fairness and prevents duplication, thereby maintaining public trust.
- e. This measure, which was approved by the Politburo, reflects not only a symbolic gesture of gratitude but also a practical attempt to strengthen social solidarity.

A. c – d – b – a – e B. c – e – d – a – b C. c – d – e – b – a D. c – e – a – d – b

Question 2.

- a. Nam: Yes, the wind feels sharper this year, though the mornings are still beautiful.
- b. Hoa: The first cold spell came so suddenly, I had to pull out my thick coat.
- c. Hoa: True, but this crisp air makes the city feel alive in a different way.

A. b – c – a B. c – a – b C. b – a – c D. c – b – a

Question 3.

- a. In this role, I find joy in recommending works that match each reader's interests and needs.
- b. What began as a childhood love of stories has therefore matured into a career where I can share that same wonder with others.
- c. This passion for reading gradually evolved into a clear vocation, one that led me toward the profession of a librarian.
- d. From my earliest memories, books have been both companions and teachers, shaping my curiosity about the world.
- e. The responsibility of organising collections and ensuring access to knowledge gives me both purpose and pride.

A. d – c – a – e – b B. e – a – d – c – b C. d – e – b – c – a D. e – b – c – d – a

Question 4.

- a. Mai: True, and it might help me feel more connected to the neighbourhood.
- b. Mai: I'm not sure, I usually feel nervous about big crowds.
- c. Linh: From my perspective, joining events like this is the best way to belong.
- d. Linh: It's a chance to meet people and do something useful.
- e. Linh: Are you going to the community clean-up this weekend?

A. c – a – e – b – d B. e – a – c – b – d C. c – b – d – a – e D. e – b – d – a – c

Question 5.

Dear Anna,

- a. This initiative reflects our commitment to rewarding valued customers while nurturing a stronger bond with our community.
- b. Your loyalty has been a source of inspiration for our floral shop, and we are pleased to introduce a special programme created with you in mind.
- c. In addition, members will gain early access to limited designs, a benefit that ensures you never miss the most sought-after arrangements.
- d. Thank you for letting us share in your celebrations through the artistry of flowers.
- e. Each purchase will now allow you to collect points, which can later be redeemed for discounts or unique seasonal bouquets.

Sincerely,

Emily Chan

A. d – b – a – c – e

B. b – e – c – a – d

C. d – e – a – b – c

D. b – a – c – d – e

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions from 6 to 13.

For many travellers, the temptation to pack everything ‘just in case’ is almost irresistible. Yet those who learn to travel light often discover that their journeys become easier, less stressful, and more enjoyable. Carrying only the essentials means freedom from long check-in queues and the anxiety of lost luggage. More importantly, it encourages people to focus on the experience of travel rather than the **burden** of possessions.

The first step is to understand airline rules. Most carriers impose strict limits on cabin bags, and exceeding **them** can result in expensive fees. Choosing a lightweight suitcase that meets international standards is therefore a wise investment. Inside, efficient organisation is vital. Rolling clothes instead of folding them, or using packing cubes, maximises space and keeps belongings tidy. Travellers are often surprised by how much they can fit into a single small bag once they adopt these techniques.

Another important habit is learning to distinguish between what is necessary and what is simply convenient. A capsule wardrobe – neutral clothing that can be mixed and matched – offers far more flexibility than a suitcase full of items worn only once. Toiletries can be reduced to travel-sized containers, and many products can be purchased at the destination if required. By practising **restraint**, travellers gain a sense of control and reduce the physical strain of carrying heavy bags.

Travelling light is not only a practical choice but also a mindset. It reflects a willingness to simplify, adapt, and prioritise experiences over possessions. Those who embrace it move more quickly through airports, catch spontaneous opportunities, and arrive at their destination with more energy. In an age when convenience and efficiency are highly valued, the ability to pack smartly and travel light has become an essential skill for the modern adventurer.

(Adapted from <https://www.ask.com>)

Question 6. The word “**burden**” in paragraph 1 is **CLOSEST** in meaning to _____.

A. pressure

B. achievement

C. security

D. pleasure

Question 7. The word “**them**” in paragraph 2 refers to _____.

A. cabin bags

B. fees

C. strict limits

D. airline rules

Question 8. Which of the following is **NOT** mentioned as a piece of advice in paragraph 2?

- A. Rolling clothes as a way to save space.
- B. Selecting a bag that is compact and lightweight.
- C. Arranging belongings carefully to maximise room inside.
- D. Making use of packing cubes to keep items neat.

Question 9. The word “**restraint**” in paragraph 3 is **OPPOSITE** in meaning to _____.

- A. overtime
- B. overpacking
- C. overexposure
- D. overdose

Question 10. Which of the following best paraphrases the underlined sentence in paragraph 4?

“Travelling light is not only a practical choice but also a mindset.”

- A. Sensible travellers see light packing as their single frame of mind.
- B. The concept of travelling light results from a state of mind rather than a decision.
- C. A mental approach always creates the wise decision of travelling light.
- D. Choosing to travel light is both a sensible decision and a mental attitude.

Question 11. Which of the following is **TRUE** according to the passage?

- A. Fewer mix-and-match clothes are shown as more flexible than single-use outfits.
- B. Modern travelling often requires adventurers to pack smartly and travel light.
- C. To avoid expensive fees for cabin bags, carrying a small suitcase should be prioritised.
- D. Purchasing toiletries and travel items at the destination is, in fact, a wise investment.

Question 12. Which paragraph mentions the characteristics of the traveller who chooses to travel light?

- A. Paragraph 1
- B. Paragraph 2
- C. Paragraph 3
- D. Paragraph 4

Question 13. Which paragraph mentions that travelling light allows seizing unexpected chances?

- A. Paragraph 1
- B. Paragraph 2
- C. Paragraph 3
- D. Paragraph 4

Read the following leaflet and mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the correct option that best fits each of the numbered blanks from 14 to 19.

Overcome Shyness in College: Your Quick Guide

Shyness, which affects many students, need not stop you from thriving at university. With (14) _____ practice, confidence can grow – and here are ways to begin:

- Engage in small (15) _____ situations: join study-groups or campus clubs to meet people, share ideas, and build comfort in speaking up.
- Try asking questions: this tactic, suggested in a wide (16) _____ of college resources, gives the impression that you’re interested and helps divert attention from anxiety.
- Develop public speaking skills through theatre, debate, or improv-activities (17) _____ push you, challenge you, and expand the range of your comfort zone.
- (18) _____ advantage of mentoring services, which are offered by many colleges, as they provide support and feedback for students learning to participate more in class.
- Embrace vulnerability: admit your fears to trusted peers or instructors and recognise that shyness is a condition that can be improved rather than a permanent (19) _____.

(Adapted from <https://www.educations.com>)

Question 14. A. little B. much C. other D. a few

Question 15. A. socialise B. socially C. sociable D. social

Question 16. A. number B. range C. amount D. volume

Question 17. A. where B. what C. that D. whose

Question 18. A. Make B. Put C. Keep D. Take

Question 19. A. capability B. mentality C. identity D. similarity

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions from 20 to 29.

Beneath the relentless glare of concrete and steel, the city pulses with a latent anguish. Skyscrapers, pavements, roadways – these engineered surfaces seize heat, trapping it in an unseen furnace that breathes its warmth upon people who must walk or live there. [I] Urban centres, made luminous by sunlight in one sense, become paradoxically darker in another: deprived of tree cover, **they** starve for shade, clean air, the slow whisper of leaves.

The notion of the ‘concrete jungle’ is not metaphor alone; it is a lived spatial reality. With fewer trees, daytime temperatures in many urban neighbourhoods soar. Heat islands – those sectors of the city with scant vegetation – grow disproportionately warmer than adjacent suburbs. [II] Poorer communities, often already burdened by social and economic inequities, suffer the most. They are denied the physiological refuge trees can provide: cooler air, filtered particulates, respite for respiratory systems.

Yet trees do far more than cool. They are agents of reconciliation between humanity and its environment. Through transpiration, canopy layers transform oppressive heat into moisture-laden air, soften harsh sunlight, and reduce glare. Over surfaces that would otherwise absorb and radiate intense warmth – pavement, rooftops, asphalt – shade becomes a sanctuary. In regions where tree canopy cover reaches forty per cent or more, daytime air temperatures **plunge** measurably, even on sweltering days.

But if the absence of nature in cities is alarming, the remedy is within reach. [III] For a modest investment, green corridors can begin replacing asphalt deserts. Communities once overburdened by heat and smog might finally inhale relief. The health dividends – fewer heat-related deaths, diminished asthma incidents, robust well-being – are immediate. In this tension between grey geometry and living green, we are called to choose. [IV] Will our urban futures be sterile expanses of concrete, or flourishing tapestries where nature is woven into the city’s very fabric?

(Adapted from <https://www.earthday.org>)

Question 20. As stated in paragraph 1, the very structure of the city _____.

- A. creates a natural and thriving ecosystem
B. brings about sudden pain to dwellers
C. is detrimental to human well-being
D. pales in comparison with greenery

Question 21. The word “**they**” in paragraph 1 refers to _____.

- A. leaves
B. surfaces
C. people
D. urban centres

Question 22. Which of the following best paraphrases the underlined sentence in paragraph 2?

“The notion of the ‘concrete jungle’ is not metaphor alone; it is a lived spatial reality.”

- A. The so-called ‘concrete jungle’ comes into existence mainly as a figurative label instead of a real environment.
B. Far from being purely figurative, the concrete jungle describes an urban condition that people actually inhabit.
C. Rather than a simple metaphor, the ‘concrete jungle’ describes a tangible reality of space that is directly inhabited.
D. The ‘concrete jungle’ is not only a metaphorical expression but also a physical reality of space that is quietly experienced.

Question 23. According to paragraph 2, the burden of the urban heat island effect _____.

- A. disproportionately impacts the suburbs
B. is not distributed equally
C. burdens adjacent communities
D. provides the physiological relief

Question 24. Which of the following best summarises paragraph 3?

- A. Trees provide shade, protecting surfaces from sunlight and creating a wildlife sanctuary.
- B. Through transpiration, trees reduce glare and soften sunlight while cooling nearby areas.
- C. Trees not only cool but restore balance, with canopy shade significantly lowering heat.
- D. Trees lower the air temperature on sweltering days, especially where there is 40% canopy cover.

Question 25. As stated in paragraph 3, tree shade turns harsh, heat-trapping environments into _____.

- A. mediators between people and nature
- B. more comfortable, liveable spaces
- C. canopy layers through transpiration
- D. a wildlife sanctuary where birds thrive

Question 26. The word “**plunge**” in paragraph 3 can be best replaced by _____.

- A. remain steady
- B. collapse
- C. decline
- D. reach a high

Question 27. Where in the passage does the following sentence best fit?

“Planting trees is not an indulgence – it is imperative.”

- A. [II]
- B. [III]
- C. [IV]
- D. [I]

Question 28. Which of the following can be inferred from the passage?

- A. When woven into the city’s very fabric, nature will lead to radical changes in the way urban areas are designed.
- B. Rather than an environmental issue, greening cities is perceived as a critical public health strategy.
- C. The absence of green space in poorer neighbourhoods is indeed a critical infrastructural deficit.
- D. The main barrier to implementing green solutions in both urban and suburban areas is political will and prioritisation.

Question 29. Which of the following best summarises the passage?

- A. The concrete-filled urban environment creates a ‘heat island’ effect, which is particularly harmful to impoverished neighbourhoods that lack trees and greenery.
- B. Cities without trees create urban heat islands that harm residents, while planting green spaces offers a cost-effective solution for better health and well-being.
- C. Trees are essential for urban areas because they cool the environment, improve air quality, and provide a sanctuary for residents to enjoy.
- D. Concrete jungles heat up quickly, creating harsh conditions, although planting trees provides aesthetic value and delivers minor improvements in air and public health.

Read the following piece of news and mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the correct option that best fits each of the numbered blanks from 30 to 35.

Vingroup Sues 68 Accounts for Spreading False News

Vingroup has filed a lawsuit against 68 social media accounts accused (30) _____ spreading fabricated reports, including claims of bankruptcy and mass resignations. One post alleged that the group's debt reached 800 trillion VND, a figure far beyond the official 283 trillion VND recorded in financial statements, within international standards. Another video suggested VinFast cars were 'Chinese products,' a statement (31) _____ by evidence of a vertically integrated supply chain.

The company said these accounts, active on TikTok and Facebook, attempted to (32) _____ public fear and damage its reputation. The lawsuit, a decisive legal step, (33) _____ signals that online defamation will no longer go unchecked.

Legal experts argue that such action, taken in accordance with Vietnam's Cybersecurity Law, demonstrates the need for robust reputation (34) _____ in the digital age. Vingroup, determined to protect its brand, has set a precedent for (35) _____.

(Adapted from <https://vietnamnet.vn>)

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|---|---------------|-------------------------------|-----------------|
| Question 30. A. in | B. with | C. from | D. of |
| Question 31. A. undermining | B. undermined | C. was undermined | D. to undermine |
| Question 32. A. roll up | B. bring up | C. stir up | D. take up |
| Question 33. A. therefore | B. however | C. otherwise | D. whereas |
| Question 34. A. reserves | B. safeguards | C. operations | D. reliefs |
| Question 35. A. future corporate responses | | B. corporate future responses | |
| C. response future cooperates | | D. future response cooperates | |

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the correct option that best fits each of the numbered blanks from 36 to 40.

The dinner table, long regarded as a cornerstone of family life, has undergone a subtle but profound transformation. Once it was a space of dialogue and intimacy, a place where laughter, disputes, and reflections coexisted. (36) _____, devices that, while outwardly connecting people to vast networks, often disconnect them from those sitting only a few feet away.

Advocates of this digital presence – parents who welcome quick access to recipes, children who treat screens as extensions of identity, and educators who celebrate interactive tools – suggest such habits (37) _____. It is true that relatives separated by distance may join virtually, and it is equally true that educational content can prompt lively discussion. (38) _____: fragmented attention, diminished empathy, and the steady replacement of unguarded conversation with curated images or half-heard remarks.

The consequences, as psychologists and sociologists increasingly warn, extend beyond the meal itself. Habits of constant checking, of speaking in rehearsed rather than spontaneous ways, and (39) _____. Children internalise these patterns as normal, while parents, sometimes hesitant to challenge them, reinforce the cycle through tacit acceptance.

What is at stake is not merely etiquette but the preservation of presence. Without conscious resistance to distraction, the dinner table may endure physically yet lose its symbolic weight, (40) _____.

(Adapted from <https://oldwayspt.org>)

Question 36.

- A. In contrast, its frequency is now dominated by tablets and smartphones
- B. Now, however, it is frequently dominated by tablets and smartphones
- C. The domination of tablets and smartphones, by contrast, is now frequent
- D. Yet tablets and smartphones are now dominated by its frequency

Question 37.

- A. making shared meals enriching
- B. can enrich shared meals
- C. whose meal enrichment is shared
- D. as sharing meals is enriched

Question 38.

- A. Consequently, it is apparent that costs accompanied by these gains are harder to quantify
- B. In the meantime, it can be harder to quantify costs accompanied by these apparent gains
- C. Apparently, these gains are harder to quantify when they are accompanied by costs
- D. Nevertheless, these apparent gains are accompanied by costs that are harder to quantify

Question 39.

- A. of listening with divided focus begin to infiltrate daily life
- B. of which divided focus with listening infiltrates daily life
- C. of listening can divide focus while infiltrating daily life
- D. of dividing focus while listening that infiltrates daily life

Question 40.

- A. in which the consumption of meals under the surface of quick and silent isolation
- B. where meals are consumed quickly and silently but in isolation on the surface
- C. with the consumption of meals on another surface, which is quick, silent, and isolated
- D. becoming another surface on which meals are consumed quickly, silently, and in isolation