



Activity 1

TASK 1

WATCH THIS VIDEO CAREFULLY

Listening



TASK 2

**FIND THE DIFFICULT WORDS FROM THE VIDEO AND
TRANSLATE IT IN INDONESIAN! (MINIMUM 10 WORDS)
AND PRONOUNCE IT CORRECTLY**

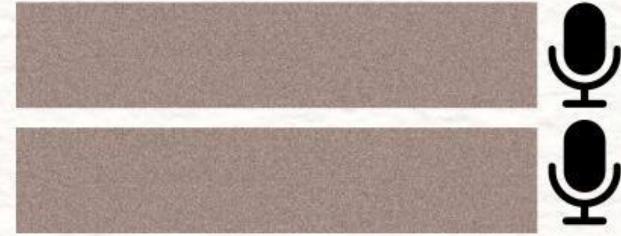
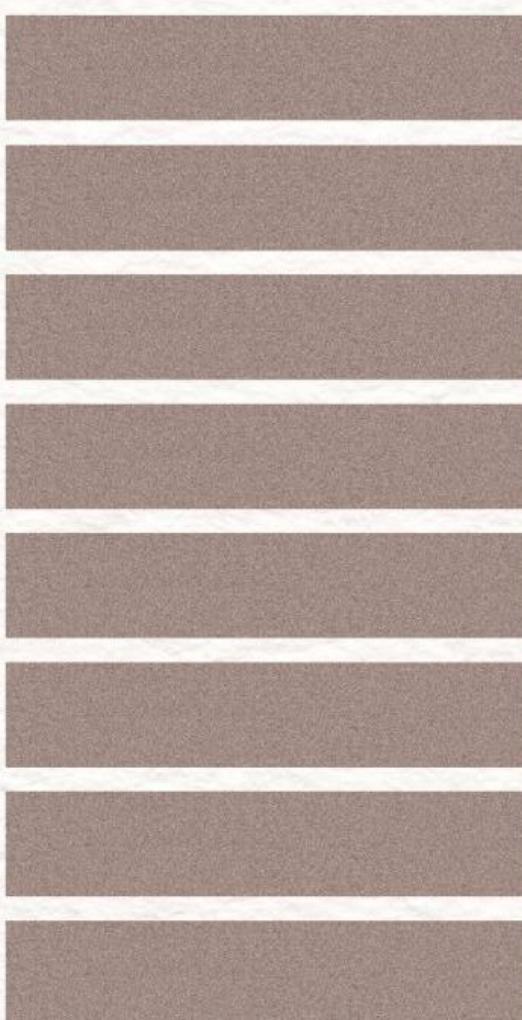
Speaking

No	Difficult Words	Meaning (in Indonesia)
1.		
2.		
3.		
4.		
5.		
6.		
7.		
8.		
9.		
10.		

TASK 2

**FIND THE DIFFICULT WORDS FROM THE VIDEO AND
TRANSLATE IT IN INDONESIAN! (MINIMUM 10 WORDS)
AND PRONOUNCE IT CORRECTLY**

Speaking





Activity 2

TASK 1

READ THE FOLLOWING TEXT ABOUT "BOROBUDUR TEMPLE"

Reading

Borobudur Temple

Borobudur Temple is an ancient and majestic Buddhist monument located in Magelang, Central Java, Indonesia. Built in the 9th century, it remains one of the largest Buddhist temples in the world. The temple is well-known for its stunning architecture and intricate carvings that illustrate the teachings of Buddhism. Every year, thousands of visitors from around the world come to see this incredible site, which has been recognized as a UNESCO World Heritage Site.

The architecture of Borobudur is truly impressive. The temple consists of nine stacked platforms, with six square levels at the base and three circular levels above. On top of these platforms, there is a large central dome. Surrounding the dome are seventy-two Buddha statues, each seated inside a beautifully crafted perforated stupa. The entire structure was built without any cement or mortar, showing the amazing skill of the ancient builders who created this massive stone structure.

The design of Borobudur symbolizes the Buddhist path to enlightenment. As visitors ascend the temple, they pass through different levels that represent stages of spiritual development, from the earthly realm to Nirvana. This journey encourages reflection and meditation. Each level of the temple is decorated with detailed stone carvings that narrate the life and teachings of Buddha, providing visitors with insight into Buddhist philosophy.

The surroundings of Borobudur add to its breathtaking beauty. The temple stands gracefully amid lush green rice fields and majestic mountains. The natural scenery makes it a serene place, ideal for quiet contemplation and admiration of the temple's beauty. Visiting Borobudur at sunrise or sunset is a memorable experience, as the sunlight creates a spectacular view of the temple against the sky.

**Writing
Highlight :**

TASK 1

1. Identification (what is being described?)
2. Description (what can you see, hear smell, feel, taste?)
3. Conclusion (what makes this place special?)

1.

2.

3.

TASK 2

FIND THE ADJECTIVES AND ADVERBS FROM THE TEXT BELOW, THEN CATEGORIZE THEM USING THE TABLE PROVIDED.

No.	Adjectives	Adverbs
1.		
2.		
3.		
4.		
5.		
6.		
7.		



TASK 3

READ THE STATEMENTS BELOW CAREFULLY. FOR EACH STATEMENT, DETERMINE WHETHER IT IS TRUE OR FALSE BASED ON THE INFORMATION PROVIDED IN THE TEXT ABOUT BOROBUDUR TEMPLE.

No	Statements	True	False
1	Borobudur Temple was built in the 9th century and is located in Central Java, Indonesia.		
2	The temple consists of eight stacked platforms, with four square levels at the base and four circular levels above.		
3	The design of Borobudur Temple symbolizes the Buddhist path to enlightenment, with different levels representing stages of spiritual development.		
4	Borobudur Temple has been recognized as a UNESCO World Heritage Site due to its stunning architecture and intricate carvings.		
5	Visitors to Borobudur Temple often find the natural surroundings, including rice fields and mountains, to be distracting rather than serene.		



Answer the following questions.

1. Where is Borobudur Temple located?
2. In which century was Borobudur Temple built?
3. What is Borobudur Temple well-known for?
4. How many platforms does the temple have, and what are their shapes?
5. What is on top of the platforms at Borobudur Temple?
6. What do the levels of Borobudur Temple symbolize?
7. What can visitors see on the stone carvings at Borobudur?
8. What makes the surroundings of Borobudur Temple beautiful?
9. Why is visiting Borobudur at sunrise or sunset special?
10. How was Borobudur Temple constructed without cement or mortar?

