

UNIT 4: TEST 1

Read the following advertisement and mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the option that best fits each of the numbered blanks from 1 to 6.

Heritage Meets Innovation: Vietnam's Distinctive Voice in the ASEAN Community

- Vietnam proudly and (1)_____ showcases its rich cultural heritage. The ancient traditional crafts, (2)_____ back centuries, continue to inspire modern Vietnamese designers throughout the country.
- Vietnam affords truly unforgettable experiences (3)_____ international visitors through its diverse cuisine, breathtaking landscapes, and warm hospitality. The (4)_____ have dramatically transformed our growing economy since independence.
- Vietnam has never needed to (5)_____ through hoops when skillfully preserving ancient traditions while enthusiastically embracing modern technology. We aim (6)_____ a leading digital technology hub in competitive Southeast Asia by 2030.

Question 1: A. consistency B. consistify C. consistently D. consistent

Question 2: A. which dated B. dates C. dating D. was dated

Question 3: A. to B. for C. at D. about

Question 4: A. innovative techniques farming B. techniques innovative farming
C. farming techniques innovative D. innovative farming techniques

Question 5: A. walk B. skip C. run D. jump

Question 6: A. to becoming B. become C. becoming D. to become

Read of the following leaflet and mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the option that best fits each of the numbered blanks from 7 to 12.

Vietnam's ASEAN Story: Tradition Meets Innovation

- Vietnam stands proud among ASEAN nations, while others in the regional community focus solely on economic growth. Our country has successfully (7)_____ important ancient traditions in modern cultural contexts.
- The rich cultural heritage of Vietnam continues to inspire curious (8)_____ from around the world. Vietnam works closely with neighboring countries (9)_____ actively competing against them economically.
- The long-term economic (10)_____ of the nation depends on carefully balancing tradition and innovation. Vietnam has generously shared (11)_____ of technological knowledge with other ASEAN members recently. (12)_____ increasingly important aspect is Vietnam's strong commitment to sustainable development practices.

Question 7: A. looked up to B. carried on with C. put away from D. gone back on

Question 8: A. tourists B. artifacts C. scholars D. diplomats

Question 9: A. in point of B. in line with C. in place of D. in quest of

Question 10: A. prosperity B. growth C. policy D. stability

Question 11: A. many B. plenty C. several D. few

Question 12: A. The others B. Others C. Other D. Another

Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the best arrangement of utterances or sentences to make a meaningful exchange or text in each of the following questions from 13 to 17.

Question 13:

a. Lily: You used a toaster for pancakes?!

b. Max (robot): I tried cooking pancakes... But I set the toaster on fire.

c. Max: I'm still learning... But the smoke alarm was impressed.

A. b-a-c B. a-b-c C. c-b-a D. b-c-a

Question 14:

a. Tom: That sounds fun, although I still wish we could go outside.

b. Tom: I wanted to ride my bike, but the road is too wet.

c. Emma: Let's play chess because it's fun and it makes us think!

d. Emma: It's raining today, so I can't go to the park.

e. Emma: We can stay inside and play a game while we wait for the sun.

A. a-d-b-e-c B. d-b-c-e-a C. d-b-e-a-c D. c-a-e-b-d

Question 15:

Dear Lan,

a. Since you are attending too, maybe we can meet there?

b. When you talked about our products, I felt very proud because we work hard every day. If you need more samples, please let me know.

c. I am excited that you visited our factory in Vietnam last week. Although we are small, we make many parts for big companies in ASEAN.

d. I hope you had a safe trip home, and I look forward to working with you soon.

e. Our team wants to join the supply chain meeting in Bangkok next month, which will help us grow our business.

Best regards,

LK

A. e-b-a-c-d B. b-e-c-d-a C. c-b-e-a-d D. a-b-c-e-d

Question 16:

- a. Although Vietnam is small, it shares important information with other countries because teamwork makes everyone safer. When Typhoon Noru hit in 2022, Vietnam and the Philippines worked together to help people.
- b. Vietnam will continue to support ASEAN's disaster programs, and they hope to build stronger partnerships in the future.
- c. ASEAN members meet twice a year to make plans, and Vietnam always joins these important meetings. If countries work together, they can reduce damage from natural disasters.
- d. Vietnam helps ASEAN countries when storms or floods happen, and they send rescue teams quickly. The country has improved its warning systems, which save many lives every year.
- e. Vietnam trains special teams that can travel to other countries, and they bring food, medicine, and equipment. The government spend money on new technology because they want to protect their neighbors.

A. a-c-d-e-b

Question 17:

- a. Vietnam has changed its labor laws, which now allow workers to find jobs in other ASEAN countries more easily. These new policies help Vietnamese professionals, especially nurses and engineers, who want better opportunities abroad.
- b. The Ministry of Labor monitors worker protection abroad, and they work with embassies to ensure fair treatment. If problems occur, Vietnamese officials can help their citizens quickly and effectively.
- c. Vietnam continues to improve its policies each year, and it hopes to increase the number of professional exchanges within ASEAN by 2026.
- d. The government provides special training programs for citizens, and these courses prepare them for international work standards. Although language barriers exist, many workers study English or other ASEAN languages because they understand the importance of communication.
- e. Vietnam has signed several agreements with Singapore and Malaysia, which create special pathways for skilled workers to move between countries. When workers return home, they bring valuable experience and knowledge that benefits local businesses.

A. a-c-e-d-b **B.** a-d-e-b-c **C.** a-b-d-e-c **D.** a-e-d-c-b

Read the following passage about Vietnam's Next Generation in ASEAN Leadership and mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the option that best fits each of the numbered blanks from 18 to 22.

Vietnam's young leaders are becoming more active in ASEAN forums, and they bring fresh ideas to regional challenges. The government encourages students to participate in international programs, which helps them develop important skills for the future. Youth organizations across Vietnam organize workshops

and conferences (18)_____. These activities create a strong foundation for Vietnam's next generation of leaders who will represent their country in ASEAN.

If the youth had been given more opportunities earlier, Vietnam would have developed even faster in regional leadership. Young people who have international experience often return to Vietnam with valuable knowledge and networks. The ASEAN Youth Forum provides a platform for Vietnamese students; (19)_____. Many universities now offer ASEAN studies courses, and the enrolment numbers increase every year.

Young Vietnamese professionals (20)_____. The Ministry of Education supports exchange programs; these initiatives strengthen Vietnam's position in ASEAN. Several government agencies collaborate to ensure that youth voices are heard in policy discussions about regional integration. Vietnamese students regularly participate in ASEAN competitions and often win top prizes in categories like innovation and environmental protection.

(21)_____, which demonstrates its recognition of the importance of digital skills. The ASEAN Young Professionals Network now includes many Vietnamese members who contribute innovative solutions to regional problems. Government scholarships help talented students attend universities in Singapore, Malaysia, and Thailand, creating valuable connections across the region. (22)_____.

Question 18:

- A. teenagers had practiced mathematics and were learning about engineering
- B. where teenagers can practice public speaking and learn about diplomacy
- C. that teenagers who attend must demonstrate prior knowledge of politics
- D. teenagers are focusing on computer coding and will study robotics

Question 19:

- A. but teenagers must complete rigorous tests and submit formal applications
- B. although teenagers focus primarily on technical skills and computer programming
- C. so teenagers develop mathematical abilities and scientific research methods
- D. it also connects them with peers from neighboring countries

Question 20:

- A. whom international companies are hiring at an unprecedented pace
- B. which are competing in international forums at a remarkable level
- C. are being recruited by regional organizations at an impressive rate
- D. having been recognized by educational institutions at significant numbers

Question 21:

- A. It is a fact that Vietnam has invested in technology education for youth
- B. Whether Singapore could implement technology education reforms for youth

- C. How Thailand would approach digital literacy programs for students
- D. What Malaysia has considered regarding technical skills training for children

Question 22:

- A. These young artists showcase Vietnam's cultural heritage and promote traditional craftsmanship
- B. These young scientists develop Vietnam's technological innovations and pursue environmental sustainability
- C. These young athletes demonstrate Vietnam's sporting excellence and focus on international competition
- D. These young ambassadors represent Vietnam's future leadership and show commitment to regional cooperation

Read the following passage about Vietnam's Contribution to ASEAN's Collective Response to Global Crises and mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the best answer to each of the following questions from 23 to 30.

Vietnam has emerged as a key player in ASEAN's unified approach to addressing global challenges. Since joining ASEAN in 1995, Vietnam has demonstrated a **remarkable** commitment to regional cooperation during times of crisis. The country has actively participated in numerous regional initiatives aimed at tackling issues ranging from public health emergencies to economic instability. This active engagement reflects Vietnam's dedication to strengthening ASEAN's collective resilience and promoting sustainable development across Southeast Asia.

In response to the COVID-19 pandemic, Vietnam showcased exceptional leadership by coordinating medical supply distribution throughout the region. When neighboring countries faced critical shortages, Vietnam mobilized **its** domestic resources to provide essential medical equipment. Additionally, Vietnamese medical experts collaborated with regional counterparts to share valuable insights on containing the virus. This spirit of solidarity significantly enhanced ASEAN's capacity to mitigate the pandemic's devastating impact and accelerated the region's recovery process.

Climate change represents another area where Vietnam has made substantial contributions to ASEAN's joint efforts. The country has pioneered innovative approaches to environmental conservation, particularly in the Mekong Delta region. Vietnam has implemented **comprehensive** flood management systems that serve as models for other ASEAN members facing similar challenges. Furthermore, Vietnam has advocated for stronger regional policies on renewable energy adoption, demonstrating its commitment to sustainable development goals. These initiatives have strengthened ASEAN's collective voice in global climate negotiations.

Beyond health and environmental concerns, Vietnam has played a crucial role in enhancing ASEAN's economic resilience. **The country has consistently supported trade facilitation measures that benefit the entire region.** Vietnam's strategic location and growing manufacturing sector have positioned it

as an important link in regional supply chains. Moreover, Vietnam has championed digital transformation initiatives that help ASEAN economies adapt to changing global market conditions. Through these multifaceted contributions, Vietnam continues to reinforce ASEAN's ability to navigate complex global challenges while promoting regional prosperity and stability.

Question 23: According to the passage, which of the following is NOT mentioned as a contribution made by Vietnam to ASEAN?

- A. Medical supply distribution
- B. Climate change initiatives
- C. Trade facilitation measures
- D. Diplomatic conflict resolution

Question 24: The word “**remarkable**” in paragraph 1 is OPPOSITE in meaning to _____.

- A. ordinary
- B. significant
- C. impressive
- D. extraordinary

Question 25: The word “**its**” in paragraph 2 refers to _____.

- A. ASEAN's
- B. Vietnam's
- C. the region's
- D. the pandemic's

Question 26: The word “**comprehensive**” in paragraph 3 could be best replaced by _____.

- A. complicated
- B. expensive
- C. limited
- D. thorough

Question 27: Which of the following best paraphrases the underlined sentence in paragraph 4?

- A. Vietnam has regularly imposed trade restrictions that protect regional markets from global competition.
- B. Vietnam has occasionally endorsed policies that ease commerce primarily for its domestic advantage.
- C. Vietnam has selectively backed trade agreements that prioritize its economic interests over neighbors.
- D. Vietnam has steadily promoted initiatives that make regional trade easier for all ASEAN members.

Question 28: Which of the following is TRUE according to the passage?

- A. Vietnam joined ASEAN in 2000 after proving its value during regional economic crises.
- B. Vietnam's climate initiatives have focused exclusively on coastal erosion prevention.
- C. Vietnam provided medical supplies to neighboring countries during the pandemic.
- D. Vietnam opposes digital transformation due to threats against local businesses.

Question 29: In which paragraph does the writer mention Vietnam's contributions to ASEAN's climate change efforts?

- A. Paragraph 3
- B. Paragraph 2
- C. Paragraph 1
- D. Paragraph 4

Question 30: In which paragraph does the writer mention Vietnam's role in strengthening ASEAN's economic resilience?

- A. Paragraph 1
- B. Paragraph 4
- C. Paragraph 2
- D. Paragraph 3

Read the following passage about the Vietnam's Pharmaceutical Industry Development in the ASEAN Market and mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the best answer to each of the following questions from 31 to 40.

Vietnam's pharmaceutical industry has made remarkable strides in recent years, going off the beaten track compared to traditional development models. Since joining ASEAN in 1995, Vietnamese pharmaceutical companies have transformed from small domestic operations into regional competitors. This transformation reflects the country's strategic vision to become a pharmaceutical manufacturing hub within Southeast Asia. Despite ongoing challenges in research capabilities, Vietnam has leveraged **its** competitive labor costs and improving regulatory framework to attract significant international investment in pharmaceutical production facilities.

The COVID-19 pandemic accelerated Vietnam's pharmaceutical sector growth by highlighting the critical importance of regional supply chain resilience. When neighboring countries faced medical supply shortages, Vietnamese manufacturers rapidly scaled production of essential medications and protective equipment. This crisis response demonstrated Vietnam's emerging capacity to serve broader ASEAN markets during emergencies. Furthermore, the pandemic catalyzed new collaborative research initiatives between Vietnamese pharmaceutical companies and international partners, particularly in vaccine development and infectious disease treatments.

[I] Vietnam's pharmaceutical industry has implemented comprehensive quality control systems that align with international standards. [II] These rigorous protocols have enabled Vietnamese products to gain regulatory approvals across multiple ASEAN markets. [III] This approach has positioned Vietnamese pharmaceutical companies as important contributors to healthcare accessibility throughout Southeast Asia, especially in markets where expensive imported medications remain out of reach for many patients. [IV]

Looking ahead, Vietnam faces both opportunities and challenges in further developing its pharmaceutical industry within ASEAN. The country must balance ambitious expansion goals with the need for sustainable practices and continued quality improvements. Vietnam's pharmaceutical sector would benefit from increased investment in advanced research facilities and specialized workforce training programs. Despite these challenges, industry analysts predict that Vietnam will continue strengthening its position as a pharmaceutical manufacturing center in ASEAN, potentially capturing up to 25% of the regional generic medication market within the next decade.

Question 31: The phrase "off the beaten track" in paragraph 1 could be best replaced by _____.

A. falling behind B. breaking away C. moving forward D. looking around

Question 32: The word "its" in paragraph 1 refers to _____.

A. Research capabilities
B. International investment

- C. Vietnam**
- D. Pharmaceutical industry**

Question 33: According to the passage, all of the following are true about Vietnam's pharmaceutical industry EXCEPT?

- A. It has implemented quality control systems aligned with international standards
- B. It focuses on developing affordable generic medications
- C. It expanded production during the COVID-19 pandemic
- D. It has achieved complete pharmaceutical self-sufficiency

Question 34: Which of the following best summarises paragraph 2?

- A. The pandemic boosted Vietnam's pharmaceutical growth through increased production and new research partnerships.
- B. Vietnam's pharmaceutical companies focused primarily on vaccine development during the COVID-19 pandemic.
- C. Medical supply shortages in Vietnam led to improved regional collaboration within the ASEAN marketplace.
- D. International partners provided essential support to help Vietnam overcome its pharmaceutical limitations.

Question 35: The word “capacity” in paragraph 2 is OPPOSITE in meaning to .

Question 36: Where in paragraph 3 does the following sentence best fit?

Additionally, Vietnam has strategically focused on developing generic medications that address the region's most prevalent health concerns while remaining affordable.

A: [II] **B: [III]** **C: [IV]** **D: [V]**

Question 37: Which of the following best paraphrases the underlined sentence in paragraph 4?

- A. Vietnam should prioritize rapid growth over environmental concerns to achieve market dominance.
- B. Vietnam needs to manage growth targets while maintaining sustainability and enhancing product quality.
- C. Vietnam must focus on quality control systems before attempting to expand pharmaceutical production.
- D. Vietnam's expansion requires international partnerships to ensure sustainable manufacturing practices.

Question 38: Which of the following is TRUE according to the passage?

- A. Vietnam has focused on affordable generic medications that address regional health concerns.
- B. Vietnam's pharmaceutical industry has surpassed all other ASEAN countries in research capabilities.
- C. The pandemic caused Vietnamese pharmaceutical companies to lose market share to foreign competitors.
- D. Vietnam currently controls twenty-five percent of the regional pharmaceutical manufacturing market.

Question 39: Which of the following can be inferred from the passage?

- A. Vietnam's pharmaceutical industry will soon exceed China's production capacity in Southeast Asia.
- B. Vietnamese pharmaceutical companies prioritize profit margins over healthcare accessibility.
- C. The COVID-19 pandemic permanently disrupted traditional pharmaceutical supply chains in ASEAN.
- D. Vietnam's focus on affordable medications has improved healthcare access across Southeast Asia.

Question 40: Which of the following best summarises the passage?

- A. Vietnam's pharmaceutical industry faces insurmountable challenges despite recent growth in regional markets.
- B. Vietnam has developed its pharmaceutical industry into a regional competitor with continued growth potential.
- C. The COVID-19 pandemic was the primary catalyst for all advancements in Vietnam's pharmaceutical sector.
- D. Vietnam's pharmaceutical companies have surpassed international standards in research and development.