

Listen to the story.

For statements 1-7, choose the item that completes each statement correctly.

1. We learn at the beginning that the writer was surprised when ____
 1. his morning routine was interrupted.
 2. he opened the door to the police.
 3. his doorbell rang so early.
 4. he saw the look on the policemen's faces.
2. By the time the detective entered the interrogation room, the writer ____
 1. had begun to blame himself for his situation.
 2. had prepared many questions to ask.
 3. was beginning to realise the seriousness of his situation.
 4. didn't know how much time had passed.
3. The writer uses the phrase 'he dropped the bombshell' to show that ____
 1. the detective was not telling the truth about the crime.
 2. the detective had become angry and started shouting.
 3. the detective revealed some shocking information.
 4. the detective was not impressed with the writer's alibi.
4. When the lawyer arrived, she ____
 1. showed her disapproval of CCTV.
 2. insisted that the writer was innocent.
 3. didn't seem convinced by the evidence.
 4. was very critical of the detective.
5. The lawyer thought that the pictures were unacceptable because ____
 1. they were taken from a distance.
 2. the man in them didn't look like the writer.
 3. they didn't show the man's face.
 4. they were of very poor quality.
6. The writer was eventually released because ____
 1. new evidence proved him innocent.
 2. the real culprit was found.
 3. there was a lack of evidence.
 4. a court ruled that he should be.
7. The writer learnt from his experience that ____
 1. despite disadvantages, CCTV cameras are still beneficial to society.
 2. Britain has too many CCTV cameras.
 3. CCTV cameras have a disadvantage that most people don't think of.
 4. CCTV cameras bring more harm than good.

