

Đề thi thử số 14- Tiếng Anh 9

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word whose underlined part differs from the other three in pronunciation in each of the following questions.

1. A. move B. love C. glove D. dove
2. A. measure B. pleasure C. treasure D. ensure

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word that differs from the other three in the position of primary stress in each of the following questions.

3. A. number B. reply C. begin D. effect
4. A. family B. wonderful C. beautiful D. enjoyment

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions.

5. The festival attracts thousands of tourists because of its _____ decorations and colourful performances.

- A. magnificent B. vibrant C. breathtaking D. flexible

6. The hiking trip requires basic _____ such as a backpack, water bottle, and strong boots.

- A. equipment B. device C. clothing D. arrangement

7. She _____ her homework before _____ out with friends last night.

- A. finished – went B. finishing – going C. had finished – going D. finished – had gone

8. That's the musician _____ songs are popular worldwide.

- A. who B. whom C. whose D. which

9. I'm looking forward _____ you at the party next weekend.

- A. to see B. to seeing C. have seen D. will see

10. There are _____ apples in the basket. You can take one.

- A. little B. much C. few D. a few

11. Anna said she was helping her mom cook dinner _____.

- A. now B. then C. today D. soon

12. Mai notices that Anna looks upset.

Mai: You seem worried. _____?

Anna: I lost my phone this morning.

- A. How are you today B. What's wrong
C. Are you okay with that D. Do you want to talk about it

Read the following announcement and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct option that best fits each of the numbered blanks from 13 to 16.

TRIP TO HA LONG BAY

Get ready for an exciting trip to Ha Long Bay, one of Vietnam's most beautiful destinations!

We will (13) _____ from Ha Noi by bus on 10th March.

Enjoy fresh seafood and local specialties (14) _____ exploring the bay's stunning limestone

islands. We will stay at a (15) _____ near the beach for two nights.

Activities include a boat cruise, kayaking, and visiting the famous Sung Sot Cave. Don't forget to bring comfortable clothes and a camera!

For more details and registration, please contact (16) _____ Travel Club or your form teacher. Join us for an unforgettable adventure!

13.A. arrive B. depart C. stop D. take

14.A. during B. by C. while D. for

15.A. 3-star hotel B. hotel 3 stars C. 3 stars hotel D. hotel 3-star

16.A. a B. (zero article) C. one D. the

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions from 17 to 18.

17. Put the sentences (a-c) in the correct order, then fill in the blank to make a logical paragraph.

One of the biggest problems for teenagers today is stress. Many teens feel pressure from school, exams, and family expectations. They also struggle with social issues, such as making friends and fitting in. _____. Additionally, doing physical activities like jogging or yoga can improve their mood. ...

- a. Talking to parents, teachers, or friends can also help reduce stress.
- b. Stress can lead to anxiety, tiredness, and even health problems.
- c. To solve this, teenagers should manage their time well, take breaks, and get enough sleep.

A. a - c - b B. b - c - a C. c - a - b D. b - a - c

18. Choose the sentence that can end the paragraph (in Question 17) most appropriately.

- A. With the right support and habits, teens can handle stress and enjoy a healthier life.
- B. Lastly, many students feel stressed because they have too much homework and not enough time to relax.
- C. In my opinion, many students feel stressed because they have too much homework and not enough time to relax.
- D. As a result, students should create a study schedule to manage their time effectively.

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct option that best fits each of the numbered blanks from 19 to 24.

Some people believe that history is not useful in daily life and that schools should focus more on science and technology. (19) _____, history plays an important role in helping people understand the world and become better citizens.

History teaches us about past events, cultures, and societies. It shows how different civilizations developed and changed over time. (20) _____ about history, students can understand how today's world was shaped and how past experiences influence the present and future.

Studying history also helps people learn (21) _____. It teaches about both successes and

mistakes from the past, allowing us (22) _____ better decisions. History also promotes respect for different cultures and traditions.

Moreover, history helps students become responsible citizens. It provides knowledge about governments, national values, and important leaders. Understanding history allows people to see how societies work and how (23) _____ to a better future.

Although history is about the past, it remains (24) _____ the present and the future.

19.A. On the other hand B. Moreover C. However D. On the one hand

20.A. To learn B. Learn C. To have learnt D. By learning

21.A. valuable lesson life B. valuable life lessons C. lessons valuable life D. valuably life lessons

22.A. to make B. making C. taking D. to take

23.A. can they contribute B. they can create C. can they create D. they can contribute

24.A. essential for B. necessary in C. important on D. urgent at

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that is closest in meaning to the original sentence in each of the following questions.

25. Was it James who won the competition last year?

- A. Was James winning the competition last year?
- B. Last year James won the competition, wasn't he?
- C. Who won the competition last year except James?
- D. James won the competition last year, didn't he?

26. The questions in the job interview weren't as difficult as Dan had expected.

- A. The questions in the job interview were more difficult than Dan had expected.
- B. The questions in the job interview were less challenging than Dan had expected.
- C. The questions in the job interview weren't so easy as Dan had expected.
- D. The questions in the job interview were more challenging than Dan had expected.

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that is made from the given cues in each of the following questions.

27. end/ we/ decide/ take a taxi/ home/ because/ it/ too late/ walk.

- A. At the end, we decided to take a taxi home because it's too late to walk.
- B. In the end, we decided to take a taxi home because it was too late to walk.
- C. In the end, we decided taking a taxi home because it was too late for walking.
- D. At the end, we had decided to take a taxi home because it was too late walking.

28. She/ diet/ she/ only/ add/ little/ sugar/ her coffee.

- A. She is on a diet, however, she only adds a little sugar to her coffee.
- B. She is in a diet; therefore, she only adds a little sugar in her coffee.
- C. She is in a diet so she only adds very little sugar into her coffee.
- D. She is on a diet; therefore, she only adds a little sugar to her coffee.

Read the following sign or notice and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions.

29. What does the sign say?

- A. Only tennis players can use the courts here.
- B. You can play any sport inside these courts.
- C. Ball games are allowed when courts are free.
- D. Skateboarding is allowed when tennis stops.



30. What does the notice say?

- A. The button locks the fitting room door.
- B. The light flashes when help is needed.
- C. Press the button to ask for some help.
- D. The light stays on when the room is free.



Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions from 31 to 36.

Many students face difficulties in school, but disadvantaged students have even bigger problems. A study found that two-thirds of academy chains in the UK do not help low-income students succeed. Some schools improve education, but many still struggle to provide enough support.

One big problem is lack of support at home. Many students take care of **siblings** or work over 20 hours a week. This leaves little time for studying. Some students also have no quiet place to study because they share a room or sleep on the sofa. Without a proper study space, they often lose their homework or cannot concentrate.

Another issue is low career ambition. Research shows that almost half of students from poor families do not know anyone with a job they want. This makes them less confident and less motivated to work hard. Only one in eight of these students becomes a high earner in the future.

Mentors and role models can help. Studies show that 84% of students feel more confident after meeting successful **former students**, and 82% start working harder. Schools can also support students by offering free meals, counseling, and study programs. With the right help, disadvantaged students can improve their education and have a better future.

31. What is the main idea of the text?

- A. Many students struggle in school due to a lack of ambition.
- B. Disadvantaged students face challenges but can succeed with support.
- C. Low-income students do not work hard enough in school.
- D. Most students have family problems that affect their studies.

32. What is the CLOSEST meaning to the word **siblings in the passage?**

- A. Parents
- B. Brothers or sisters
- C. Teachers
- D. Friends

33. What is one reason disadvantaged students struggle in school?

- A. They often have no quiet place to study.
- B. They do not want to complete school assignments.
- C. They prefer working instead of going to school.
- D. They lose focus due to responsibilities at home.

34. What is one challenge that prevents students from planning for the future?

- A. They do not have role models for career success.
- B. They lack support from teachers who guide them toward career goals.
- C. They struggle with schoolwork because they have limited access to learning materials.
- D. They have fewer career options because they cannot afford higher education.

35. What is the OPPOSITE meaning of former students in the passage?

- A. Students who are currently studying at school.
- B. Students who dropped out and never returned.
- C. Students who failed school and had to repeat a grade.
- D. Teachers who once studied at the school but now work there.

36. Which detail is NOT mentioned in the passage?

- A. Schools can help by offering free meals and study programs.
- B. Some students take care of their younger siblings.
- C. Schools provide free transport for disadvantaged students.
- D. Many low-income students lack role models for success.

Four phrases/sentences have been removed from the text below. For each question, mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct option that best fits each of the numbered blanks from 37 to 40.

Japanese food has many different dishes, but fish is the most important ingredient. For centuries, people in Japan ate mainly fish because meat was not allowed until 1872, after a 1,200-year ban. Since Japan is surrounded by water, (37) _____. It is also very healthy because it contains omega-3 fatty acids, which help the heart and brain stay strong.

Fish is not just food in Japan – (38) _____. Fishermen pray to Watatsumi, the water god, for good luck in fishing. Families celebrate Okuizome, a special meal when a baby is 100 days old. (39) _____. Many traditional dishes use dashi, a soup stock made from fish, to add flavor. (40) _____. When people are busy, they eat bento meals, which often include fish. No matter how food changes, fish remains an essential part of Japanese food and life.

- A. fish became the main source of protein
- B. An older family member pretends to feed the baby fish as a wish for a healthy life
- C. A typical Japanese breakfast includes fish, rice, miso soup, and vegetables
- D. it is also part of tradition and culture

37. _____

38. _____

39. _____

40. _____