

TA9 LUYỆN THI VÀO 10      MOCK TESTS  
ĐỀ THI THỬ TUYỂN SINH VÀO LỚP 10 THPT



NĂM HỌC 2025-2026      Thời gian làm bài: 60 phút (không kể phát đề)

**MOCK TEST 2**

**Part 1: Write A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word or phrase that best completes each of the following sentences. (2.0 pts)**

1. She asked me \_\_\_\_\_ my mum worked from home those days.  
A. where                      B. when                      C. what                      D. whether
2. You can use \_\_\_\_\_ to buy tickets and book accommodation on your own.  
A. travel apps    B. tour guides    C. travel agencies    D. online programmes
3. The teacher asked his students to copy the new words \_\_\_\_\_ their notebooks.  
A. over    B. on                      C. up                      D. into
4. The optician has advised that I \_\_\_\_\_ contact lenses.  
A. should wear              B. would wear              C. will wear              D. must wear
5. Do you mind \_\_\_\_\_ the music so loud?  
A. not playing    B. don't play              C. played                      D. playing not
6. Humans are cutting down too many trees on Earth, \_\_\_\_\_ lungs are jungles and forests.  
A. whose                      B. which                      C. who                      D. that
7. Scientists use the Hubble Space Telescope, \_\_\_\_\_ began orbiting Earth in 1990, to observe and take pictures of planets.  
A. whose                      B. which                      C. who                      D. that
8. Ann: Would you like me to give you a ride home?  
Tom: \_\_\_\_\_



A. Yes, I would. You're very kind.

B. Thank you. You're welcome.

C. Thank you. That's so kind of you. D. No, I wouldn't. That's so kind of you.

**Part 2:** Read the following announcement and write A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct option that best fits each of the numbered blanks. (1.0 pt)

Today, English is spoken all over the world, but not everyone speaks it the same way. Different countries have developed their own (9) \_\_\_\_\_ of English. These are often called "World Englishes." For example, people in Australia, India, and Singapore all speak English, but their accents and some words are (10) \_\_\_\_\_ from each other.

Learning about World Englishes helps us (11) \_\_\_\_\_ that English is not owned by one country. It is a global language that is shaped by many cultures. Therefore, when communicating internationally, it is important to be (12) \_\_\_\_\_ and open-minded about different styles of speaking English.

9. A. versions

B. kinds

C. sounds

D. shapes

10. A. strange

B. similar

C. different

D. alike

11. A. remember

B. realize

C. imagine

D. discover

12. A. careful

B. serious

C. proud

D. respectful



**Part 3: Write A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the best arrangement of**

**utterances/sentences to make a meaningful exchanges/text in each of the following questions.**

**(1.0 pt)**

13.

- a. Nam: I described Ha Long Bay and why it was recognized as a UNESCO World Heritage Site.
- b. Mai: What did you present during the geography project?
- c. Mai: Wow, Ha Long Bay is truly stunning. I'd love to visit it one day.

A. b – a – c                  B. a – b – c                  C. c – b – a                  D. b – c – a

14.

- a. Minh: I shared about how smartphones have changed the way people communicate.
- b. Hoa: What was your topic for the science presentation?
- c. Hoa: That's interesting! Smartphones really make life easier.
- d. Minh: Yes, and they continue to improve with new technologies every year.

A. b – a – c – d                  B. a – b – c – d                  C. d – a – b – c                  D. b – c – a – d

15.

- a. Last summer, my family and I went to visit the Grand Canyon.
- b. We took lots of pictures to capture the beauty of the place.
- c. The view from the top was absolutely breathtaking.
- d. It was an unforgettable experience, and we hope to go back someday.

A. b – a – c – d                  B. a – b – c – d                  C. d – a – b – c                  D. c – a – b – d



- a. People spent more time outdoors, enjoying nature and playing sports.
  - b. Life was simpler, and people didn't rely on modern technology as much.
  - c. Although life was tough in many ways, it brought a sense of community and togetherness.
  - d. In the past, families were much closer, and people often gathered together for meals.
- A. b – a – c – d      B. a – b – c – d      C. d – a – b – c      D. a – c – b – d

**Part 4. Read the following passage and write A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the best answer to each of the following questions.**

Cell phones are an **integral** part of our society and their main use is communication. They keep students in touch with the rest of the world by giving them the power to interact with it. In the old days, if you forgot your lunch, you were at the mercy of the office calling home for you. Now, students have the ability to solve their own problems and handle certain emergencies on their own.

Cell phones also allow students to keep in touch with students at other schools or friends that don't go to school. While not directly beneficial to education, better relationships can lead to higher self-esteem and reduce isolation, which is good for everybody. In the same way, camera phones allow students to capture the kinds of memories that help build a solid school culture, and, in some cases, can act as documentation of misbehavior in the same way that store cameras provide evidence and deter bad behavior.

Academically, the cell phone can record a video of a procedure of explanation that may need to be reviewed later. It could be used to record audio of a lecture, as well, > for later review. And just imagine if classes could be easily taped for students who are ' absent. What if they could even be streamed and seen from home instantly?



17. Which does the passage mainly discuss?

- A. Cell phones will be used as textbooks.
- B. How to use some electronic devices in education.
- C. Cell phones can be used as an excellent record.
- D. How cell phones are used in communication and education.

18. The word “**integral**” in paragraph 1 is OPPOSITE in meaning to \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. main                      B. necessary                      C. unimportant                      D. easy

19. According to paragraph 1, with the cell phone, now students can \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. handle the household chores                      B. solve their own problems
- C. record their lectures                      D. cook their lunch

20. According to the passage, cell phones help students to do all of the following **EXCEPT**?

- A. write their assignment                      B. record audio of a lecture
- C. keep in touch with their friends                      D. capture the kinds of memories



**Part 5. Read the following passage and decide if the statements that follow are TRUE or****FALSE. (1.0pt)**

Vietnam is a beautiful country with many diverse landscapes, from mountains to beaches. Tourists from around the world come to explore its natural beauty and rich culture. Many travellers choose to visit Vietnam for its unique charm. Popular destinations like Ha Long Bay, Hoi An, and Sa Pa attract millions of visitors each year. Each region in Vietnam offers unique experiences. Some prefer to visit rural areas to experience local life. Visitors can enjoy traditional Vietnamese food, explore ancient temples, or take part in local festivals. However, with the increasing number of tourists, there is a need to manage tourism carefully. It is important to develop sustainable tourism practices to protect these beautiful sites. Local communities also benefit from tourism, as it provides income and supports their culture by selling local products and offering homestay experiences.

21. Some travellers choose to visit Vietnam for its unique charm.
22. Visitors can enjoy traditional Vietnamese food, explore ancient temples, or participate in local festivals.
23. With the increasing number of tourists, there is a need to manage tourism carelessly.
24. It is significant to develop sustainable tourism practices to protect these beautiful sites.

**Part 6. Give the correct form of words in brackets. (1.0 pt)**

25. By \_\_\_\_\_ English, you can get access to a wider educational and career opportunities. (**learn**)
26. He has a \_\_\_\_\_ job, so he has to make every effort to do his best. (**challenge**)
27. When work and entertainment go online, technology workers play an \_\_\_\_\_ role. (**importance**)



28. If you train harder in \_\_\_\_\_ months, you can run a marathon. (third)

**Part 7. Each sentence has a mistake. Find the mistakes and correct them. (1.0 pt)**

29. The museum is that wooden house which gate is painted red.

30. There is a big construction site near my house, so it's very noisily.

**Part 8. Complete the second sentence so that it has the same meaning as the first one. Use**

**NO MORE THAN FOUR WORDS. (2.0 pts)**

31. I cannot run a marathon if I don't train very hard.

→ \_\_\_\_\_ very hard, I cannot run a marathon.

32. That song makes me think of our first date.

→ That song \_\_\_\_\_ our first date.

33. The last time I visited my uncle was a year ago.

→ I \_\_\_\_\_ my uncle for a year.

34. Though I love my job, I don't like wearing the uniform.

→ I love \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_ I don't like wearing the uniform.