

- a. **How** can you get to the Christ Statue?
 b. **Where** does the train leave from?
 c. **Why** do people choose a van?
 d. **How many** locations are there to get the van?
 e. **Who** can choose a hike?
- I. Three.
 II. Cosme Velho.
 III. By car, train, van or on foot.
 IV. People looking for adventure.
 V. Because it's the easiest option.

TIP
 Localize nomes próprios para identificar informações específicas mais rapidamente.

3 Go back to **exercise 2** and focus on the question words in **orange**. How do you say them in Portuguese? Match the columns.

- a. **How** is equivalent to
 b. **Where** is equivalent to
 c. **Why** is equivalent to
 d. **How many** is equivalent to
 e. **Who** is equivalent to
- I. "Onde".
 II. "Por que".
 III. "Quem".
 IV. "Como".
 V. "Quanto(s)/Quanta(s)".

Language Note
 We use "Why" in questions and "because" in answers.

4 Copy the following table into your notebook. Then, replace each icon ★ with an appropriate word/expression from the questions in exercise 2 as in the example. Notice the position of each element in the questions.

No exercício 4, copie a tabela em seu caderno. Depois, substitua cada ícone ★ por uma palavra ou expressão das perguntas do exercício 2 como no exemplo. Observe a posição de cada elemento nas perguntas.

Example: a. How/you

	Question word	Auxiliary verb	Subject	Main verb	Complement
a.	★	can	★	get	to the Christ Statue?
b.	★	does	★	leave from?	//////
c.	★	★	people	choose	a van?
d.	★	//////	★	are there	to get the van?
e.	★	★	//////	★	a hike?

Language Note
 In "How can you get to the Christ Statue?", **can** expresses *possibility*. (= How is it possible to get to the Christ Statue?)

5 In each item, put the words into the correct order and write the questions in your notebook.

- a. you/live?/Where/do
 b. What/tourist/there?/main/is/attraction/the
 c. get/can/How/there?/you
 d. Why/choose/do/to go there?/people

6 Now answer the questions from exercise 5.