

At the Doctor's Surgery



Answer the questions in full sentences:

- Where are the people?
- Why are they waiting?
- How many people are there?
- Are they shoppers or patients?
- What is there on the table?
- What is the old lady doing?
- How many pictures are there on the wall?



Match up the start and ending of the sentences:

- | | |
|----------------------------|-------------------------------|
| 1. The patient is lying | a. to the patient's chest |
| 2. The doctor is listening | b. a white coat |
| 3. The doctor is using | c. 'Breathe in; breathe out.' |
| 4. The doctor is saying: | d. on the examination couch |
| 5. The doctor is wearing | e. his stethoscope |



True or false? Correct the false sentences:

- The young man is wearing a shirt
- The doctor is wearing his white coat
- The doctor is holding a thermometer
- The doctor says: 'Smile!'
- The doctor is taking the patient's temperature



Put the missing words back in:

The patient is _____ on a bench in the examination room. The doctor is _____ his _____. He is feeling the patient's _____ and he is also testing his reflexes. The doctor asks: 'Does this _____?'

muscles - examining - sitting - hurt - leg



Rearrange the words to make the sentences correct.

- Doctor is the desk his sitting at.
- Is prescription a he writing.
- Left is computer the on the.
- Stethoscope neck his the round is.
- Right-handed is doctor the.



Put the missing prepositions in: behind - in front of - opposite - on - in (x2)

- There are two people _____ the pharmacy
- The pharmacist is _____ the counter.
- The prescription is _____ his hand
- The medicines are _____ the shelves.
- The computer is _____ the pharmacist.
- The patient and the pharmacist are _____ each other.

Word bank

Tick any items that you can see in the six pictures.

Waiting room

Surgery

Doctor

Stethoscope

Nurse

Examination

Pills

Prescription

Pharmacy

Fire door

Window

Pharmacist

Computer

Patient

Mouse

Mask

GP (general practitioner)

Thermometer

Appointment

Receptionist

Hand sanitiser

Magazines

Examination couch

X-ray machine

Filing cabinet

Jack goes to the Doctor's.

Telling the story.

Jack does not feel very well. He rings the surgery and makes an appointment with the receptionist.



Then he goes to see the doctor. He waits his turn in the waiting room. There are other people there. They don't look very happy!

After about ten minutes, Jack's name is called and he goes into the examination room. The doctor asks Jack some questions and then he asks him to lie down. He examines Jack. First, he takes the stethoscope and he listens to his chest. Jack's breathing sounds fine. His heart rate is normal. That's good!

Next, the doctor gets the thermometer and he takes Jack's temperature. Jack's temperature is a bit high. He thinks Jack has got an infection.

Finally, he tests Jack's reflexes. He taps on his knee. His reflexes are good!

The doctor makes a diagnosis. He tells Jack that he has got an infection. He writes a prescription for antibiotics. He tells Jack to rest for a couple of days. He advises Jack to come back to the surgery if he does not improve.

The pharmacy is next door to the surgery. Jack takes his prescription and gives it to the pharmacist. The pharmacist gives Jack his medication. Let's wish him a speedy recovery! Get well soon, Jack!

Answer the questions in full sentences:

1. How does Jack feel? He
2. Who does he make an appointment with?
3. Where does he wait?
4. How do the patients look? They....
5. What does the doctor ask him to do?
6. What does he use the stethoscope for?
7. How is Jack's heart rate?
8. How is Jack's temperature?
9. What is the diagnosis?
10. Can Jack go straight back to school, or does he have to stay at home?
11. What must Jack do if he does not get better?
12. Where is the pharmacy?
13. Who does Jack give his prescription to?
14. What does the pharmacist give Jack?

Note: A general practitioner (GP) works in a local surgery. He or she sees patients via an appointment.



Note on the tense: When describing a picture, we use the present continuous tense: e.g. In picture 1, the patients are waiting. When narrating an event, we use the present simple tense. We can also use words like: *first, then, next, after that, finally.*

Rearrange the words to make the sentences correct. Here are the correct sentences:

1. The doctor is sitting at his desk.
2. He is writing a prescription.
3. The computer is on the left.
4. The stethoscope is round his neck.
5. The doctor is right-handed.

Match-up (picture 2) 1d, 2a, 3e, 4c, 5b