


Life Vision Intermediate Plus

Unit Test 5

Listening: Recognizing specific information

1.  Listen to a woman talking about the video game industry and complete the sentences with words from the text. Write one or two words only. (6 points)

- 1 Video games made more than \$_____ billion in 2020.
- 2 The country which spends the _____ most on video games is Germany.
- 3 Visitors to a laboratory in New York could play a _____ game.
- 4 As computing power increased, game development became more _____.
- 5 More people prefer _____ over consoles these days.
- 6 Players can now use in-game currency to spend on their game _____.

Grammar: Modals of advice, obligation and prohibition

2. Choose the correct words from the box to complete the sentences. There are three words you do not need. (6 points)

mustn't ought needn't should can have shouldn't had must

- 1 They _____ look at the screen for so long because it's bad for them.
- 2 You _____ be noisy in the library as it's not allowed.
- 3 If your leg still hurts, you _____ see a doctor.
- 4 He _____ bring any money. I'll pay for everything.
- 5 We don't _____ to do any homework this weekend.
- 6 The new company rule is that all visitors _____ sign in when they arrive.

Grammar: Modals of deduction and speculation

3. Complete the sentences with one word. (6 points)

- 1 Your bag is disgusting! This banana _____ have been here for weeks!
- 2 Priya might _____ gone home. She said she wasn't enjoying the party.
- 3 I saw Piotr going to the cinema an hour ago so he _____ be at Jack's house.
- 4 Ed _____ speak German! He's lived in Germany for ten years.
- 5 Filip _____ not want to go to the party. Have you asked him?
- 6 The bus is at eleven so it _____ have left yet but we need to hurry.

Grammar: Modals of advice, obligation and prohibition

4. Complete the second sentence so that it means the same as the first sentence using the words given. Use between two and five words. (6 points)

- 1 Do you think it is a good idea that I buy these shoes?
(should)
Do you think I _____ shoes?
- 2 It is a good idea that you watch this film.
(ought)
You _____ this film.
- 3 It is a rule that employees arrive at 8.30 a.m. every morning.
(have)

- Employees _____ at 8.30 a.m. every morning.
- 4 It is an obligation that they are on time for work.
(must)
They _____ late for work.
- 5 It isn't necessary for them to bring anything to the party.
(have)
They _____ anything to the party.
- 6 It is not necessary for Isabel to call the office this morning.
(need)
Isabel _____ call the office this morning.

Vocabulary: Understanding topic vocabulary

5. Choose the correct words from the box to complete the sentences. There are three words you do not need. (6 points)

factories price goods increase retailers stock supply demand packaged

- I didn't buy the car because the _____ was too high.
- There was a big _____ in sales during the summer.
- We sell a lot of sporting _____ to customers in different countries.
- The clothes are _____ in plastic bags and are ready to be sent to the shops.
- The weather has a big effect on the _____ for ice cream.
- Could you tell me if you have any more of these bags in _____?

Vocabulary: Understanding topic vocabulary

6. Choose the correct words from the box to complete the sentences. There are three words you do not need. (6 points)

wage currency debt statement tax interest cash loan deposit

- I need to withdraw some _____ from the bank.
- My dad always gets angry because he has to pay so much _____ to the government.
- I use a credit card when I'm abroad but also change some money into local _____.
- Richard made a _____ into his bank account.
- I don't want to be charged a really high _____ rate when I want to buy a house.
- Mariam works and studies because she doesn't want to get into _____ while she's at university.

Vocabulary: Understanding topic vocabulary

7. Use the words in brackets to form a word that fits in the gap. (6 points)

- The internet has caused a lot of high street _____ (retail) to close down.
- The books are all ready for _____ (distribute).
- Not many people work in _____ (manufacture) in this country.
- There was a lot of interest from _____ (consume) in the new product.
- Brazil is probably the biggest _____ (export) of coffee.
- My uncle has his own TV _____ (produce) company.

Reading: Distinguishing between fact and speculation

8. Read the article about high street shopping and choose the best option to answer the questions. (6 points)

Will high street shops survive?

By Henry Tennant

Do you like shopping using the internet? Maybe you do. It's certainly an easy way to get the things you need. But what effect does online shopping have on real shops? In the future, will there be any shops left in our towns and cities? Will high street shops survive?

It is not news that high street retailers are struggling. They have been finding it difficult to compete with online stores for years. When the coronavirus disease (Covid-19) spread around the world in 2020, we noticed this change a little more. The picture became much more depressing for a lot of well-known stores.

Many shops had to temporarily close so that the virus didn't spread as easily. This meant that a lot of retailers went out of business. According to reports, nearly 180,000 people lost their retail jobs in the UK in 2020. This is almost a quarter higher than the year before.

Some people think that it is not only the pandemic that should be blamed for the decline of high street shopping. It just made it happen faster. They say that the internet has been killing actual, physical shopping for years.

For consumers, online shopping has many advantages. Some people find it easier than going to the shops, there is greater choice and you can find products which are less expensive. Looking at the data, we can see that online sales account for 20% of all retail sales in the UK. This is likely to rise in the future.

Personally, I think it's much better ordering whatever I want with the click of a button than walking round a huge shopping centre. Whether I'm buying new jeans, a pair of trainers or a present for a friend, I prefer to pick them out in the comfort of my own home than go to a crowded shop.

But many people still like doing their shopping on the high street. One big UK clothes shop found lockdown difficult because it did not have an online store. It suffered losses. But, when lockdown ended, there were big queues of people waiting to get into the shop. There is still consumer demand for real stores.

It is clear to me that shops need to change. They need to offer something that online stores can't provide. High street shops should have things like exhibitions, live bands, DJs and community events. They should provide an experience. I am hopeful that if retailers adapt, they will continue to survive on the high street.

- 1 From paragraph two, we know that the writer thinks that ...
 - A shops should go online if they want to improve business.
 - B it is surprising that business has been bad for shops recently.
 - C business has been bad for shops for a long time.
- 2 It is a fact that in the UK retail sector ...
 - A hundreds of thousands of people became unemployed in 2020.
 - B all job losses were because of Covid-19 in 2020.
 - C unemployment will increase in the future.
- 3 We can definitely say it is true that ...
 - A everybody agrees that online shopping is more convenient.
 - B more people continue to shop on the high street than online.
 - C people prefer shopping on the internet mainly because it is cheaper.

- 4 From paragraph six, we know that the writer of this article ...
- A likes buying jeans either on the high street or online.
 - B likes shopping on the high street.
 - C likes being able to shop online.
- 5 One British clothes shop ...
- A did not sell things on the internet in 2020.
 - B wasn't very popular when they reopened.
 - C was not affected by Covid-19.
- 6 The writer thinks that shops ...
- A must accept they will have to close.
 - B should continue the same way as before.
 - C need to provide something different.