

PRACTICE 02/03

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the word that differs from the other three in the position of primary stress in each of the following questions.

1. A. decide B. arrive C. accept D. service
2. A. educate B. entertain C. satellite D. chemistry

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the word whose underlined part differs from the other three in pronunciation in each of the following questions.

3. A. none B. among C. convenient D. wonderful
4. A. holiday B. healthy C. hobby D. honour

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the most suitable answer to each of the following questions.

5. If the weather is nice tomorrow, we _____ swimming.
A. go B. will go C. are going D. have gone
6. My brother's new hobby is _____ foreign coins.
A. collection B. collecting C. collected D. collect
7. It was impossible for her to tell the truth so she had to _____ a story.
A. invent B. combine C. manage D. lie
8. I will lend you my laptop _____ you promise to take good care of it.
A. if B. unless C. when D. where
9. My father _____ come to pick us up. He will let me know for sure later.
A. need B. would C. might D. must
10. Many of the _____ for that movie were filmed here in this mountainous area.
A. sights B. scenery C. views D. scenes
11. Andrea had a _____ in her hair yesterday.
A. nice yellow bow B. yellow nice bow
C. bow nice yellow D. bow yellow nice
12. What time is the flight _____ to arrive?
A. bound B. plan C. thought D. due
13. Charles Dickens _____ many wonderful characters in his novels.
A. invented B. discovered C. uncovered D. created
14. The children had _____ argument about what game to play.
A. the B. a C. an D. ✕(no article)

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the word(s) CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.

15. My elder sister failed her final exam, which depressed my parents.

- A. embarrassed B. satisfied C. pleased D. disappointed

16. It's very hard to talk to Mr. Baker. He's 75 years old, and he's deaf.

- A. can't see anything B. can't walk C. can't hear well D. can't run far

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the word(s) OPPOSITE in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.

17. Several soldiers were seriously wounded in the fight.

- A. slightly B. unfortunately C. severely D. suddenly

18. Mrs. Walker's little boy was going to run into the street. She yelled at him to come back.

- A. ran quickly B. said loudly C. walked slowly D. spoke softly

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the most suitable response to complete each of the following exchanges.

19. - " _____ do you get to school?" - "By bike."

- A. What B. How C. How often D. How far

20. - "Did you enjoy the film?" - " _____ "

- A. It was not a good comedy. B. I didn't go home early.
C. Yes, it was such a nice film. D. No, I was at my friend's house.

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the correct answer that best fits each of the numbered blanks.

Lake Baikal is a huge lake in Siberia, Russia. It is the (21) _____ fresh water reservoir in the world. The lake is near Irkutsk.

Lake Baikal is about 636 kilometres long. It is 20 to 80 kilometres wide. (22) _____ its deepest point, it is 1,700 metres deep. With this depth, it is the deepest lake on Earth. The lake is (23) _____ UNESCO World Heritage Site. It holds about 20% of the world's unfrozen surface fresh (24) _____. The lake has fish that exist only here and nowhere else. It is home to more than 1,700 (25) _____ of plants and animals, two-thirds of which can be found nowhere else in the world.

21. A. smallest B. biggest C. longest D. highest
22. A. At B. In C. On D. Of
23. A. a B. an C. the D. X
24. A. land B. ice C. water D. air
25. A. classes B. forms C. styles D. species

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions.

Tens of thousands of earthquakes happen every year. The vast majority are so small that only scientific instruments can perceive them. Others are powerful enough that people can feel them, yet they cause little harm or damage. More powerful earthquakes, however, can cause buildings, bridges, and other structures to collapse. *They* may additionally injure and kill thousands of people and might even cause the land to change its appearance.

Since most of the Earth's surface is water, numerous earthquakes happen beneath the planet's oceans. Underwater earthquakes cause the seafloor to move. This *results in* the displacement of water in the ocean. When this occurs, a tsunami may form. This is a wave that forms on the surface and moves in all directions from the place where the earthquake happened. A tsunami moves extremely quickly and can travel thousands of kilometres. As it approaches land, the water near the coast gets sucked out to sea. This causes the tsunamis to increase in height. Minutes later, the tsunami arrives. A large tsunami - one more than ten metres in height - can travel far inland. As it does that, it can flood the land, destroy human settlements, and kill large numbers of people.

- 26.** The word "*They*" in the passage refers to _____.
- A. earthquakes B. buildings C. bridges D. structures
- 27.** Which of the following is NOT mentioned about earthquakes?
- A. How many people they typically kill. B. How often powerful ones take place.
C. What kind of damage they can cause. D. How severe the majority of them are.
- 28.** The phrase "*results in*" in the passage mostly means _____.
- A. carries out B. picks up C. looks for D. leads to
- 29.** What is probably true about tsunamis?
- A. They kill more people each year than earthquakes.
B. They are able to move as fast as the speed of sound.
C. They cannot damage ships sailing on the ocean.
D. They can be deadly to people standing near shore.
- 30.** Which of the following might be the title of the passage?
- A. Most Deadly Tsunamis B. Damaging Natural Disasters
C. Earthquakes and Tsunamis D. Frequency of Earthquakes

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the underlined part that needs correction in each of the following questions.

31. There was a very interesting news on the radio this evening about the match.

- A. There B. a C. on the D. about

32. The amount of women earning Doctor's Degrees has risen sharply in recent years.

- A. The amount of B. earning C. has risen D. recent years

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the sentence that is closest in meaning to the original sentence in each of the following questions.

33. *It takes my mum 20 minutes to get to work on foot.*

- A. My mum leaves the house at six twenty and goes to work.
B. My mum generally spends twenty minutes walking to work.
C. Twenty minutes is long enough for my mum to drive to work.
D. My mum wastes 20 minutes on the way to her work.

34. *Can you tell me when you were born?*

- A. Please give me your place of birth.
B. Can I have your address, please?
C. Can you tell me about your last birthday?
D. I'd like to know your date of birth.

35. *He plays badminton better than anyone I know.*

- A. He is one of the good badminton players I know.
B. He is the best badminton player I know.
C. I know someone playing badminton better than him.
D. I know him to play badminton better than someone.

36. *She works all day, so she doesn't have time to play with her children.*

- A. If she works all day, she won't have time to play with her children.
B. She would have time to play with her children if she hadn't worked all day.
C. If she didn't work all day, she would have time to play with her children.
D. She would have had time to play with her children if she didn't work all day.

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the sentence that is best written from the words/phrases given.

37. *people / friendly / food / good*

- A. The people are friendly and the food was good.
B. The people were friendly and the food was good.

- C. The people were friendly but the food is good.
- D. The people was friendly and the food were good.

38. *not / forget / post / letter / give / you*

- A. Don't forget posting the letter I gave to you.
- B. You don't forget to post the letter for you.
- C. Don't forget to post the letter I gave you.
- D. Don't forget and post the letter I gave you.

39. *Be quiet / listen / teacher / explanation*

- A. Be quiet! We listen to the teacher explanation.
- B. Be quiet! We're listening to the teacher's explanation.
- C. Being quiet! We're listening to the teacher's explanation.
- D. Being quiet! We always listen to the teacher's explanation.

40. *Duong / usually / his grandmother's house / Sunday.*

- A. Duong usually goes to his grandmother' house on Sunday.
- B. Duong usually visits to his grandmother' house on Sunday.
- C. Duong usually looks at his grandmother' house on Sunday.
- D. Duong usually likes his grandmother' house on Sunday.