



1. Прослушайте текст и определите, какие из приведённых утверждений А–Е соответствуют содержанию текста (1 – **Right**), какие не соответствуют (2 – **False**). Всё услышите текст дважды.

	True	False
	1	2
A. Kelly saw the royal guards in black uniforms.		
B. The guards were marching.		
C. Kelly fed ducks in Hyde Park.		
D. There are statues of tigers on Trafalgar Square.		
E. A lot of pigeons fly to the square.		

Запишите в таблицу выбранные цифры под соответствующими буквами.

A	B	C	D	E

2. Прочитайте текст.

Для каждого предложения А–Е выберите один правильный вариант ответа из трёх предложенных (1, 2 или 3).

Isaac Newton

Isaac Newton, one of the most brilliant minds in history, was born on January 4, 1643, in the small town of Woolsthorpe, England. As a child, he was rather quiet and didn't always fit in with his peers. Instead of jumping into games, young Isaac preferred to spend his time exploring the wonders of nature and experimenting with colors and light.

As Isaac grew older, he attended the University of Cambridge, where his passion for physics and science grew bigger. During his time at college, he studied deeper the works of great thinkers who came before him, like Galileo and Descartes. Once Newton observed an apple fell from a tree. This event sparked his thoughts about why objects fall to the ground, leading to the formulation of his famous law of universal gravitation. One legend says that the apple actually fell onto his head but there is no proof to this.

Isaac Newton also had a keen interest in mathematics, and he played a key role in developing mathematical analysis. His groundbreaking book, "Mathematical Principles Of Natural Philosophy", or simply "Principles", published in 1687, explained his laws of motion and universal gravitation, laying the foundation for modern physics.

A. In his childhood Isaac Newton was ...

- 1) noisy and communicative.
- 2) shy and quiet.
- 3) naughty and restless.

B. Young Isaac was fond of ...

- 1) jumping into games.
- 2) reading historical books.
- 3) studying the nature.

C. During his study at college, Isaac ...

- 1) became even more interested in science.
- 2) lost his interest in science.
- 3) published his scientific book.

D. He could formulate the law of gravitation thanks to ...

- 1) the help of another scientist.
- 2) a brilliant scientific experiment.
- 3) a usual natural event.

E. Choose the TRUE sentence.

- 1) Isaac Newton developed a lot theories but didn't publish them.
- 2) Isaac Newton's works laid the foundation of modern physics.
- 3) Isaac Newton found his way in literature and published a book.

Запишите в таблицу выбранные цифры под соответствующими буквами.

A	B	C	D	E

3. Прочитайте текст.

Вставьте вместо каждого пропуска, обозначенного буквами A-E, нужную грамматическую форму, выбрав её из трёх предложенных вариантов (1, 2 или 3).

The History of Buttons

Buttons were created a long time ago, around 2000 BC. First buttons were made of materials such **A**_____ seashells, stones and even wood. They were not used for **B**_____ clothes but rather as decorative pieces or as a form of currency.

As fashion evolved, by the Middle Ages, buttons **C**_____ essential for fixing clothes and showed wealth and status, often decorated with unusual designs and precious metals. By the 18th and 19th centuries, buttons were mass-produced, making **D**_____ widely available. They have become a symbol of personal style, with a variety of shapes, sizes and materials that reflect unique **E**_____.

A	1) like	2) of	3) as
B	1) fasten	2) fastening	3) to fasten
C	1) became	2) become	3) becomed
D	1) they	2) them	3) their
E	1) personality	2) personalities	3) personalitys

Запишите в таблицу выбранные цифры под соответствующими буквами.

A	B	C	D	E

Вы получили электронное письмо от Вашего друга по переписке Пола из Великобритании.

Ниже приведён отрывок из этого письма.

From: Paul@mail.uk

To: Russian_friend@mail.ru

Subject: Country life

... As you know, this summer I am spending holidays in the country in my grandparents' house. Actually, I have no friends here and sometimes I feel boring.

What activities can you offer me to do in the country? What are positive things about living in the country? Do you prefer spending time in the city or in the countryside?

Write back soon.

Best wishes,

Paul

Напишите ему ответное письмо объёмом 60-70 слов, ответьте на три его вопросы. Оформите свой ответ в соответствии с правилами оформления письма. Не пишите адрес и дату.

Не забудьте поблагодарить друга за полученное письмо.

From: Russian_friend@mail.ru

To: Paul@mail.uk

Subject: Country life