

## TA9. U9. World Englishes – Vocabulary 2

|                                                                                       |                                                                                     |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 1. <b>bilingual</b> ( <i>adj</i> ) / baɪˈlɪŋɡwəl/ – sử dụng được hai ngôn ngữ         | 13. <b>Inner Circle</b> ( <i>n</i> ) / ˈɪnəˈsɜːkl/ – vòng tròn bên trong            |
| 2. <b>borrowed word</b> ( <i>n</i> ) / ˈbɒrəʊd wɜːd/ – từ mượn                        | 14. <b>look up</b> ( <i>v</i> ) / lʊk ʌp/ – tra (từ điển)                           |
| 3. <b>concentric</b> ( <i>adj</i> ) / kənˈsentrɪk/ – đồng tâm                         | 15. <b>mean</b> ( <i>v</i> ) / miːn/ – nghĩa là                                     |
| 4. <b>consist</b> ( <i>v</i> ) / kənˈsɪst/ – bao gồm                                  | 16. <b>model</b> ( <i>n</i> ) / ˈmɒdl/ – mô hình                                    |
| 5. <b>copy</b> ( <i>v</i> ) / ˈkɒpi/ – chép lại                                       | 17. <b>official language</b> ( <i>n</i> ) / əˈfɪʃl ˈlæŋɡwɪdʒ/ – ngôn ngữ chính thức |
| 6. <b>establish</b> ( <i>v</i> ) / ɪˈstæblɪʃ/ – thành lập                             | 18. <b>Outer Circle</b> ( <i>n</i> ) / ˈaʊtəˈsɜːkl/ – vòng tròn bên ngoài           |
| 7. <b>exchange student</b> ( <i>n</i> ) / ɪksˈtʃeɪndʒ ˈstjuːdənt/ – học sinh trao đổi | 19. <b>pick up</b> ( <i>phr.v</i> ) / pɪk ʌp/ – học (ngôn ngữ tự nhiên)             |
| 8. <b>Expanding Circle</b> ( <i>n</i> ) / ɪkˈspændɪŋ ˈsɜːkl/ – vòng tròn mở rộng      | 20. <b>propose</b> ( <i>v</i> ) / prəˈpəʊz/ – đề xuất                               |
| 9. <b>first language</b> ( <i>n</i> ) / fɜːst ˈlæŋɡwɪdʒ/ – ngôn ngữ thứ nhất          | 21. <b>second language</b> ( <i>n</i> ) / ˈsekənd ˈlæŋɡwɪdʒ/ – ngôn ngữ thứ hai     |
| 10. <b>fluent</b> ( <i>adj</i> ) / ˈfluːənt/ – trôi chảy; thành thạo                  | 22. <b>standard</b> ( <i>adj</i> ) / ˈstændəd/ – chuẩn mực                          |
| 11. <b>go over</b> ( <i>phr.v</i> ) / ɡəʊ ˈəʊvə(r)/ – ôn tập lại                      | 23. <b>translate</b> ( <i>v</i> ) / trænˈsleɪt/ – dịch                              |
| 12. <b>immigrant</b> ( <i>n</i> ) / ɪmɪɡrənt/ – người nhập cư                         | 24. <b>variety</b> ( <i>n</i> ) / vəˈraɪəti/ – biến thể                             |
|                                                                                       | 25. <b>vocabulary</b> ( <i>n</i> ) / vəˈkæbjələri/ – từ vựng                        |

### Exercise 1: Choose the correct answer for each question.

- A person who speaks two languages fluently is called:
  - Monolingual
  - Fluent
  - Immigrant
  - Bilingual
- When learning a new language, many people naturally \_\_\_\_\_ words from their environment without formal instruction.
  - Establish
  - Mean
  - Go over
  - Pick up
- Some English words like "restaurant" or "entrepreneur" come from French, making them examples of:
  - Borrowed words
  - Standard vocabulary
  - Second language terms
  - Concentric terms
- Before taking a language test, students should \_\_\_\_\_ their notes to review key concepts.
  - Go over
  - Look up
  - Copy
  - Mean
- An \_\_\_\_\_ is someone who moves to a new country to live permanently.
  - Exchange student
  - Tourist
  - Immigrant
  - Fluent speaker
- The "Expanding Circle" in linguistics refers to countries where English is:
  - The official language
  - A widely used foreign language

- c) Not spoken at all
  - d) Part of the "Inner Circle"
7. The official language of a country is the one:
- a) Used for government and education
  - b) Only spoken in families
  - c) Borrowed from another language
  - d) Learned as a second language
8. If you don't know the meaning of a word, you can \_\_\_\_\_ it in a dictionary.
- a) Go over
  - b) Look up
  - c) Pick up
  - d) Consist
9. A "model" of language learning refers to:
- a) A theoretical framework explaining how languages are acquired
  - b) A person who speaks many languages
  - c) A language rulebook
  - d) A country's official language
10. What is the main purpose of an exchange student program?
- a) To help students learn about another culture and language
  - b) To establish a new business in a foreign country
  - c) To promote tourism in a specific region
  - d) To replace the official language of a country
11. The structure of the English language \_\_\_\_\_ a subject, verb, and object in most sentences.
- a) Copies
  - b) Consists of
  - c) Means
  - d) Establishes
12. A second language is one that:
- a) Is the first language a person speaks as a child
  - b) A person learns in addition to their native tongue
  - c) Is used only in informal situations
  - d) Is a standard variety of English
13. What does "fluent" mean when referring to language ability?
- a) Speaking a language smoothly and confidently
  - b) Knowing only basic words in a language
  - c) Having difficulty forming sentences
  - d) Speaking with a heavy accent
14. If a country has more than one language that is widely spoken, it may have:
- a) A second-language ban
  - b) A borrowed word system
  - c) A concentric circle model
  - d) A bilingual population
15. Which term describes a specific form of a language spoken in a particular region?
- a) Concentric
  - b) Official language

- c) Expanding Circle
- d) Variety

**Exercise 2: Complete the sentences using the correct words from the list below.**

**(bilingual, borrowed word, concentric, consist, copy, establish, exchange student, first language, fluent, look up, official language, second language, standard, translate, vocabulary)**

1. If you are learning a new language, it helps to \_\_\_\_\_ words in a dictionary when you don't know their meaning.
2. English has many \_\_\_\_\_ from Latin, French, and German.
3. When traveling abroad, knowing the \_\_\_\_\_ of the country can be very helpful for communication.
4. Many tourists struggle to \_\_\_\_\_ menus in foreign restaurants.
5. Some international students participate in \_\_\_\_\_ programs to experience different cultures and education systems.
6. A \_\_\_\_\_ person can switch between two languages easily.
7. The "Inner Circle" in English language studies refers to countries where English is the \_\_\_\_\_.
8. Many bilingual children grow up speaking their \_\_\_\_\_ at home and another language at school.
9. The structure of a formal essay often \_\_\_\_\_ an introduction, body, and conclusion.
10. A well-educated speaker should have a wide \_\_\_\_\_ to express their ideas effectively.
11. If you do not understand an unfamiliar phrase, you can \_\_\_\_\_ its meaning online.
12. Linguists often study the different varieties of English within a \_\_\_\_\_ model of world language use.
13. Some people can become \_\_\_\_\_ in a second language within a few years of practice.
14. Governments often \_\_\_\_\_ strict language policies to promote national identity.
15. It is common for learners to \_\_\_\_\_ words and phrases from teachers when practicing pronunciation.