

Test 10

LISTENING

SECTION 1 Questions 1–10

Questions 1–6

Complete the notes below.

Write **NO MORE THAN TWO WORDS AND/OR A NUMBER** for each answer.

Notes on Adult Education Classes

Example	Answer
Number of classes per week:	7

Tuesday:

- 1 6–7.30 pm
— Limited space: no more than 2 **participants**
Book Club
— Must read 3 books
4 Group
— Learn about local events last century

Wednesday:

- Scrabble Club 5
— popular

Thursday:

- Chess Night
— serious
6
— For special occasions

Questions 7–10

Complete the notes below.

Write **NO MORE THAN THREE WORDS** for each answer.

Adult Learners' Week

- No cost but must make 7
— September 1–8
Techno Expo
— Learn how to use 8
— Learn about online security issues and online entertainment
— Monday, 1–4.30 pm

- 9
- Consider values
- Learn how to attain harmony
- Wednesday, 1–4.30 pm

Venue: 10

SECTION 2 *Questions 11–20*

Questions 11–14

Choose the correct letter, A, B or C.

- 11 Most infants are hurt
A at the supermarket.
B at home.
C in car accidents.
- 12 Children should learn good safety habits from
A their pre-school teachers.
B television programmes.
C their parents.
- 13 Why are kitchens more dangerous for infants than adults?
A They may get stood on.
B They may get burnt.
C They may cut themselves.
- 14 Poisons should never be kept
A in glass drink bottles.
B within reach of adults.
C in their original containers.

Questions 15 and 16

Which **TWO** items of playground equipment pose the most danger for children?

- | | |
|---------------|-------------------|
| A Roundabouts | D Seesaws |
| B Slides | E Climbing frames |
| C Swings | |

Questions 17–20

Write NO MORE THAN THREE WORDS for each answer.

- 17 If you are bathing the baby and the phone rings, what should you do?
.....
- 18 What can you install to stop a child from poking things into a power point?
.....
- 19 Where should a parent go to smoke a cigarette?
.....
- 20 When can a parent leave a young child alone in a room with a heater?
.....

SECTION 3

Questions 21–30

Questions 21–26

Complete the summary below.

Choose your answers from the box and write the letters A–N next to questions 21–26.

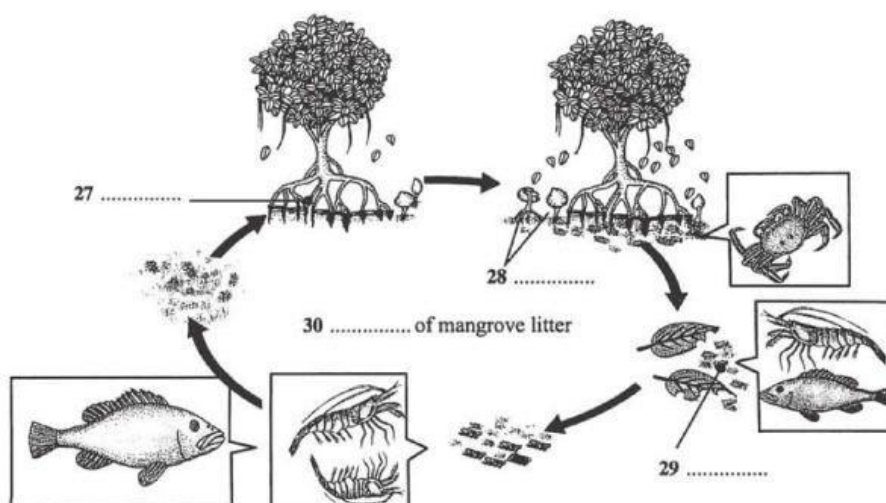
A wetland is an area where the soil is typically water-logged. Plants and animals living there depend on the wetness for their **21** Draining swamps is a widespread occurrence which kills off wildlife and, consequently, wetlands are **22** worldwide. It is a feature of wetlands that conditions vary according to **23** Water-tolerant plants grow both in and out of the water and water levels are usually **24** Wetlands naturally occur between land and water and become **25** for various wildlife during very dry periods. They also act as nurseries for different kinds of animal life. Wetlands are known to upgrade **26** by removing pollutants.

- | | |
|---|---------------------------|
| A | water quality |
| B | seasonal change |
| C | saturated soil |
| D | safe places |
| E | quite low |
| F | quite high |
| G | nutrients |
| H | nurseries |
| I | international recognition |
| J | farming activity |
| K | extinct |
| L | continued existence |
| M | commercial development |
| N | at risk |

Questions 27–30

Complete the diagram below.

Write **NO MORE THAN TWO WORDS** for each answer.



SECTION 4

Questions 31–40

Questions 31 and 32

Write **ONE WORD ONLY** for each answer.

Name **TWO** elements which produce weather:

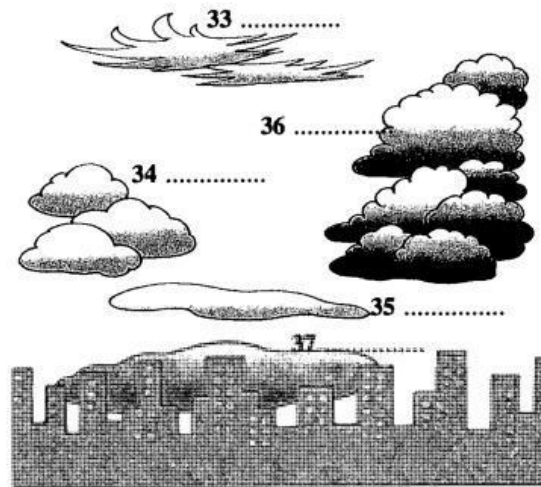
31

32

Questions 33–37

Label the diagram below.

Choose your answers from the box and write the letters **A–E** next to questions 33–37.



- A Cirrus
- B Cumulonimbus
- C Stratus
- D Fog
- E Cumulus

Questions 38–40

Complete the flow chart below.

Write **NO MORE THAN TWO WORDS** for each answer.

Old assumption:

Large dust particles ➡ 38 ➡ more rain

New research:

More dust ➡ less rain (because water too dispersed to form 39)

Conclusion:

Loss of topsoil in nearby areas ➡ progressive 40 of deserts