



1. Вы услышите диалог. Для каждого вопроса A–E выберите один правильный вариант ответа из трёх предложенных (1, 2 или 3). Вы услышите запись дважды.

**A. Why is Liam tired?**

1. He had too much homework.
2. He was playing video games all night.
3. He didn't sleep well.

**B. What does Emma think about the museum?**

1. It is too small.
2. It will be interesting.
3. It is boring.

**C. What part of the museum interests Liam?**

1. Dinosaurs
2. Ancient history
3. Space exploration

**D. What special activity does the museum have?**

1. A Mars exhibit
2. A space landing simulator
3. A 3D movie

**E. What do Emma and Liam decide to do before entering the museum?**

1. Get a snack
2. Visit the gift shop
3. Read about the museum

Запишите в таблицу выбранные цифры под соответствующими буквами.

A	B	C	D	E

2. Установите соответствие между текстами A–E и рубриками 1–6. Используйте каждую рубрику только один раз. В задании одна рубрика лишняя.

1. Local cuisine
2. Unusual traditions
3. Animal species
4. Tourist attractions
5. A popular event
6. A variety of landscapes

**Texts**

**A.** Russia's landscape is incredibly diverse, featuring everything from vast plains to towering mountains, dense forests, and deep lakes. The country is home to natural wonders like Lake Baikal, the Ural Mountains, and the Kamchatka Peninsula with its active volcanoes. These different regions offer a wide range of experiences, from hiking in summer to skiing in winter.

**B.** Russian cuisine is well known for its hearty and warming dishes. Among the most famous are borsch, a beetroot soup often served with sour cream, and pelmeni, traditional dumplings filled with meat. Russians also enjoy blini, thin pancakes often eaten with honey, jam, or caviar. Many dishes reflect the cold climate and are designed to keep people warm and full.

**C.** One of the most celebrated festivals in Russia is Maslenitsa, which marks the end of winter. During this week-long event, people enjoy pancakes, participate in outdoor games, and burn a straw effigy to symbolize the arrival of spring. The festival combines Christian and pre-Christian traditions and remains one of the most colorful celebrations in the country.

**D.** Russia is home to a variety of unique animals, including the Amur tiger, which is one of the rarest big cats in the world. Other notable species include the Baikal seal, the only freshwater seal, and the Siberian brown bear, which is often seen as a symbol of the country. These animals thrive in Russia's vast and often extreme natural environments.

**E.** Travelers to Russia can explore historic cities such as Moscow and St. Petersburg, with their stunning architecture and world-famous museums. The Kremlin, the Red Square, and the Hermitage Museum are among the top sights. For those who prefer nature, the Trans-Siberian Railway offers breathtaking views of Russia's landscapes.

Запишите в таблицу выбранные цифры под соответствующими буквами.

A	B	C	D	E

3. Прочтайте текст и заполните пропуски A–E частями предложений, обозначенными цифрами 1–6. Одна из частей в списке 1–6 лишняя.

#### The Hermitage Museum

The **Hermitage Museum** is one of the largest and oldest museums in the world, located in St. Petersburg. It was **A** \_\_\_\_ 1764 when Empress Catherine the Great acquired an extensive collection of paintings. Over the years, the museum expanded, and parts of the original building **B** \_\_\_\_\_. The museum was officially **C** \_\_\_\_\_ in the 19th century, opening its doors to the public.

Today, the **Hermitage** is known for its vast collection of art and historical artifacts. It **D** \_\_\_\_\_ cultural institutions in the world, attracting millions of visitors each year. To truly appreciate the museum, one must **E** \_\_\_\_\_, as it houses more than three million exhibits, including works by Rembrandt, Van Gogh, and Picasso.

1. explore its extensive galleries
2. served as the royal residence
3. suffered damage during wars
4. remains one of the most famous
5. rebuilt and redesigned
6. was initially founded in

Запишите в таблицу выбранные цифры под соответствующими буквами.

A	B	C	D	E

4. Прочтайте текст и вставьте вместо каждого пропуска, обозначенного буквами A–F, подходящее слово, выбрав его из списка. Каждое из этих слов может быть использовано только один раз. Два слова в списке 1–8 лишние.

#### The Moscow Kremlin

The **Moscow Kremlin** is one of the most significant historical and political landmarks in Russia. Originally built as a wooden fortress, it was gradually transformed into a **A** \_\_\_\_\_ stronghold with red-brick walls and towers. Throughout history, it has served as a residence for Russian rulers, who **B** \_\_\_\_\_ in the grand halls and chambers.

1. suffered
2. took
3. attractive
4. buildings
5. literature
6. discussed
7. historical
8. character

During the Napoleonic Wars, parts of the Kremlin **C** \_\_\_\_\_ serious damage due to enemy attacks, but they were later restored to their original form. One of the most remarkable **D** \_\_\_\_\_ inside the Kremlin is the Assumption Cathedral, where Russian tsars were once crowned. The Kremlin is often mentioned in Russian **E** \_\_\_\_\_ and has become a symbol of the country's strength and heritage. Today, it is one of the most **F** \_\_\_\_\_ destinations in Moscow.

#### Word Choices:

Запишите в таблицу номера выбранных слов под соответствующими буквами.

A	B	C	D	E	F

#### Часть 2

5. Прочтайте приведённый ниже текст. Преобразуйте, если необходимо, слова, напечатанные заглавными буквами в конце строк с пропусками, обозначенными номерами 1–6, так, чтобы они грамматически соответствовали содержанию текста. Впишите полученные слова на места пропусков разборчивым почерком.

**Winston Churchill**

Of all the leaders in the history of the United Kingdom, **Winston Churchill** is one of the most **A** ..... He is widely respected for his leadership during World War II. Churchill **B** ..... as Prime Minister in 1940, a time of great crisis.

REMEMBER

APPOINT

As a student, he was not particularly strong academically, but he **C** ..... a deep passion for history and literature. He also worked as a journalist before entering politics. Churchill **D** ..... famous for his speeches, which inspired millions of people.

DEVELOP

BE

His opponents often criticized his decisions, but his supporters **E** ..... that he was a visionary leader. Many years later, he **F** ..... with the Nobel Prize in Literature for his historical writings.

BELIEVE

AWARD

**ЛИНГВОСТРАНОВЕДЧЕСКИЙ ТЕСТ****6. Для каждого предложения А–Е выберите один правильный вариант ответа из четырёх предложенных (1, 2, 3 или 4).**

A. The capital of Scotland is ...

1. Glasgow.
2. Aberdeen.
3. Edinburgh.
4. Dundee.

B. The Statue of Liberty was a gift to the USA from ...

1. Germany.
2. Italy.
3. Spain.
4. France.

C. The Tower of London was originally built as ...

1. a prison.
2. a castle.
3. a cathedral.
4. a palace.

D. William Shakespeare was born in ...

1. Oxford.
2. London.
3. Liverpool.
4. Stratford-upon-Avon.

E. The currency used in Canada is the ...

1. dollar.
2. pound.
3. euro.
4. peso.

A	B	C	D	E

**7. WRITING.****You have received an email message from your English-speaking pen-friend Sam:****From:** Sam@mail.uk**To:** Russian\_friend@mail.ru**Subject:** School

...I really enjoy my school, especially our literature classes. What is your favorite subject at school? Do you have any special traditions at your school? How do students in your country celebrate the end of the school year?

By the way, I've just joined a new sports club...

Write a letter to Sam.

In your letter:

- answer his questions;
- ask **2 questions** about the new sports club.

Write **100–130 words**.

Remember the rules of letter writing

**From:** Russian\_friend@mail.ru

**To:** Sam@mail.uk

**Subject:** School