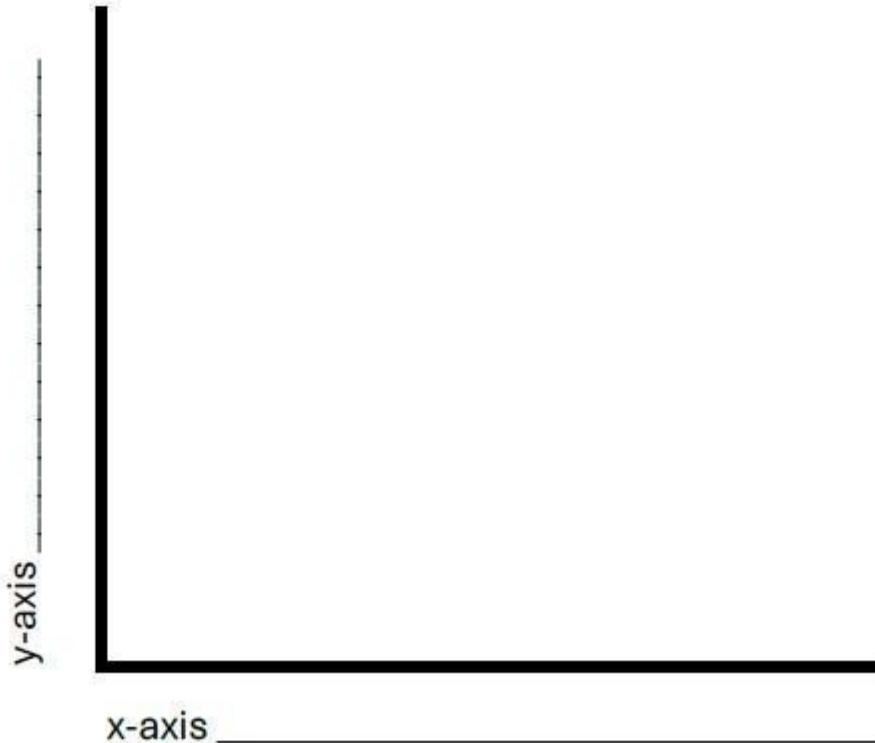


Title: _____



Summary:

1. A **distance-time graph** tells us how far an object has _____ from its _____ point over time.
2. _____ is always plotted on the x-axis.
3. _____ is always plotted on the y-axis.
4. A straight diagonal line indicates the object is traveling at a _____ speed.
5. The steeper the diagonal line, the _____ the motion.
6. A **horizontal** line means the object is **not** _____ and its position from the reference point is _____ changing.
7. A **downward** sloping line means the object is _____ to the start (reference point).
8. A **curved** line tells us the object's speed is _____. An **upward curve** indicates the object is _____ and a **downward curve** indicates the object is _____.