

Prepare the reading:

Leukemia:

Sick:

Paper crane:

To grant a wish:



SADAKO SASAKI BIOGRAPHY

TICK THE CORRECT SENTENCE:

<p><input type="checkbox"/> SADAKO WAS A GIRL</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> SADAKO WAS A BOY</p>	
<p><input type="checkbox"/> THIS IS A PAPER CRANE</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> THIS IS A BALL</p>	
<p><input type="checkbox"/> THESE ARE FOUR PAPER CRANES</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> THESE ARE THREE PAPER CRANES</p>	

MATCH THE IMAGES AND THE SENTENCES.

SADAKO SURVIVED THE ATOMIC BOMB OF HIROSHIMA



SADAKO DIED IN OCTOBER 1955



SADAKO MADE OVER 1000 PAPER CRANES



EVERY YEAR PEOPLE HANG THOUSANDS OF PAPER CRANES FROM THE STATUE OF SADAKO.



THEY MADE A STATUE OF SADAKO AT PEACE PARK IN HIROSHIMA



SADAKO BECAME VERY SICK



There was a little girl called Sadako Sasaki. She survived the USA nuclear bombing of Hiroshima, Japan, on August the 6th 1945.

Sadako was two years old, and she and her family lived about 1.6 km away from the place where the bomb exploded.

Years later, when Sadako was eleven, she became very sick and went to the hospital. Doctors said the radiation of the nuclear bomb gave her leukemia.

Sadako believed in an old Japanese story that if you make one thousand paper cranes, you would be granted a wish. She decided to make 1000 cranes and wish for good health and peace all around the world.

It is not clear if she finished the thousand paper cranes or not, but she died in October 1955, when she was only twelve years old.

Her story became famous, and each year, thousands of paper cranes hang from the statue of Sadako in Hiroshima's peace park as a way to ask for peace all over the world.





[Video youtube](#)

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