

Quick test 3

1. Insert the words into the gaps:

approximate; hardcopy; images; peripheral ; print head; connector; bit; technology; electronic scales; pixels; byte; inkjet printing; sensitive; quality; display resolution.

1. Printers create paper copies, called....., of information sent from the computer.
2. The of images on the screen is measured in terms of resolution.
3. The of a digital television, computer monitor or display device is the number of distinct pixels in each dimension.
4. The image displayed on the screen is composed of many rows of tiny dots, called.....
5. The dot-matrix printer can produce a wide variety of as well as graphics.
6. Thermal printers produce printed images by heating paper selectively when it passes over thermal.....
7. She wanted to weigh some sugar for a cake, so she had to use.....
8. Scanners, printers, and speakers are devices for a computer because they aren't integral to the computer itself.
9. I need your advice. How can I make my phone screen moreto touch?
10. Printers can be classified by the print they employ.
11. A port has a physical and an address, so that programs know where to send information.
12. Acan have only one of two values. The most common representation of these values are 0 and 1. The term is a portmanteau of binary digit.
13. A is the unit most computers use to represent a character such as a letter, number, or typographic symbol.
14. This is the location of the ancient city. I don't know exactly where it was.
15. is a type of computer printing that creates a digital image by propelling droplets of ink onto paper, plastic, or other substrates.

Choose the correct answer.

16. What are you thinking about? - This time next week, I on the beach.
- A will have sunbathed
 - B will be sunbathing
 - C will have been sunbathing
17. Have you finished decorating your house yet? – No, but I by Friday.
- A will be finishing
 - B will have been finishing
 - C will have finished
18. to the supermarket today? – Yes. Do you want me to get you something?
- A Will you have gone
 - B Will you have been going
 - C Will you be going
19. Can you give Steve a message for me? – Certainly. I him at work later on today.
- A will be seeing
 - B will have seen
 - C will have been seeing
20. You've been working hard all day. – Yes. At 3 o'clock I for six hours.
- A will be studying
 - B will have been studying
 - C will have studied
21. Sarah has gone to the cinema to see that film again. – I know. After this time, she it five times!
- A will have seen
 - B will have been seeing
 - C will be seeing
22. John has an exam tomorrow, doesn't he? – Yes. In fact, at this time tomorrow, he the exam.
- A will have been having
 - B will be having
 - C will have
23. Are you typing another report? – Yes. By the time I finish this one, I twenty-three reports today!

- A will have been typing
- B will have typed
- C will be typing

24. Those two people have been dancing all evening. – Yes. By eleven o'clock, they for four hours.

- A will have been dancing
- B will have danced
- C will be dancing

25. We'd better take a taxi to the station. – Yes. The train in fifteen minutes.

- A has left
- B will have left
- C leaves

26. Cathy doesn't study enough. – I know. I'm afraid she her exam.

- A won't pass
- B won't be passing
- C won't have passed

27. I want to visit Katie. – Well, don't visit her before 5 o'clock. She

- A is working
- B will be working
- C will have worked

28 to the library today? – Yes. Would you like me to return your books?

- A Will you have gone
- B Will you have been going
- C Will you be going

29. Shall we go shopping? – I can't go until the babysitter

- A arrives
- B will arrive
- C arrived

30. I'm having trouble with the car. – I'm sure John you fix it if you ask him.

- A is going to help
- B helps
- C will help

