

LISTENING (20 MARKS)

I) Listen to five speakers talking about different topics. Match the speakers (1–5) with the statements (A–F). There is one extra statement.

- A Speaker ____ tells people about the life of an author.
- B Speaker ____ is going to stay in his / her new country.
- C Speaker ____ complains about his / her parents.
- D Speaker ____ talks about a relative's husband.
- E Speaker ____ introduces a programme for young people.
- F Speaker ____ talks about how a place has changed.

II) Listen to Eva talking about the good and bad sides of her job as a driving instructor. Complete the sentences with one word.

- 1. The best thing about my job is that I actually _____ it.
- 2. As it's my own _____, I can _____ when I want.
- 3. And of course I _____ a lot of people of all _____.
- 4. The bad side is that I don't really _____ very _____.
- 5. The other problem is the _____.

READING (20 MARKS)

III) Read the text. Mark the sentences T (true) of F (false).

- 1. When DC Hilton bought his restaurant it stayed open 24 hours. _____
- 2. Most of his customers were people whose jobs involve travelling. _____

3. Hilton came up with the idea of 24-hour opening himself. _____
4. The idea of opening 24 hours wasn't very successful. _____
5. Now Hilton's business offers more than just food. _____
6. Scientists are worried about people sleeping fewer hours. _____
7. Today, Americans don't sleep as much as they used to. _____
8. People who often work at night find it easy not to fall asleep. _____

Don't go to bed or you may lose customers!

24-hour working is becoming the fashion...

DC Hilton was one of the first Americans to find out that there was money to be made in the middle of the night. 43 years ago he bought a small restaurant on US Highway 69, in Oklahoma. His main customers were truck drivers and travelling salesmen who drank coffee and ate cheeseburgers when they stopped to break their journey.

It was they who first tried to persuade Hilton to stay open all night. He thought about it for a while, and then suddenly made up his mind. He took the door key and threw it across the road. He hasn't closed the door since.

Over the years his simple burger café has expanded into a 24-hour roadside empire, with a 100-seat restaurant, a petrol station, a mini shopping market, a park for mobile homes and all-night launderette.

Hilton was a pioneer in a 24-hour trend which has now caught on around the world. Today not only restaurants but also banks, supermarkets, mail-order firms, travel agencies and many other businesses are beginning to stay open all night. But is this really a good thing?

A lot of research has been done in America on the effect of 24-hour working, and there is growing concern about the long-term dangers of a society that doesn't sleep. Americans are said to be sleeping 20% less than they did 100 years ago, and 55% claim to suffer at least occasionally from



chronic tiredness. Several of the worst man-made disasters, including Chernobyl and the Bhopal chemical disaster in India, happened in the last few hours before dawn, when even **the most experienced** night-worker has difficulty staying awake.

IV) Match the underlined words/expressions in the text with the following meanings. There are two extra underlined words that you do not need.

1. fashion, tendency: _____

2. a reason to worry: _____

3. decided: _____

4. become popular: _____

USE OF ENGLISH (20 MARKS)

V) Complete the second sentences with two or three words so that they mean the same as the first sentences. Do not use contractions.

1. I didn't go to the party because I had to work that day.

If I hadn't had to work, I _____ to the party.

2. 'Don't go outside unless you have put sunscreen on' said my mother.

My mother _____ to go outside unless I had put sunscreen on.

3. I didn't pass the exam because I didn't read the instructions carefully.

I would have passed the exam if I _____ the instructions carefully.

4. Tamara didn't have lunch at work last week because she was busy.

If she hadn't been busy, she _____ lunch at work.

5. 'You can't buy a bigger table. Our house is small!'

If our house was bigger, you _____ a bigger table.

VI) Read the text and move the words into the correct boxes. There is one extra word in each box that you don't need to use.

IN - SHIFT - EMPLOYED - UNEMPLOYED - OVERTIME –

STORE - PART - FOR - AT - EARN - ON

I'm 1) _____ university, I'm in my second year, but I'm not 2) _____. I'm responsible 3) _____ online sales in a department 4) _____ as well. I think that last Tuesday was the worst day of my life at the office. I have a 5) _____ job, but I was doing 6) _____ because I need to 7) _____ some extra money. I covered the afternoon 8) _____. When I finished completing all the tasks I had to do, I helped a colleague from another department to do some stuff. When my boss arrived, she told me that I wasn't 9) _____ charge of that section and he asked me to focus 10) _____ my job.

UNPLUG - HEADPHONES - CARELESS - CAREFUL –

SOCKET - KEYBOARD - EMPLOYEE - SACKED - FINE - IMPATIENT - LUCKILY

Later, in the evening, I decided to clean my office. My boss went in to give me a paper and I accidentally spilt coffee on the desk, so the 11) _____ I use to listen to the customers' calls and the 12) _____ I use to write on the computer were ruined. 'You should be more 13) _____!' she told me in a rude way. I also forgot to 14) _____ my phone charger, which was into a 15) _____. If Lydia (my boss) had seen it, she wouldn't have stepped on it. She fell on the ground. I thought I was going to be 16) _____, but 17) _____ that didn't happen. Positive thing about the day: my boss is 18) _____, but she considers I'm a good 19) _____. Negative thing: I got a parking 20) _____ in the parking lot. It wasn't the best day to remember.

VII) Read the text and choose the most appropriate answer from the drop-down menu.

'I admit 1) BEING / TO BE responsible for the crime, I am 2) INNOCENT / GUILTY said Ruben Hocks, 3) WHERE / WHO was the most famous 4) MURDERER / SUSPECT in Scotland. He used to spend time 5) STUDYING / TO STUDY his 6) WITNESSES / VICTIMS, following them on the street. He seemed 7) HAVING / TO HAVE some knowledge about crimes, but he denied 8) BEING / TO BE an expert. He used to have a huge bookcase 9) WHERE / WHICH he kept books about detectives who 10) SOLVED / PROVED crimes. 11) USING / TO USE facts and evidence to show something was true wasn't difficult for the professionals of that time, but it was a whole different story with Hocks. He was very clever. Although the police chased him for years, Ruben carried on 12) COMMITTING / TO COMMIT murders. One day he decided 13) TO FOLLOW / FOLLOWING Celia Daylas, who had 14) A LOT OF / LOT OF money, but what Hock didn't know is that she was good at 15) REMEMBERING / TO REMEMBER faces: she was the person 16) WHOSE / THAT told the police where to find him: the bar next to her house, 17) WHICH / WHERE he used to drink whisky every night discreetly. After 18) GETTING / TO GET caught, he went to 19) THE BAR / THE COURT and he was judged for his crimes. He stopped 20) LYING / TO LIE and confessed.