

Properties of Subtraction of Integers

1. If ($p = -12$) and ($q = 8$), what is ($p - q$)?

- A) -4
- B) -20
- C) 20
- D) -8

2. Subtracting a negative integer from another negative integer can result in:

- A) Only a negative integer
- B) Only a positive integer
- C) Either a positive or negative integer
- D) Only zero

3. What is ($-20 - (-15)$)?

- A) -35
- B) -5
- C) 5
- D) 35

4.If $(m = 4)$ and $(n = -6)$, what is $(m - n)$?

- A) 10
- B) -10
- C) -2
- D) 2

5.The difference between any integer and zero is:

- A) Zero
- B) The integer itself
- C) Always positive
- D) Always negative

6.For two integers (a) and (b) , if $(a > b)$, then $(a - b)$ will always be:

- A) Positive
- B) Negative
- C) Zero
- D) None of the above

7.If $(x = -9)$ and $(y = 0)$, what is $(x - y)$?

- A) 9
- B) -9
- C) 0
- D) None of the above

8.Subtracting a positive integer from another positive integer can result in:

- A) Only a positive integer
- B) Only a negative integer
- C) Either a positive or negative integer
- D) Only zero

9.If $(a = -15)$ and $(b = -10)$, then $(a - b)$ is:

- A) -5
- B) 5
- C) -25
- D) 25

10. The result of subtracting zero from any negative integer is:

- A) Zero
- B) The positive of that integer
- C) The integer itself
- D) None of the above

11. If $(a = 18)$ and $(b = -5)$, what is $(b - a)$?

- A) -23
- B) 23
- C) -13
- D) 13

12. What is $(0 - (-6))$?

- A) -6
- B) 6
- C) 0
- D) 12

13. Which of the following is true about the subtraction of integers?

- A) Subtracting a positive integer always results in a negative integer.
- B) Subtracting a negative integer always results in a positive integer.
- C) Subtracting zero always changes the integer.
- D) Subtracting zero does not change the integer.

14. What is the result of $(-4 - (-9))$?

- A) 5
- B) -5
- C) 9
- D) -9

15. If $(a = 25)$ and $(b = -30)$, what is $(a - b)$?

- A) 55
- B) -55
- C) -5
- D) 5