

# Grammar

## Simple present and present progressive

1 Match the uses of the simple present or present progressive (a–g) with the example sentences (1–7).

- |                                     |                       |  |
|-------------------------------------|-----------------------|--|
| a state that doesn't change         | <input type="radio"/> | 1 He's staying with us this week until his new apartment is ready. |
| b background information of a photo | <input type="radio"/> | 2 I come from a big city in Vietnam.                               |
| c a changing or temporary situation | <input type="radio"/> | 3 I don't know how to ski.   |
| d an action around now              | <input type="radio"/> | 4 I'm eating my lunch.   |
| e an action now                     | <input type="radio"/> | 5 I'm learning to drive.   |
| f an action in a photo              | <input type="radio"/> | 6 In this photo, we're playing football on the beach.              |
| g a stative verb                    | <input type="radio"/> | 7 This is a photo of the river that goes through my town.          |

2 Circle the correct option to complete the sentences.

- We *live* / *are living* in a very small village and nothing ever *changes* / *is changing* here.
- A lot of people *buy* / *are buying* smart TVs at the moment because internet speeds *get* / *are getting* faster.
- I *eat* / I'm *eating* a lot of meat, but it's true that more people *become* / *are becoming* vegan or vegetarian.
- Online shopping *gets* / *is getting* easier these days. It's great for me because I *don't enjoy* / *am not enjoying* going to malls.

3 Complete the questions and answers with the correct form of the verb in parentheses.

- Q: How many languages <sup>1</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ (you / speak)?  
A: Well, <sup>2</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ (I / know) some Spanish and how to say "Hello" in Japanese.  
B: Only one! But <sup>3</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ (my friend / try) to teach me Mandarin!
- Q: <sup>4</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ (you / cook) a lot?  
A: Yes, <sup>5</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ (I / make) all the food at home.  
B: No, not at all. Usually <sup>6</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ (I / eat) takeout.
- Q: What <sup>7</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ (you / study) at college this year?  
A: <sup>8</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ (I / do) a teaching degree.  
B: Oh, I'm not a student. <sup>9</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ (I / look) for a job, actually.
- Q: <sup>10</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ (you / work) from home at the moment?  
A: No, <sup>11</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ (I / need) to be in the office every day.  
B: Yes, I am. <sup>12</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ (I / work) from home every Friday.

4 Write your own answers to the questions from Exercise 3. Use the simple present or present progressive form.

- \_\_\_\_\_
- \_\_\_\_\_
- \_\_\_\_\_
- \_\_\_\_\_



- 5 Complete the sentences with the simple present or present progressive form of these verbs.

agree	believe	have	know
need	prefer	not / remember	think

- 1 \_\_\_\_\_ you \_\_\_\_\_ with our suggestions for the weekend?
- 2 I \_\_\_\_\_ about buying a new phone.  
I \_\_\_\_\_ one with a better camera.
- 3 I \_\_\_\_\_ the name of my first teacher.
- 4 \_\_\_\_\_ you \_\_\_\_\_ you can change your personality?
- 5 My friend \_\_\_\_\_ problems in his new job, but I \_\_\_\_\_ he'll be fine soon.
- 6 Everyone in my family \_\_\_\_\_ tea over coffee—except me!

Look at the Learning to Learn box. Then do the task.

#### LEARNING TO LEARN: GRAMMAR

##### Translating into your own language

Sometimes, English grammar forms are used in a similar way in your own language. Sometimes, the forms are very different. You can remember the different forms and when to use them by translating a sentence that you can memorize. For example, look at the present progressive question below. When do you ask this question? Does your own language use a progressive form? Write the translation.

*What are you doing?*

Translate the conversations from Exercise 3 into your own language. Are the simple present and progressive forms used in the same way? Choose one or two examples to memorize.