

CS9 MODULE 1 TEST

VOCABULARY

EX 1 Match the words from column A with the words with close meaning in column B:

A	B
1 sociable	a. very short
2 harsh	b. untouched
3 idyllic	c. friendly and easy-going
4 ultimate	d. obvious
5 secluded	e. severe
6 apparent	f. small and unimportant
7 brief	g. happy and peaceful
8 mere	h. final, main
9 embarrassing	i. confusing, uncomfortable
10 intact	j. private, quiet, isolated

EX 2 Complete the sentences with the correct word.

tempted • intact • consumer • rummage • discarded • condemned • foraging • tuck • landfill • rope

- 1 I decided not to take that bottle of milk as the packaging didn't seem
- 2 For scavengers food is the point of every day interest.
- 3 price of the same goods is different in Moscow and other cities.
- 4 If you in your bag, you will definitely find the keys.
- 5 To breed high quality cattle in this climate zone you need a strategy.
- 6 You must the trousers into the boots to keep warmer on such a cold day.
- 7 I've always felt to trying drawing but never had time for that.
- 8 Nobody will want a flat next to the city as the smell is awful.
- 9 Who can we in to make dinner for tomorrow's party?
- 10 Sam is to leave school for three days for his misbehavior.

GRAMMAR

EX 3 Choose the correct item.

1. Steve around Brazil for the last 2 weeks.
A travels B has been travelling C is travelling D travelled
2. The the house, the more expensive it is to heat.
A big B bigger C bigger than D biggest
3. We in traffic while the workers were repairing the road.
A wait B were waiting C had waited D are waiting
4. Sue of joining a community sharing programme.
A thinks B has think C is thinking D thought

5. People are driving faster and ... with no regards for the speed limit.
A more fast B faster C fastest D fast
6. Don't you think the neighbours a bit strange these days?
A are acting B act C acted D had acted
7. Paula isn't here. She to school.
A has been B has gone C had gone D had been
8. They the house before the security staff arrived.
A clean B were cleaning C had cleaned D have cleaned
9. Carol..... a garden party this Saturday.
A is having B had C has D has had
10. Someone behind me and now I can't get my car out of the lot!
A parks B had parked C has parked D was parking
11. This flat great; let's rent it.
A is looking B looked C looks D has looked
12. The weather forecast says that the temperatures unusually high for this time of year.
A is being B are being C is D were being
13. By the time they finally checked in for their flight, they for hours at the airport.
A waited B have been waiting C had been waiting D were waiting

EX 4 Translate the sentences into English, use comparative structures and module 1 vocabulary:

1. Я была поражена гостеприимством людей больше, чем раньше.

2. Чем чаще мы принимаем конфеты как должное, тем меньше они нам будут нравиться.

3. Место у прохода было гораздо лучше места у окна.

4. Он трудолюбивее всех своих одноклассников.

5. Телефон его мамы в три раза медленнее, чем до этого.

EX 5 READING

Read the text and the statements below. Choose the best answer A, B, C or D to each of the statement.

WAYS OF LIVING

In different parts of the world, people have unique ways of living. Some people are nomads, moving from place to place. They often travel with animals and set up tents wherever they go. Their homes are usually hand-built and easy to move. Living this way, they have a deep knowledge of the seasons and the environment around them. Their lifestyle requires them to adapt to changing weather and landscapes quickly.

On the other hand, many people live in cities with modern conveniences. They often take for granted the comfort of having a fixed home with electricity and running water. This way of living can be very different from that of a nomad. City life brings people close to shopping centers, schools, and hospitals, which is very hospitable for those who enjoy staying in one place.

Both lifestyles have their own challenges and pleasures. Nomadic people engage in various activities that differ from those living in the city. For instance, they might help with animal herding or setting up camps, which keeps them close to nature. Meanwhile, city dwellers might enjoy jobs in offices or shops, and they have easy access to various cultural events.

In conclusion, each way of living offers a unique experience. Whether living on the move like a nomad or settling in a city, people form communities and find comfort in their own unique styles. It's important to remember how different yet fascinating each lifestyle can be and to appreciate the diversity of ways people adapt to their environments.

1. According to the passage, what is a key advantage of the nomadic lifestyle?

- A Nomads have a closer connection to nature.
- B Nomads have access to a wider range of cultural events.
- C Nomads can more easily adapt to changes in their environment.
- D Nomads have a stronger sense of community than city dwellers.

2. What is the key difference between the lifestyles of nomadic people and city dwellers as described in the passage?

- A Nomadic people have a deeper understanding of nature, while city dwellers have more access to modern amenities.
- B Nomadic people engage in more physically demanding activities, while city dwellers have jobs with little movement.
- C Nomadic people have a stronger sense of community, while city dwellers are more isolated.
- D Nomadic people have a more adventurous lifestyle, while city dwellers have a more comfortable one.

3. How do nomadic people build their homes?

- A With bricks
- B With metal
- C By hand
- D With wood

4. Based on the information in the passage, which of the following is NOT a characteristic of nomadic people?

- A They travel with animals.
- B They build their own homes.
- C They have easy access to cultural events.
- D They have a deep knowledge of their environment.

5. What is the main purpose of the passage?

- A To stand up for a nomadic lifestyle over a city-based one
- B To explore the unique challenges faced by both nomadic and city dwellers
- C To highlight the importance of preserving traditional nomadic cultures
- D To compare and contrast the advantages and disadvantages of different ways of living