

Word families

Words you know may often have other parts of speech. These groups of words are called *word families*.

Wordlist
Plus

D 1 Complete the chart with the missing words. Which nouns have the same ending?

Verb	Meaning	Noun	Meaning
1. <i>penalize</i>	להעניש / يعاقب	<i>penalty</i>	עונש, קנס عقاب, غرامة
2. <i>dedicate</i>	להקדיש / يكرّس	.....	מסירות / إخلاص
3. <i>differ</i>	לא להסכים, לחלוק על يختلف	.....	מחלוקת / خلاف
4. <i>disturb</i>	להפריע / يشوّش	.....	הפרעה / إزعاج
5. <i>hunt</i>	לחפש, לעשות מצוד אחר, לצוד يقتّش عن, يتصيد	.....	מצוד, חיפוש صيد, تفتيش
6.	להוסיף / يضيف	<i>addition</i>	תוספת / إضافة
7.	להתווכח, לטעון ש- يجادل, يناقش	<i>argument</i>	טיעון, נימוק جدل, حجة

2 Circle the correct word to complete each sentence.

- We couldn't sleep last night because of a **disturb** / **disturbance** – our neighbor's dog wouldn't stop barking.
- I'm sorry, but I **differ** / **difference** with you on that matter. We don't agree with each other.
- The Cohens are building an **add** / **addition** onto their house because they are having another baby.
- The author **dedicated** / **dedication** the book to his children.
- The lawyer's strong **argue** / **argument** helped her win the case.
- The police are still **hunt** / **hunting** the criminal.
- The referee gave the football player a **penalty** / **penalize** and took him out of the game.



E 1 Complete the charts with the missing words. Which ending do all the adverbs (תארי פועל / ظروف) have? You can check your answers in a dictionary.

ill
aggression
advance
shame
access

necessary
genuinely
bare
hopeful
generously

Adjective	Meaning	Noun	Meaning
1. accessible	נגיש / سهل الوصول	.....	גישָה / وصول
2. advanced	מתקדם / متقدم	.....	התקדמות / تقدّم
3. aggressive	תוקפני, אגרסיבי / عدواني	.....	תוקפנות / عدوان
4. ashamed	מתבייש / خجل	.....	בושה / خجل
5.	חולה / مريض	illness	מחלה / مرض

Adjective	Meaning	Adverb	Meaning
1.	בסיסי / أساسي	barely	בקושי / بالكاد
2. generous	נדיב / كريم	.....	בנדיבות / بسخاء
3. genuine	אמיתי / حقيقي, أصلي	.....	באמת, בכנות حقًا, بصدق
4.	מלא תקווה / مفعم بالأمل	hopefully	בתקווה / على أمل
5.	הכרחי, נחוץ / ضروري	necessarily	בהכרח / بالضرورة

2 Circle the correct word to complete each sentence.

- Due to ill / illness, Sarah cannot come into the office today.
- The latest technologies don't necessary / necessarily improve learning.
- Alma was genuinely / genuine sorry for the things she'd said.
- I could bare / barely keep up with Remy – she walked so fast!
- Shira was afraid of the aggression / aggressive dog.
- Hopeful / Hopefully the rain will stop and we can go on our picnic.
- The new phone's advance / advanced technology is very impressive.
- Tim is a very generously / generous person. He's constantly giving things away for free.
- After Rona had shouted angrily, she felt ashamed / shame of her behavior.
- Most of the local businesses in my town provide ramps for wheelchair accessible / access.