

ISW PRACTICE TEST 4

Part 1: Pronunciation

a) Find the word whose underlined part differs from the other three in pronunciation. (5)

1. A. school	B. wood	C. food	D. loose
2. A. budget	B. shuttle	C. surface	D. tunnel
3. A. honor	B. honest	C. hour	D. housework
4. A. agreed	B. divided	C. deleted	D. operated
5. A. parrots	B. workers	C. lanterns	D. temples

b) Find the word that differs from the other three in the position of primary stress. (5)

6. A. history	B. interest	C. museum	D. uniform
7. A. atmosphere	B. gallery	C. decorate	D. employee
8. A. community	B. independence	C. expectancy	D. political
9. A. suggest	B. palace	C. mountain	D. office
10. A. faucet	B. mobile	C. martial	D. cartoon

Part 2: Error correction

Find the underlined part that needs correction. (5)

11. She asked me whether I want to go to the cinema with her then.

A B C D

12. When you are annoying by a problem at work, try to be patient and look for another solution.

A B C D

13. What is the name of the woman which you are talking about?

A B C D

14. If you left the milk out of the fridge in this weather, it'll go off.

A B C D

15. Jenny wrote a five-pages report on the Civil War.

A B C D

Part 3: Sentence completion

Choose the word/phrase that best suits the blank in each sentence. (10)

16. Nowadays, it is easy to get _____ to the Internet.

A. information B. communication C. chat D. access

17. _____ we arrived late, we were given the least desirable seats in the stadium.

A. Although B. Even C. Because D. Despite

18. The electric light bulb _____ by Edison in 1879.

A. is invented B. invented C. has been invented D. was invented

19. It was raining _____ the boys couldn't play soccer in the park.

A. such hard that B. so hard that C. hardly so that D. too hard that

20. Each student must be _____ for his or her own belongings.

A. interested B. careful C. responsible D. reliable

21. If the astronauts don't _____ their sleeping bags to a wall, they float around the space station.

A. strap B. float C. walk D. move
22. If you are good _____ math and biology, you can choose to be a doctor.
 A. about B. in C. at D. for
23. I'm sorry I _____ to you for so long.
 A. don't write B. haven't written C. didn't write D. am not writing
24. Is this _____ exercise you have ever done?
 A. more difficult B. the most difficult C. as difficult D. the more difficult
25. Student A: "Congratulations on your success!"
 Student B: "_____"
 A. You are welcome.
 B. No thanks.
 C. That's very kind of you.
 D. Yes, of course.

Part 4: Cloze

Choose the word/ phrase that best suits the blank in the following passage. (5)

The Earth's weather is changing. In the past, natural events (26) _____ these climatic changes but now scientists use the phrase 'climate change' to talk about changes (27) _____ started with the growth of industry in the nineteenth century. The changes people are worried about now are the result of human behavior – not natural changes in the atmosphere.

Scientists study unusual weather events, for example heatwaves, and other evidence of climate change to predict our future weather. A very important part of their work is looking at the long-term (28) _____ of climate change on our environment. For example, water is extremely important for human life. Is rainfall going to increase?

There are a lot of things we can do to slow (29) _____ climate change. (30) _____ of using coal, oil and gas which produce greenhouse gases, we will need to get more energy from sources such as the sun, wind and water. We can also be more environmentally-friendly in our own lives. For example, when you go to bed tonight, are you going to turn off your computer and TV or will you leave them on standby? By making small changes in our lives, we can help to save energy and reduce pollution.

Part 5: Reading comprehension

Read the passage and choose the correct answer to the questions that follow. (5)

WELCOME TO LEICESTER

Leicester is the biggest city in the East Midlands and the tenth biggest city in England with a population of 280,000. It is a historic city and dates back to Roman times. It is now one of the most multicultural cities in the country with 33% of the population coming from different ethnic minority groups.

groups. The biggest group is from India but there are also Pakistani, Bangladeshi, Caribbean, African and Chinese communities. The Indian population is the biggest of any city in the country. There is a lot going on in Leicester. Every year there is a ten-day comedy festival which attracts up to 50,000 people and features comedians from all over the world. In July there is a 'mela', a festival of Asian music, dance, fashion, food and crafts. In August there is a Caribbean carnival and in October or November it is Diwali, the Hindu Festival of Light. Leicester's Diwali is the biggest in England. The Diwali lights are switched on in Belgrave Road, one of the most famous roads in Leicester because of its amazing Asian shops and restaurants. You can buy a sari, an Indian dress, jewellery, Asian books and crafts, even Asian greetings cards. Many people come here to buy food in the shops and the smell of spices is beautiful. And, of course, if you want to eat a delicious curry, Belgrave Road is the place to come. Of course, Leicester also has more traditional shops and restaurants and the best places are Stoneygate, an area of small shops and galleries, and Leicester market which is 700 years old.

31. Leicester is

- A. the biggest city in England.
- B. the biggest city in the Midlands.
- C. the biggest city in the East Midlands.
- D. the biggest city in India.

32. 33% of the population are

- A. from ethnic minorities.
- B. Asian.
- C. Indian.
- D. Chinese communities.

33. The comedy festival

- A. attracts Asian comedians.
- B. attracts people from Africa and China
- C. lasts ten days.
- D. takes place in July.

34. The Diwali festival in Leicester

- A. is a Hindu festival.
- B. is the biggest festival in England.
- C. is a Caribbean festival.
- D. is an Asian music festival.

35. Belgrave Road is famous for

- A. its spices.
- B. its markets.
- C. its beauty.
- D. its shops and restaurants.

Part 6: Word form

Use the correct form of the word in brackets to complete each sentence. (4)

36. Housework has _____ been regarded as women's work. (tradition)

37. Last year I entered a writing _____; but sadly, I didn't win. (compete)
38. Natural disasters frequently make thousands of people _____. (home)
39. Thanks to your _____, I am feeling much better and more confident now. (encourage)

Part 7: Jumbled words

Rearrange the groups of words in a correct order to make complete sentences. (3)

40. a good dictionary/ It is/ with/ to learn vocabulary/ for us/ easier/. /

.....
41. children/ My sister/ because/ likes/ she/ wants/ a preschool teacher/ to be/. /

.....
42. I/ go swimming/ when/ I/ was/ used to/ young/. /

Part 8: Sentence combination

Combine two sentences into a new one using the given words in brackets. Do not change the given words in any way. (4)

43. We are always proud of our dad. He is the best person in the world. (who)

.....
44. That restaurant is very dirty. We don't want to eat there. (such)

.....
45. Wheat is grown on my uncle's farm. Corn is grown on my uncle's farm too. (both)

.....
46. Jane eats very little. She doesn't want to put on weight. (so as)

Part 9: Sentence transformation

Finish the second sentence so that it has a similar meaning to the first one. (4)

47. It's a pity I cannot have time for a chat.

→ I wish

48. "Where are you planning to spend your holiday next year?", Kate asked me.

→ Kate asked me

49. They have just introduced a new style of jeans in the USA.

→ A new style of jeans

50. I have never visited Hoi An Ancient Town before.

→ This is

THE END