

**TEST 2 PAPER 3: USE OF ENGLISH** Part 1 (questions 1-12)**Part 1**

For questions 1-12, read the text below and decide which answer (A, B, C or D) best fits each gap. There is an example at the beginning (0).

Mark your answers **on the separate answer sheet**.

Example:

0 A save B keep C store D guard

0	<u>A</u>	<u>B</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>D</u>
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Cheaper holidays

We can (0) money on all aspects of our holiday, from where and when to go to how to get to and from the airport; here are some (1) on how to get the most for your money when (2) a holiday.

For the best deals (3) your holiday between the high and low seasons; you could save up to 70% on some holiday (4) while still enjoying good weather and other high season (5) and there will be fewer crowds.

You can also save money by going somewhere where living costs are (6) It might cost more to get there but once you are there you will (7) less on eating out and getting around as food and transport will be (8) cheaper.

And start saving before you even leave the country by choosing the most cost effective way to the airport. There are many bus services from (9) cities to airports which are cheaper than trains. If you go by train book well in (10) to get cheaper tickets and if you do decide to go by car, book your carparking as soon as possible; some airports offer up to 50% (11) for early bookings.

Finally, make sure you research all the available options on-line. Signing up to email (12) can be a good idea as then you will be the first to know about cheap offers. The earlier you book the better the bargains are likely to be.



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|----|---|-------------|---|------------|---|------------|---|---------------|
| 1 | A | information | B | advice | C | tips | D | clues |
| 2 | A | deciding | B | choosing | C | agreeing | D | electing |
| 3 | A | book | B | ask for | C | order | D | buy |
| 4 | A | places | B | sites | C | situations | D | resorts |
| 5 | A | pros | B | advantages | C | favours | D | drawbacks |
| 6 | A | lower | B | smaller | C | poorer | D | greater |
| 7 | A | pay | B | cost | C | spend | D | waste |
| 8 | A | largely | B | obviously | C | quite | D | significantly |
| 9 | A | main | B | important | C | great | D | major |
| 10 | A | ahead | B | before | C | advance | D | early |
| 11 | A | under | B | below | C | off | D | over |
| 12 | A | alarms | B | warnings | C | news | D | alerts |



**TEST 2 PAPER 3: USE OF ENGLISH** Part 4 (questions 35-42)**Part 4**

For questions **35-42**, complete the second sentence so that it has a similar meaning to the first sentence, using the word given. **Do not change the word given.** You must use between **two** and **five** words, including the word given. Here is an example (0).

Example: 0 I haven't seen him for at least 2 years.

TIME

The was more than 2 years ago.

The gap can be filled by the words 'last time I saw him', so you write:

Example: 0 LAST TIME I SAW HIM

Write **only** the missing words **IN CAPITAL LETTERS** on the separate answer sheet.

35 I'm sorry, but I disagree with everything you just said.

NOT

I'm sorry, but I you just said.

36 I think I'd rather stay at home than go to the party.

TO

I think at home tonight.

37 Do I really need to have the operation?

FOR

Is it really to have the operation?

38 It was very careless of you to lose my helmet.

MORE

You should my helmet.

39 When we went to stay with my grandparents we always used to have an enormous Sunday lunch.

WOULD

When we went to stay with my grandparents an enormous Sunday lunch.

40 Neil's always forgetting where he has left his keys.

NEVER

Neil can he has left his keys.

41 The weather was better than I'd expected.

BAD

The weather was I'd expected.

42 At school we are never allowed to have our mobile phones switched on.

US

At school the teachers our mobile phones switched on.

