SUBJECT: UAESST

UNIT 3: PERSPECTIVES OF PEOPLE THROUGH TIME - SPOTLIGHT ON TRANSITIONS IN EUROPE

LESSON NO 4: THE LATE MIDDLE AGES

LESSON NO 5: CRISES OF THE LATE MIDDLE AGES GRADE 6

A. Fill in the blanks:

1. The 12th century CE was a period of _____ and _____ in Europe.

2. The royal family of England was known as the _____ Dynasty.

3. The royal family of France was known as the _____ Dynasty.

4. The First Hundred Years' War ended with the signing of _____ on December 4, 1259 CE.

B. Read the questions carefully and select the correct options:

1.The year 1159 CE witnesses the emergence of which historical events?

a. World Wars

b. Expansion of European colonies in India

c. The First Hundred years wars

d. Establishing peace treaties.

2. King Philip gained success in creating a split between which two brothers to reach his goal?

a. King Richard- King John

b. King Louis IX- King Henry

c. King Robert- King Richard

d. King Henry I – King John

3. Which of the following statements is INCORRECT about the Magna Carta?

a. It was signed in the Year 1215 CE by King John of the Plantagenet royal family in England.

b. It was a document that protected the rights of the peasants.

c. It did instigate the wealthy landowners to fight against the rulers.

d. It paved the way for human rights.

LIVEWORKSHEETS

4. Which of the following CAN be considered as one of the reasons behind the Great Famine in Europe?

a. massive flooding

b. exploration of new routes to the east

c. availability of food at low cost

d. Global warming

5. Which of the following statements is True about the Black Death in Europe?

a. It caused major health concerns only to natives of England.

b. It was also known as the Bubonic Plague.

c. It increased the prices of food and other essential commodities.

d. It was caused by a virus carried on fleas.

C. Answer the following questions:

1. Which period in history is known as The First Hundred Years' War?

Answer: The period from _____ to _____ is known as the 'The First Hundred Years' War' in Europe.

2. What was the nickname given to the Plantagenet ruler Henry's son Richard and why?

Answer: The Plantagenet ruler Richard was known as _____ because of his reputation as a great warrior and leader.

3. What was Magna Carta and how did it lead to the downfall of the English kings of the Plantagenet Dynasty?

Answer: Magna Carta was a _____ signed by King _____ of the _____ Dynasty in _____ to protect the rights of _____ landowners (Barons) in England but King _____ did not follow the rules of the Magna Carta which prompted the landowners to _____ with the king. As a result, England was _____ by frequent internal and external wars.

LIVEWORKSHEETS

4. How did the First Hundred Years' War come to an end?

Answer:
The First Hundred Year' War in Europe was ended with the signing of the Treaty of _____ on December 4, _____. The treaty was signed between _____ (King John's son) and _____ (King of France). _____ agreed to give up many of his _____ in France and officially ended the war.

5. Enumerate the causes of the Great Famine in Europe.

Climatic changes across the Europe by the end of the _____: _____ were becoming _____, and _____ were _____ and colder. This period described as '_____' by the historians led to the Great Famine in _____ history. The spring of _____ was hit by heavy rain across all of Europe, causing _____ and damage of food grains. This resulted in the Great Famine in Europe.

6. Explain the causes and impact of the Black Death in Europe.

Answer:
The Black Death, also known as the _____ Plague, was a devastating _____ epidemic caused by _____ carried on fleas which live on _____. It was a _____ disease. When the flea bit someone, the_____ was transferred to that person. The _____personal hygiene practices in _____ European cities resulted in the _____ spread of the _____Plague.

<u>Impact of the Black Death:</u>

The death of approximately _____ million people – a third to the half of all Europeans in just four years, from _____ to _____. Drastic _____ of agricultural lands. _____of the living standards of people in general due to _____ wages of labourers and _____ in the prices of _____ and other essential commodities.

LIVEWORKSHEETS

D. Critical Thinking Question

If the Bubonic Plague recurred in the 21st century as a pandemic, which measures would you adopt to save the people of the Earth?

- Use of _____ to destroy the harmful _____ that spread the Bubonic Plague.
- Quarantine _____ Social Distancing.
- Maintaining proper _____.
- _____ medical care.
- Invention of appropriate _____ to fight against the pandemic.

LIVEWORKSHEETS