

EQUIVALENT FRACTIONS

$$\frac{2}{5} = \frac{6}{\boxed{}}$$

Diagram showing the conversion of $\frac{2}{5}$ to an equivalent fraction with denominator 6. The numerator 2 is multiplied by 3 to get 6. The denominator 5 is multiplied by 3 to get the missing value.

$$\frac{1}{3} = \frac{\boxed{}}{6}$$

Diagram showing the conversion of $\frac{1}{3}$ to an equivalent fraction with denominator 6. The denominator 3 is multiplied by 2 to get 6. The numerator 1 is multiplied by 2 to get the missing value.

$$\frac{7}{4} = \frac{\boxed{}}{20}$$

Diagram showing the conversion of $\frac{7}{4}$ to an equivalent fraction with denominator 20. The denominator 4 is multiplied by 5 to get 20. The numerator 7 is multiplied by 5 to get the missing value.

$$\frac{5}{8} = \frac{30}{\boxed{}}$$

Diagram showing the conversion of $\frac{5}{8}$ to an equivalent fraction with numerator 30. The numerator 5 is multiplied by 6 to get 30. The denominator 8 is multiplied by 6 to get the missing value.

$$\frac{1}{2} = \frac{9}{\boxed{}}$$

Diagram showing the conversion of $\frac{1}{2}$ to an equivalent fraction with numerator 9. The numerator 1 is multiplied by 9 to get 9. The denominator 2 is multiplied by 9 to get the missing value.

$$\frac{9}{4} = \frac{\boxed{}}{16}$$

Diagram showing the conversion of $\frac{9}{4}$ to an equivalent fraction with denominator 16. The denominator 4 is multiplied by 4 to get 16. The numerator 9 is multiplied by 4 to get the missing value.

$$\frac{3}{5} = \frac{6}{\boxed{}}$$

Diagram showing the conversion of $\frac{3}{5}$ to an equivalent fraction with numerator 6. The numerator 3 is multiplied by 2 to get 6. The denominator 5 is multiplied by 2 to get the missing value.

$$\frac{5}{7} = \frac{\boxed{}}{21}$$

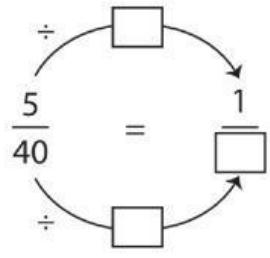
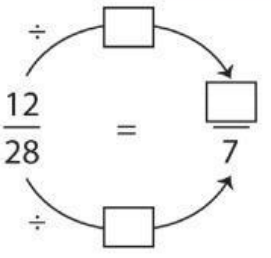
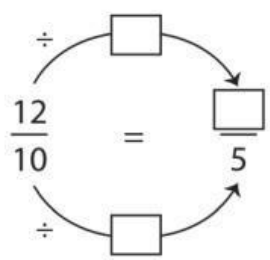
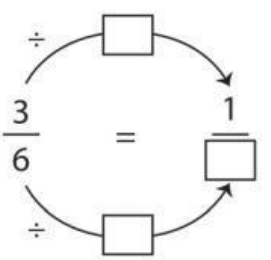
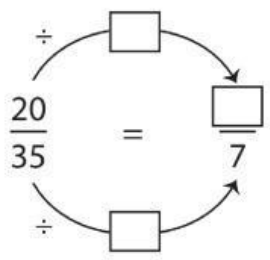
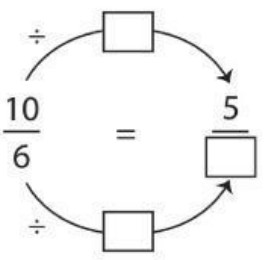
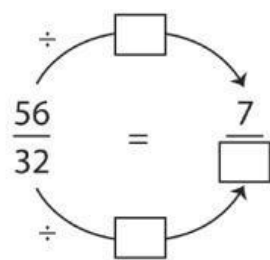
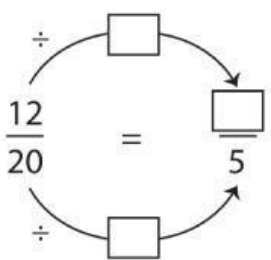
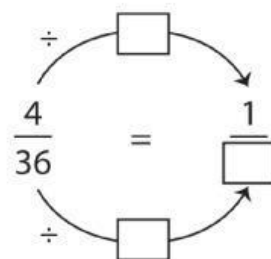
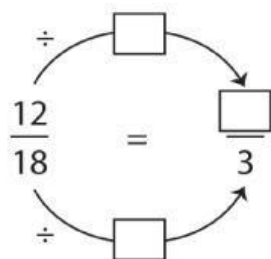
Diagram showing the conversion of $\frac{5}{7}$ to an equivalent fraction with denominator 21. The denominator 7 is multiplied by 3 to get 21. The numerator 5 is multiplied by 3 to get the missing value.

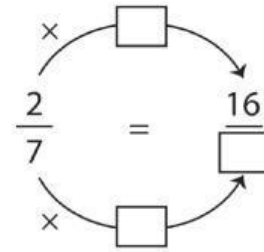
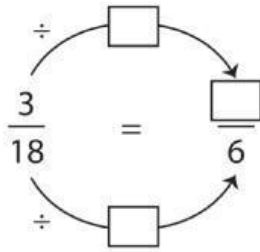
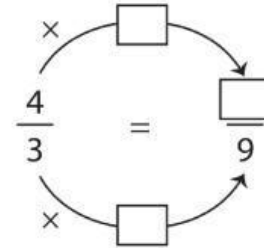
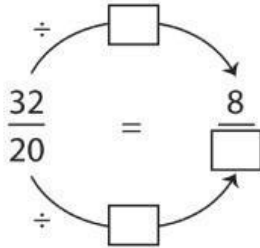
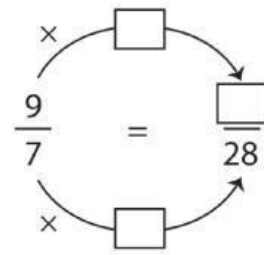
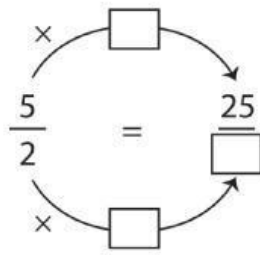
$$\frac{1}{4} = \frac{\boxed{}}{28}$$

Diagram showing the conversion of $\frac{1}{4}$ to an equivalent fraction with denominator 28. The denominator 4 is multiplied by 7 to get 28. The numerator 1 is multiplied by 7 to get the missing value.

$$\frac{8}{3} = \frac{40}{\boxed{}}$$

Diagram showing the conversion of $\frac{8}{3}$ to an equivalent fraction with numerator 40. The numerator 8 is multiplied by 5 to get 40. The denominator 3 is multiplied by 5 to get the missing value.





FIND THE MISSING FRACTIONS :

$$\frac{3}{4} = \frac{\square}{8}$$

$$\frac{5}{\square} = \frac{20}{12}$$

$$\frac{11}{2} = \frac{33}{\square}$$

$$\frac{35}{25} = \frac{\square}{5}$$

$$\frac{\square}{14} = \frac{16}{28}$$

$$\frac{6}{\square} = \frac{24}{36}$$

$$\frac{\square}{15} = \frac{8}{3}$$

$$\frac{10}{3} = \frac{\square}{9}$$

$$\frac{12}{16} = \frac{\square}{8}$$

$$\frac{4}{7} = \frac{16}{\square}$$

$$3 = \frac{12}{\square}$$

$$\frac{\square}{27} = \frac{7}{9}$$

$$\frac{1}{4} = \frac{10}{\square}$$

$$\frac{\square}{11} = \frac{35}{55}$$

$$\frac{6}{14} = \frac{42}{\square}$$

$$\frac{\square}{2} = \frac{18}{4}$$

$$\frac{10}{\square} = \frac{90}{63}$$

$$\frac{12}{13} = \frac{\square}{26}$$

$$\frac{11}{\square} = \frac{55}{20}$$

$$\frac{\square}{5} = \frac{57}{15}$$

$$\frac{3}{17} = \frac{12}{\square}$$

$$\frac{28}{16} = \frac{\square}{4}$$
