

Name: _____

Class: _____

BÀI TẬP PTNL ENGLISH GRADE 9

UNIT 10: PLANET EARTH

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LANGUAGE FOCUS



PRONUNCIATION

I. Circle the word which has a different stress pattern in each line. 28

1. A. advice	B. nature	C. system	D. planet
2. A. existence	B. reference	C. pollution	D. appliance
3. A. animal	B. accident	C. habitat	D. dependence
4. A. amusement	B. afternoon	C. importance	D. example
5. A. balance	B. practice	C. percent	D. desert

II. Circle the stressed syllables in the sentences. Listen, check, and repeat. 29

- Geology deals with the physical history of the Earth.
- Humans have long depended on the ocean as a source of food.
- He insists on not judging others by appearance.
- No one can deny the great advance of modern science.
- She offered me practical assistance with my project.

VOCABULARY & GRAMMAR

III. Write the words and phrases under the correct pictures.

Solar System
desert

grassland
planet Earth

flora and fauna
water body



1. _____



2. _____



3. _____



4. _____



5. _____



6. _____

IV. Circle the incorrect word/ phrase in each sentence.

1. The planet is struggling to meet our increased demands on nature resources.
A B C D
2. Global warm is the long-term heating of Earth's surface due to human activities.
A B C D
3. Pollution and deforestation have affect the physical environment in many ways.
A B C D
4. Ecology balance is a term used to describe the balance between living things and their environment.
A B C D
5. Humans are expanding their living space, which causes habit loss to animals.
A B C D
6. Deforestation activities are destroying a local fauna system.
A B C D
7. We are doing a project of the flora of our neighbourhood.
A B C D



V. Choose the correct answer A, B, C, or D to complete the sentences.

1. _____ is happening and it affects almost everybody on Earth.
A. Solar system B. Weather forecast
C. Nature reserve D. Climate change
2. Cuc Phuong National Park is the natural _____ for many rare species, both plants and animals.
A. land B. habitat C. accommodation D. fauna

3. Some clearly seen examples of water _____ are lakes, streams, and rivers.
A. bodies B. parts C. existence D. transport
4. A food _____ shows you the order in which living things depend on each other for food.
A. provider B. source C. chain D. sample
5. The word ' _____ ' refers to all the plants living in a particular area.
A. fauna B. flora C. habitat D. living things
6. Do penguins live in the North or the South _____?
A. part B. earth C. body D. pole
7. The _____ of all the endangered species is everybody's job.
A. protect B. protector C. protecting D. protection
8. It is not easy to _____ ecological balance in an area.
A. support B. maintain C. pick up D. survive



VI. Underline the relative clause in each sentence and tick (✓) the non-defining ones.

- _____ 1. I'd like to welcome three newcomers to our Science Club, which has been in operation for five years.
- _____ 2. Could you introduce me to Peter, who is the group head of the Recycling Project?
- _____ 3. We are watching Planet Earth, which is a TV documentary series on the wildlife found on Earth.
- _____ 4. Greenpeace Organisation, whose aim is for a green and peaceful future, is international.
- _____ 5. Cattle feed on grass which is not easy to find in the hard weather of winter.
- _____ 6. I'm reading about Taylor Swift, whose songs I've listened to for a long time.
- _____ 7. Wild habitats provide us with a lot of plants which can be used as medicine.

VII. Combine the two sentences into one, using a non-defining relative clause.

1. Global warming is an increase in the Earth's average temperature. It contributes to rising sea levels.
→ Global warming, which _____.



2. Sir Edmund Hillary was a New Zealand mountaineer. He became the first person to reach the summit of Mount Everest in 1953.
→ Sir Edmund Hillary, who _____.
3. Oceans cover 70 percent of the Earth's surface. They make all life on Earth possible.
→ Oceans, which _____.
4. The Atlantic Mid-Ocean Ridge System is the Earth's longest mountain range. It is underwater.
→ The Atlantic Mid-Ocean Ridge System, which _____.
5. Geologists study geology. Geology deals with the physical history of the Earth including rocks and volcanoes.
→ Geologists study geology, which _____.
6. Future humans could have smaller brains and hunched backs. It is due to overusing technology.
→ Future humans _____.
7. Homo sapiens are modern humans. They originated in Africa.
→ Homo sapiens, who _____.



READING

VIII. Read the passage and choose the correct answer A, B, C, or D.

The ocean covers 70 percent of Earth's surface and contains about 97 percent of all the water on Earth. The ocean makes all life on Earth possible, and makes the planet appear blue when viewed from space.

For thousands of years, people have depended on the ocean as a source of food. It offers human beings a wide range of seafood. Fishers catch more than 90 million tons of seafood each year. Millions of people, from professional fishers to business owners like restaurant owners and boat builders, depend on fisheries for their life.

People also use the ocean as a route for trade. Ships carry loads of goods from continent to continent, country to country. Ocean ports are areas where water and land transportation meet. It is also the meeting point of people of different professions: businesspeople, who import and export goods and services; dockworkers, who load and unload cargo; and ships' crews. Ports also have a high concentration of migrants and immigrants with a wide variety of nationalities, languages, and religions. The busiest ports in the world are the Port of Shanghai in China and the Port of Rotterdam in the Netherlands.

