

- Q.1. The perimeter of regular polygon is
- (a) no. of sides \times lengths of one side (b) no. of sides + lengths of one side
 (c) no. of sides – lengths of one side (d) no. of sides \div lengths of one side
- Q.2. If the area of rectangle increases from 2 cm^2 to 4 cm^2 the perimeter will
- (a) increase (b) decrease (c) remains same (d) none of these
- Q.3. The area of a square whose perimeter is 4 m
- (a) 1 m^2 (b) 4 m^2 (c) 2 m^2 (d) 3 m^2
- Q.4. Which figure encloses more area : a square of side 2 cm ; a rectangle of side 3 cm & 2 cm ; An equilateral triangle of side 4 cm
- (a) rectangle (b) square (c) triangle (d) same of rectangle & square
- Q.5. The area of rectangle whose length is 15 cm & breadth is 6 m
- (a) 9000 cm^2 (b) 90 cm^2 (c) 9 cm^2 (d) 900 cm^2
- Q.6. In the figure $\triangle ABC$ is isosceles $AE = 6 \text{ cm}$, $BC = 9 \text{ cm}$, the area of $\triangle ABC$ is
- (a) 27 cm^2 (b) 54 cm^2 (c) 22.5 cm^2 (d) 45 cm^2
- Q.7. The area of parallelogram is
- (a) base + height (b) base \times height (c) base \times base (d) height \times height
- Q.8. The base in the area of parallelogram is
- (a) $\frac{\text{area}}{\text{height}}$ (b) $\frac{\text{height}}{\text{area}}$ (c) area \times base (d) area \times height
- Q.9. The height in the area of parallelogram is
- (a) $\frac{\text{base}}{\text{area}}$ (b) $\frac{\text{area}}{\text{base}}$ (c) area \times base (d) area \times height
- Q.10. Which of the following has the formula Base \times Height
- (a) area of parallelogram (b) area of quadrilateral
 (c) area of triangle (d) area of trapezium
- Q.11. The area of triangle is
- (a) base \times height (b) $\frac{1}{2} \times$ base \times height
 (c) $\frac{1}{2} \times$ (base + height) (d) base + height

Q.12. The height in the area of a triangle

- (a) $\frac{2 \text{ area}}{\text{base}}$ (b) $\frac{2 \text{ base}}{\text{area}}$ (c) $\frac{\text{area}}{2 \text{ base}}$ (d) $\frac{\text{base}}{2 \text{ area}}$

Q.13. If the area of the triangle is 36 cm^2 and the height is 3 cm, the base of the triangle will be

- (a) 12 cm (b) 39 cm (c) 108 cm (d) 24 cm

Q.14. The base in the area of triangle is

- (a) $\frac{\text{area}}{2 \text{ height}}$ (b) $\frac{2 \text{ area}}{\text{height}}$ (c) $\frac{2 \text{ height}}{\text{area}}$ (d) $\frac{\text{height}}{2 \text{ area}}$

Q.15. The distance around a circular region is known as its

- (a) area (b) diameter of circle (c) circumference (d) radius

Q.16. The perimeter of square of side 2.5 m is

- (a) 10.2 m (b) 10.2 m^2 (c) 6.25 m^2 (d) 6.25 m

Q.17. The perimeter of rectangle of length 1.5 cm & breadth 2 cm is

- (a) 3.4 cm (b) 7 cm (c) 6 cm (d) 3.5 cm

Q.18. The area of parallelogram whose base 6 cm & altitude 7 cm is

- (a) 18 cm^2 (b) 18 cm (c) 9 cm^2 (d) 9 cm

Q.19. The height of parallelogram whose area is 35 cm^2 and altitude 7 cm

- (a) 5 cm (b) 5 cm^2 (c) 245 cm (d) 245 cm^2

Q.20. In fig. the length of the altitude DF will be

- (a) 14 cm (b) 56 cm (c) 8 cm (d) 14 cm^2

Q.21. In fig. area of $\triangle g m$ will be

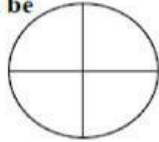
- (a) $(8 \times 2) \text{ cm}^2$ (b) $(3 \times 2) \text{ cm}^2$ (c) $(8 \times 42) \text{ cm}^2$ (d) $(8 \times 3) \text{ cm}^2$

Q.22. Area of triangle whose base is 15 cm and corresponding altitude is 6 cm will be

- (a) 45 cm^2 (b) 90 cm^2 (c) 45 cm (d) 90 cm

Q.23. Find the area of a right triangle whose base is 3 cm, perpendicular is 2 cm and hypotenuse is 5 cm.

- (a) 3 cm^2 (b) 7.5 cm^2 (c) 5 cm^2 (d) 6 cm

- Q.24. What will be the area of circular button of radius 7 cm
- (a) 154 cm^2 (b) 49 cm^2 (c) 154 cm (d) $3.14 \times 7 \text{ cm}^2$
- Q.25. The circumference of circle whose diameter is 14 cm will be
- (a) 44 cm (b) 88 cm (c) 44 cm^2 (d) 88 cm^2
- Q.26. The perimeter of circle is its
- (a) area (b) circumference (c) radius (d) diameter
- Q.27. Diameter is _____ .
- (a) twice radius (b) half radius (c) equal to radius (d) one-third of radius
- Q.28. π (pi) is
- (a) ratio of circumference to diameter (b) diameter to circumference
- (c) $21/17$ (d) 3.41
- Q.29. If the area of circle is 44 cm^2 , the area of shaded portion will be
- (a) 11 cm^2 (b) 11 cm
- (c) 22 cm^2 (d) 22 cm^2
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- Q.30. If the radius of pipe is 1 cm, the circumference of pipe will be
- (a) 62.8 cm (b) 6.28 cm (c) 62.8 cm^2 (d) 6.28 cm
- Q.31. The circumference of a circle is
- (a) $\pi \times r$ (b) $\pi \times r^2$ (c) $\pi \times 2r$ (d) $\pi + 2r$
- Q.32. The diameter of a circle is
- (a) r^2 (b) $2r$ (c) $2 \pi r^3$ (d) πr^2
- Q.33. Which of the following is an example of circle?
- (a) a chair (b) a bottle cap (c) a cup (d) a table
- Q.34. The area of a circle is
- (a) $2 \pi r$ (b) $2 \pi r^2$ (c) πr^2 (d) πd
- Q.35. $1 \text{ m}^2 =$ _____ .
- (a) 100 cm^2 (b) 1000 cm^2 (c) 10000 m^2 (d) 10000 cm^2

Q.36. One hectare is equal to

- (a) 100 m² (b) 1000 m² (c) 10,000 m² (d) 10,000 m

Q.37. The circumference of a circle with radius 7 cm is

- (a) 11 cm (b) 22 cm (c) 44 cm (d) 49 cm

Q.38. The value of constant π is

- (a) 31.4 (b) $\frac{22}{7}$ (c) $\frac{7}{22}$ (d) 314

Q.39. In fig. the area of larger rectangle is 1750 m² and the area of smaller rectangle is 1350 m²



- (a) 3100 m² (b) 400 m² (c) 750 m² (d) 350 m²

Q.40. In fig., the area of rectangular sheet is 50 cm² and the area of circle inside the sheet is 15 cm² cut from the sheet, then the area of remaining sheet will be



- (a) 35 cm² (b) 65 cm² (c) 35 cm (d) 65 cm

ANALYSE YOUR PERFORMANCE

| QUESTIONS | TALLY MARKS | REVISE THESE CONCEPTS |
|---|-------------|---------------------------|
| 1, 3, 7, 8, 9, 11, 12, 14, 27, 31, 34 | | Knowledge of formulae |
| 15, 26, 28, 32, 36, 38 | | Concept of terms |
| 2, 4, 6, 10, 21, 23, 24, 29, 33, 35, 39, 40 | | Understanding of concepts |
| 5, 13, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 22, 24, 30, 37 | | Applications |