

UNIT 2 - HUMANS AND THE ENVIRONMENT

I. VOCABULARY

STT	TỪ VỰNG	PHIÊN ÂM	TỪ LOẠI	NGHĨA
1		/ju:θ 'ju:.njən/	np	Đoàn Thanh niên
2		/ə'dɒpt/	v	nhận làm con nuôi
3		/'seriməni/	n	nghi thức, nghi lễ
4		/'kɑ:bən 'fʊt.prɪnt/	n	dấu chân cacbon (lượng khí nhà kính chủ yếu là cacbon dioxide, được thải vào khí quyển bởi một hoạt động của con người)
5		/'haʊs.həʊld ə'plaɪ. əns/	np	thiết bị gia dụng
6		/'ek.ʊʊ.frend.li/	adj	thân thiện với môi trường
7		/sə'steɪ.nə.bəl/	adj	bền vững, lâu dài
8		/'en.ə.dʒi baɪ/	np	hóa đơn tiền điện
9		/ɪk'spləʊ.ʒən/	n	sự bùng nổ, sự phát triển ồ ạt
10		/ɔ:r'gæ.n.ɪk/	adj	thuộc hữu cơ
11		/'hɑ:rm.fəl/ /'hɑ:rm.ləs/ /an'ha:md/ /ha:m/	adj adj adj n/v	- gây tai hại, có hại - vô hại - bình yên vô sự (không bị tổn hại); nguyên vẹn, toàn vẹn - sự tổn hại/gây hại
12		/'kem.ɪ.kəlz/	n/a	hóa chất/thuộc hóa học
13		/,rɪ'fɪl.ə.bəl/	adj	có thể nạp lại
14		/sɔ:rt/	n v	loại, thứ, hạng phân loại
15		/rɪ:'saɪkl/	v	tái chế
16		/'nætʃərəl 'ri:sɔ:sɪz/	np	nguồn tài nguyên thiên nhiên
17		/i'mɪʃ.ən/	n	sự tỏa ra, sự thải ra

		/i'mɪt/	v	tỏa ra, thải ra
18		/'kælkjuleit/	v	tính toán
19		/'estimeit/	v	ước tính, đánh giá
		/,es.tə'meɪ.fən/	n	sự đánh giá, sự ước tính
20		/ɪ'lek.trɪk/	adj	- sử dụng điện để tạo ra năng lượng
		/'i'lek.trɪ.kəl/	adj	- có liên quan tới điện
		/,elek'trɒnɪk/	adj	- thuộc điện tử
		/elek'trɪsəti/	n	- điện
21		/'ævərɪdʒ/	n	trung bình
22		/prə'fesə/	n	giáo sư

II. STRUCTURES

STT	CẤU TRÚC	NGHĨA
1		thành lập, thiết lập, tổ chức
2		có mục tiêu làm được điều gì có mục tiêu đạt được điều gì
3		khuyến khích ai làm gì
4		dọn dẹp
5		nâng cao ý thức, nhận thức của ai về cái gì, điều gì
6		thích thú, hứng thú khi làm việc gì thích thú, hứng thú làm việc gì
7		có thể làm được việc gì
8		được dùng để làm việc gì quen làm việc gì (thói quen ở hiện tại) đã từng là thói quen trong quá khứ (giờ không còn nữa)
9		thu hút sự quan tâm của ai đó
10		nhớ phải làm gì nhớ đã làm gì
11		tắt (điện, công tắc, động cơ, etc)

		bật (điện, công tắc, động cơ, etc) xuất hiện từ chối, vãn nhỏ
12		đón ai đó; cầm/nhặt cái gì lên
13		nhắc nhở ai làm gì gợi cho ai nhớ tới ai/cái gì
14		đưa ra lựa chọn làm gì
15		đang được sử dụng, đang dùng
16		cắt giảm
17		phá vỡ, hỏng; ngắt xỉu
18		ném đi, vứt đi
19		gây ra thiệt hại cho cái gì
20		bắt buộc đối với
21		kết luận lại, nói tóm lại
22		tạo nên sự khác biệt
23		thuyết trình về cái gì
24		tìm kiếm, tra cứu
25		quyết định làm gì
26		được dựa trên cái gì

IV. PRACTICE EXERCISES

A. PHONETICS

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the word whose underlined part differs from the other three in pronunciation in each of the following questions.

1. A. please B. team C. clean D. ready
2. A. adopt B. pollute C. bottle D. topic
3. A. climate B. include C. different D. Internet
4. A. source B. decide C. carbon D. cycle
5. A. other B. although C. those D. thunder

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the word that differs from the other three in the position of primary stress in each of the following questions.

1. A. improve B. weekend C. attend D. reduce
2. A. local B. welcome C. issue D. protect
3. A. interesting B. awareness C. encourage D. protection

- | | | | |
|------------------|----------------|---------------|---------------|
| 4. A. exhibition | B. environment | C. electronic | D. estimation |
| 5. A. lifestyle | B. footprint | C. member | D. remind |

B. VOCABULARY

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the word(s) CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following sentences.

1. Too much CO₂ in the atmosphere can lead to increasing global temperatures and air pollution, and destroy the natural world.

- | | | | |
|--------------|---------------|----------------|------------|
| A. result in | B. involve in | C. result from | D. turn up |
|--------------|---------------|----------------|------------|

2. It's not difficult to reduce your carbon footprint. You can do it by making your daily activities eco-friendly.

- | | |
|---------------------|-----------------------------|
| A. climate-friendly | B. unfriendly |
| C. kindly | D. environmentally-friendly |

3. Walking or cycling are activities that can help reduce your carbon footprint and your impact on the environment.

- | | | | |
|--------------|----------------|-----------|-----------------|
| A. influence | B. consequence | C. effect | D. circumstance |
|--------------|----------------|-----------|-----------------|

4. A carbon footprint is the total amount of CO₂ produced by human activities and includes the emissions of other greenhouse gases.

- | | | | |
|---------------|-------------|---------------|--------------|
| A. discharges | B. controls | C. reductions | D. expansion |
|---------------|-------------|---------------|--------------|

5. Modern household appliances make housework much easier.

- | | | | |
|------------|-----------------|-----------|---------------|
| A. Current | B. Contemporary | C. Recent | D. Up-to-date |
|------------|-----------------|-----------|---------------|

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the word(s) OPPOSITE in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following sentences.

1. Large carbon footprint is a reason for destroying the natural world.

- | | | | |
|-----------|---------------|---------|-------------|
| A. gentle | B. artificial | C. pure | D. uncommon |
|-----------|---------------|---------|-------------|

2. Small changes in your daily habits can help reduce the carbon footprint you produce.

- | | | | |
|----------|-------------|---------|------------|
| A. lower | B. increase | C. rise | D. improve |
|----------|-------------|---------|------------|

3. More people adopt a green lifestyle. It is a choice we make to change to a greener and more sustainable lifestyle.

- | | | | |
|--------------|-----------|--------------|-------------|
| A. continual | B. viable | C. untenable | D. wasteful |
|--------------|-----------|--------------|-------------|

4. Recycling as much as possible reduces the need to collect new raw materials and protects natural resources.

- | | | | |
|----------------|--------------|-----------|-------------|
| A. unprocessed | B. well-done | C. cooked | D. prepared |
|----------------|--------------|-----------|-------------|

5. Organic methods help reduce the use of harmful chemicals in food, which is better for our health.

- | | | | |
|--------------|---------------|--------------|------------|
| A. fortunate | B. profitable | C. favorable | D. helpful |
|--------------|---------------|--------------|------------|

Give the correct forms of words in brackets.

1. We should bring a (USE) _____ bag when we go shopping to reduce plastic waste which needs many years to break down into small pieces.

2. One of the required things in the race is that candidates use their own (REFILL) _____ bottle instead of buying bottled water.
3. Turning off (ELECTRIC) _____ appliances is an easy way to save energy.
4. You can take shorter showers because the less hot water you use, the less energy is needed to (HOT) _____ the water.
5. Although calculating your carbon footprint can be difficult, it can be still (ESTIMATION) _____ based on how big your family is.

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the correct answer to each of the following sentences.

1. I'm _____ reduce my carbon footprint but I don't know what to do, so I join the club.
A. keen on B. keen to C. used to D. used for
2. The club's _____ is to improve our environment and encourage people to adopt a greener lifestyle.
A. wish B. desire C. purpose D. aim
3. We'll organise more activities to raise local people's _____ of environmental issues.
A. awareness B. aware C. unaware D. unawareness
4. Don't throw away your used household items, but _____ and recycle them.
A. reduce B. produce C. sort D. break
5. Globally, the _____ carbon footprint per person is more than 4 tons per year.
A. medium B. average C. personal D. estimated
6. Instead of using your _____ car or motorbike, you should use public transport, walk or cycle as much as possible.
A. particular B. public C. common D. personal
7. Everyone should _____ all electrical appliances before going out of the room to save energy.
A. turn off B. turn on C. turn up D. turn down
8. She's interested in listening to music loudly, so she _____ the radio.
A. turned off B. turned on C. turned up D. turned down
9. The park is dirty because many people _____ litter on the paths.
A. make B. drop C. keep D. hold
10. The club is _____ by the Youth Union in my school.
A. cleaned up B. picked up C. based on D. set up
11. I think we are all able _____ a lot of things to protect our environment.
A. to do B. do C. doing D. to doing
12. Students are _____ to pick up litter that they see on the ground.
A. raised B. attracted C. reminded D. decided
13. Eco-friendly car models always attract great _____ at exhibitions.
A. attend B. attention C. attentive D. attentively
14. One of the most important _____ of energy is the Sun.
A. resources B. bases C. roots D. sources

15. They have already _____ a decision that they are going to buy a new house next month.

- A. had B. made C. taken D. got

Fill in the blanks with suitable prepositions

1. It takes many years to break _____ plastic bags so we should use other materials instead.

2. "Cutting down _____ private cars!" is the slogan for our campaign this month.

3. _____ conclusion, each of us should be responsible for what we are doing with the environment.

4. Many people think living green is compulsory _____ them and they try to follow it.

5. In the workshop some students gave presentations _____ how people are damaging the climate and environment.

Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the underlined part that needs correction in each of the following questions.

1. Encouraging students planting more trees or flowers in schools helps reduce CO₂ and make

- A B C

the air clean.

D

2. We can improve the environment in our school in many ways and even small actions can

- A B

make a big different.

- C D

3. You may search on information about climate change on the Internet for your presentation.

- A B C D

4. The research on carbon footprint can be based in how much electricity household

- A B C

appliances use.

D

5. My father has been working for an electric company for more than 20 years.

- A B C D

C. GRAMMAR

Give the correct forms of the verbs in brackets

1. Tommy (be) _____ fifteen years old next month.

2. Look at the Sun. It (be) _____ a beautiful day.

3. David (buy) _____ a new car. He has already saved enough money.

4. I think that Thompson (lose) _____ his job because of his rude behavior.

5. You (cook) _____ for the party? I see a lot of ingredients in the kitchen.

6. I promise I (call) _____ as soon as I arrive at the airport.

7. We (hold) _____ an international conference about environmental issues next week as planned.
8. I forgot to phone Dad. I (do) _____ it right after lunch.
9. People (not go) _____ to Mars before the 22nd century.
10. Linda and her best friends (take) _____ a trip to Phu Quoc. They have already prepared well for this trip for more than one month.

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions.

11. This beautiful dress _____ for me by my mother last week.
A. is made B. was made C. will be made D. has been made
12. Those flowers and plants _____ every day.
A. will be watered B. are watered C. were watered D. are being watered
13. Hundreds of films _____ by CGV Cinemas since January.
A. have showed B. have been showed C. were showed D. showed
14. "When _____?" - "In 1876."
A. the telephone was invented C. did the telephone invented
B. was the telephone invented D. did the telephone invent
15. The preparation for the graduation ceremony _____ by the time the students _____.
A. had been finished - came C. had finished - came
B. have been finished - came D. will have finished - come
16. Do you hear the footsteps behind us? I think we _____.
A. were being followed C. are followed
B. are being followed D. were followed
17. My computer _____ by my brother at this time last night.
A. was being repaired B. was repairing C. is repairing D. was repaired
18. This work _____ by the marketing team next Monday.
A. will be done B. will have been done C. will do D. is done
19. A lot of clean-up activities _____ by our club this weekend.
A. will have organized B. is being organized
C. are going to be organized D. will be organizing
20. These reports must _____ by the manager.
A. have checked B. be checking C. be checked D. check

Rewrite the following sentences using the passive voice. Begin each sentence as shown.

21. The club members will clean up all the classrooms.

=> All the classrooms _____.

22. The students are practicing their presentation on environmental protection.

=> Their presentation _____.

23. More and more people adopt a green lifestyle.

=> A green _____.

24. We should bring a reusable bag when going shopping

=>A _____.

25. Have you discussed the problem with anyone?

=> Has _____ ?

D. SPEAKING

Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the sentence that best completes each of the following exchanges.

1. *John is talking to Mike about his weekend plan.*

Mike: What are you going to do this weekend, John?

John: _____

A. I'll go home now.

B. Nothing special. I have a meeting.

C. I don't know about that.

D. Yes. I have something to eat.

2. *John is talking to Mike about the club he's joining.*

Mike: What club do you join?

John: _____

A. A club run by the Youth Union.

B. The club is over there.

C. I often go there in the evening.

D. It's really big.

3. *John is talking to Mike about the club he's joining.*

Mike: Does your club have some social activities?

John: _____

A. People help me with my homework.

B. Well, we always wait for others.

C. No. I don't agree.

D. Sure. Its aim is to protect the environment.

4. *John is talking to Mike about the club he's joining.*

Mike: Are you going to clean up the school with your club this weekend?

John: _____

A. How do you know about it?

B. Yes, that's it.

C. I'm excited about it.

D. They don't have any plans.

5. *John is talking to Mike about the club he's joining.*

Mike: Can I join the club?

John: _____

A. No. I'm not.

B. Yes, you'll be fine.

C. Yes, of course.

D. No, you shouldn't.

E. READING

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the correct word or phrase that best fits each of the numbered blanks.

Many large cities around the world have struggled to keep up with the increase in traffic in recent times. Densely populated areas, growing car ownership, as well as narrow roads brought for much lower volumes of traffic all (1) _____ to this. In 1975, Singapore decided to introduce a congestion charge a (2) _____ paid by drivers entering the most traffic-heavy zones of the city. London introduced a congestion charge in 2003. Public opinion was initially opposed to the idea, (3) _____ people soon became more supportive of the scheme. Despite this, its first decade brought mixed success, and the (4) _____ of cars in the city fell by only 10%. However, the scheme proved massively profitable, (5) _____ allowed the city council to invest in other measures aimed at improving traffic conditions in London. These included cycle lanes, pedestrianized areas and better road surfaces.

(Adapted from *Oxford Exam Trainer* by Helen Weale)

- | | | | |
|-----------------|---------------|------------|-----------|
| 1. A. cause | B. contribute | C. induce | D. result |
| 2. A. pension | B. fine | C. stipend | D. fee |
| 3. A. otherwise | B. because | C. so | D. but |
| 4. A. other | B. little | C. number | D. many |
| 5. A. which | B. where | C. who | D. that |

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions.

A group of researchers and experts in America and Australia listed 12 countries affecting considerably to the ocean by the year 2018 and the Southeast Asia area has up to 5 representatives: Thailand, Vietnam, Malaysia, Indonesia, and the Philippines. China ranks first with nearly 8.8 million plastic waste, and Vietnam ranks fourth with 1.8 million. It is really alarming that developing countries are the main causes of environmental pollution in 10 recent years. A terrible fact that probably occur by 2050 is that the ocean contains much more waste than sea creatures if the plastic waste situation is still continuing, according to the United Nations report. In addition, the unexpected fact is that it takes only 5 seconds to produce a plastic bag, 1 second to throw, but up to 500 or even 1000 years to decompose.

A reason for water pollution in Vietnam is that many companies and enterprises cannot manage rubbish and then pour waste into rivers and streams, which the government cannot control at all. Meanwhile, rivers and streams are two main sources of water for use.

As a result, in many places in Vietnam, especially remote areas, people get diseases like cholera, diarrhea or skin diseases by having to use water from rivers and streams. The basic reason is that many households are not supplied with piped water and hygienic latrines, so they do not have water to use or do not have a water filtration system. Also, many people take the water from hand-dug wells that are not surely clean. In another hand, many marine creatures died from water pollution due to its heavy chemicals.

It is constantly urgent for the government and businesses to take responsibility for water pollution. The government should have new strict laws to prevent companies from pouring wastes into the water and manage better-piped water systems in many areas.

(Adapted from <https://www.vietnam-tour.biz/>)

6. Which of the following best serves as the title of the passage?
- A. Water Pollution in Vietnam
 - B. Water Pollution in the World
 - C. Water Pollution: The Statistics
 - D. Water Pollution: What Are the Main Causes?
7. According to paragraph 1, which of the following is **NOT** true?
- A. Five out of twelve countries affecting significantly to the ocean by the year 2018 are in the Southeast Asia area.
 - B. It takes much more time to decompose a plastic bag than to produce it.
 - C. Vietnam ranks fourth in the list of countries in the Southeast Asia area affecting considerably the ocean.
 - D. In the last decade, the main causes of environmental problems are developing countries.
8. The word "**which**" in paragraph 2 refers to _____.
- A. many companies and enterprises
 - B. wastes
 - C. rivers and streams
 - D. companies and enterprises not managing rubbish and pouring waste into rivers and streams
9. The following are the reasons why the Vietnamese in remote areas get many kinds of diseases from water, **EXCEPT** _____.
- A. many households are not supplied with piped water and hygienic latrines.
 - B. the water from hand-dug wells is not clean enough.
 - C. they do not have a water filtration system.
 - D. many marine creatures died from water pollution due to its heavy chemicals.
10. What does the word "**urgent**" in the last paragraph most probably mean?
- A. trivial
 - B. pressing
 - C. nervous
 - D. dangerous

UNIT 2 - 15-MINUTE TEST

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the correct answer to each of the following sentences.

1. This shirt looks beautiful. I _____ it.
- A. am buying
 - B. buy
 - C. will buy
 - D. buys
2. I have made a reservation. We _____ dinner at the Hoa Sua restaurant nearby.
- A. are going to have
 - B. will have
 - C. have
 - D. is going to have
3. The Sun is shining. It _____ a lovely day.
- A. are
 - B. is
 - C. is being
 - D. is going to be
4. Stop making so much noise or the neighbour _____ angry.

- A. get B. will get C. is going to get D. is getting
5. She doesn't like Kate, so she _____ her to her house.
A. is going to invite B. isn't going to invite
C. will invite D. won't invite
6. I'm sure John _____ very happy to meet you.
A. is B. are C. is going to be D. will be
7. She _____ the phone no matter who calls her.
A. will not answer B. isn't going to answer
C. answers D. is answering
8. You _____ able to see much better with these new glasses.
A. are B. is
C. will be D. are going to be
9. I don't think he _____ that car because it's old and unreliable.
A. is getting B. will get
C. is going to get D. gets
10. Look at the child's face. He _____.
A. is going to cry B. cries
C. will cry D. is crying
11. She aims at _____ the Environment Club to clean up our environment with other people.
A. join B. to join C. joined D. joining
12. The best solution is to raise local people's _____ of environmental issues and the effects of pollution.
A. aware B. awareness C. unaware D. unawareness
13. _____ your appliances when they are not in use is one of the easiest ways to save energy.
A. Turning off B. Turning on C. Turning up D. Turning down
14. We should encourage people to use _____ bottles to reduce plastic waste.
A. renewable B. remarkable C. refillable D. resolved
15. Children should be taught how to sort and recycle household items instead of _____ them.
A. cutting down B. cleaning up C. breaking down D. throwing away

UNIT 2 - 45-MINUTE TEST

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the word whose underlined part differs from the other three in pronunciation in each of the following questions.

1. A. pollute B. reduuce C. fortunue D. rubbush
2. A. improve B. environment C. organize D. criteria

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the word that differs from the other three in the position of primary stress in each of the following questions.

- | | | | |
|------------------|---------------|----------------|----------------|
| 3. A. beautiful | B. conclusion | C. regular | D. difference |
| 4. A. lifestyle | B. adopt | C. event | D. aware |
| 5. A. protection | B. activity | C. achievement | D. interesting |

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the word(s) CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following sentences.

6. The government should organize more activities to raise local people's awareness of environmental issues.

A. concerns	B. views	C. matters	D. editions
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7. Small changes in your daily habits can help reduce the footprint you produce.

A. routines	B. rules	C. addictions	D. weakness
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Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the word(s) OPPOSITE in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following sentences.

8. Using green products is also a way to save energy and reduce carbon footprint.

A. rescue	B. recover	C. gather	D. waste
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9. Eating organic food helps to reduce taking in harmful chemicals in our bodies.

A. toxic	B. healthy	C. disadvantageous	D. hazardous
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Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the correct answer to each of the following sentences.

10. They recommend that we bring a _____ bag when we go shopping.

A. usable	B. reuse	C. reusable	D. useful
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11. He started to cycle to work _____ driving his own car last week.

A. in spite of	B. instead of	C. due to	D. because of
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12. Scientists said that it took years for the material to _____ into small pieces.

A. break down	B. break up	C. turn down	D. turn up
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13. Household appliances should be _____ to save energy and avoid dangerous situations.

A. turned off	B. turned on	C. turned up	D. turned down
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14. Each of our small habits, such as leaving the room with the lights on, wastes _____.

A. electric	B. electrical	C. electrically	D. electricity
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15. We shouldn't drop litter in the street because this will make the street dirty and _____ the environment.

A. polluted	B. pollution	C. pollute	D. polluting
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16. Rubbish will be _____ in the central market and in the streets around the schools.

A. pick up	B. picked up	C. to pick up	D. picking up
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17. The students are keen on _____ the voluntary activities because they can make new friends.

A. join	B. to join	C. joining	D. joined
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18. We can improve the environment in our school in many ways and even small actions can make a big _____.

- A. improvement B. difference C. diversity D. contrast

19. The _____ of greenhouse gases can cause climate change.

- A. estimation B. diffusion C. ejection D. emission

20. Too much CO₂ in the atmosphere can lead _____ increasing global temperatures and air pollution, and destroy the natural world.

- A. for B. at C. to D. from

21. Following the school's regulations is _____ for every teacher and student. They are not allowed to be late for school.

- A. compulsory B. helpful C. good D. useful

22. These simple activities can help reduce your carbon footprint and your impact _____ the environment.

- A. with B. about C. from D. on

Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the underlined part that needs correction in each of the following questions.

23. Eco-friendly car models always attract great attending at exhibitions.

- A B C D

24. Natural resources are protecting because new materials are in search.

- A B C D

25. The use of refillable water bottles is encouragement, so most students bring one to school.

- A B C D

READING

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the correct word or phrase that best fits each of the numbered blanks from 26 to 30.

Recycling is important in today's world if we want to leave this planet for future generations. It is good for the environment since we are (26) _____ new products from the old products which are of no use to us. Recycling begins at home. If you are not throwing away any of your old products and (27) _____ utilizing them for something new, then you are actually recycling.

When you think of recycling, you should really think about the (28) _____ idea: reduce, reuse and recycle. We've been careless up to this point with the way we've treated the Earth, and it's time to change, not just the way we do things but the way we think. Recycling is good for the environment; in a sense, we are using old and waste products (29) _____ are of no use and then converting them back to the same new products. Since we are saving resources and sending less trash to landfills, it helps in reducing air and water pollution.

With each passing day, the population is increasing. With that, the quantity of waste produced is also increasing manifolds. The more the waste production, the more is the amount of space required to

(30) _____ these wastes. Now, it must be remembered that the space available on earth is very limited, and it is obviously up to us to use it judiciously.

(Source: conserve-energy-future.com/importance_of_recycling.php)

- | | | | |
|---------------|-----------|------------|-------------|
| 26. A. doing | B. making | C. using | D. throwing |
| 27. A. yet | B. then | C. instead | D. but |
| 28. A. most | B. other | C. number | D. whole |
| 29. A. that | B. what | C. where | D. who |
| 30. A. entomb | B. bury | C. hide | D. dump |

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions from 31 to 35.

Have you ever felt that there aren't enough hours in the day? These days we have to do our jobs, look after our homes, save energy to help the environment, and do exercise to stay healthy! Like many of us, Alex Gadsden never had enough time. He **ran** a business and a home and needed to lose weight. So he decided to do something about it. He invented the cycle washer. The 29-year-old now starts each day with a 45-minute cycle ride. He not only feels healthier but he saves on his energy bills and does the washing too.

He said, "It gives the user a good workout. I've only used it for two weeks but I've already noticed a difference." "I tend to get up at around six-thirty now and get straight on the cycle washer. I keep **it** in the garden, so it's nice to get out in the fresh air. Afterward, I feel full of energy. Then I generally have breakfast and a shower and I really feel ready to start the day." The green washing machine uses 25 liters of water a wash, and takes enough clothes to fill a carrier bag. He normally cycles for 25 minutes to wash the clothes, and then for another 20 minutes to dry them. And it doesn't use any electricity, of course. Mr. Gadsden, the boss of a cleaning company, believes his machine could become very popular. With an invention which cleans your clothes, keeps you fit and reduces your electricity bill, he may well be right.

(Adapted from *English Unlimited* by Alex Tilbury et al.)

31. What is the passage mainly about?
- | | |
|---|---------------------------|
| A. The significance of everyday physical activity | B. An ingenious invention |
| C. Cycling improves your health. | D. Washing Methods |
32. The word "**ran**" in paragraph 1 is closest in meaning to _____.
- | | | | |
|------------|----------|------------|------------|
| A. managed | B. moved | C. allowed | D. changed |
|------------|----------|------------|------------|
33. According to paragraph 1, what does Alex Gadsden achieve with the invention of the cycle washer?
- | | |
|---|--|
| A. He gets increasingly concerned with recycling. | B. His electric bills have been decreased. |
| C. He assists his wife with the dishes. | D. He gains weight. |
34. The word **it** in paragraph 2 refers to _____.
- | | |
|---------------------|-------------------------|
| A. the cycle washer | B. workout |
| C. the fresh air | D. noticed a difference |
35. Which of the following is **NOT true**, according to the passage?
- A. Alex's machine isn't very good at washing garments.

- B. The cycle washer can assist you in staying fit and healthy.
- C. The cycle washer does not require any power to function.
- D. Alex Gadsden is confident in the cycle washer's effectiveness.

Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the sentence that best completes each of the following exchanges.

36. *Rosie is talking to Mark*

Rosie: Would you like to go to the Green Club this evening?

Mark: _____

- A. Really?
- B. I love watching it.
- C. I'd love to.
- D. I will do it.

37. *Rosie is talking to Mark*

Rosie: Our next campaign is to clean up the roads on our campus.

Mark: _____

- A. It doesn't matter.
- B. Sounds interesting.
- C. It's a pity.
- D. It's unlucky.

Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the sentence that is closest in meaning to each of the following questions.

38. She decided to use paper bags instead of plastic bags to reduce plastic waste.

- A. She made a decision to use plastic bags more than paper bags to reduce plastic waste.
- B. She made a decision to reduce plastic waste with paper bags or plastic bags.
- C. She made a decision to use both paper and plastic bags for plastic waste reduction.
- D. She made a decision to reduce plastic waste by using paper bags instead of plastic bags.

39. Remember to turn off your appliances when they are not used.

- A. Don't forget to turn off your appliances when they are not used.
- B. Try turning off your appliances when they are not used.
- C. Try to turn off your appliances when they are not used.
- D. Don't hesitate to turn off your appliances when they are not used.

40. They usually cooked with wood or dried bush to save gas or electricity.

- A. They are used to cooking with wood or dried bush to save gas or electricity.
- B. They used to save gas or electricity so they never used them to cook.
- C. They used to cook with wood or dried bush to save gas or electricity.
- D. They cooked to save wood, dried bush, gas or electricity.