

Thời gian làm bài: ... phút, không kể thời gian phát đề.

Họ, tên thí sinh:

Số báo danh:

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that best completes each of the following exchanges.

Question 1: Khue and Wean are talking about Westlife band.

Khue : "I think Westlife band is a timeless soundtrack to so many lives."

Wean : "....."

A. It is not as simple as it seems

B. I'm not on a good mood

C. You do the same!

D. Well, you could be right

Question 2: Nhat and Joe are in the supermarket.

Nhat : "Would you like to buy some sauce for the chicken tonight?"

Joe : "....."

A. That sauce is not necessarily so.

B. No, thank you. I think it'll be fine without sauce.

C. That sauce is pretty good.

D. I agree with you entirely.

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions.

Question 3: The victory at Dien Bien Phu stands as one of _____ moments in Viet Nam's history.

A. the most pivotal

B. the more pivotal

C. most pivotal

D. more and more pivotal

Question 4: The room got _____ when the teacher started the lesson.

A. quietly

B. quietness

C. quiet

D. quieten

Question 5: Domestic waste is piling up _____ to environmental degradation.

A. lead

B. being lead

C. to lead

D. leading

Question 6: I think _____ only way to truly understand someone is to listen to their story without judgment.

A. a

B. the

C. Ø (no article)

D. an

Question 7: He found the task difficult, so he decided to _____ and ask for help, making it easier for himself.

A. give in

B. pass over

C. stand out

D. take in

Question 8: The new policies _____ by the management team in response to the feedback received from employees last week.

A. was applied

B. are applied

C. being applied

D. were applied

Question 9: They forgot _____ the windows, and it rained heavily inside.

A. to close

B. be closed

C. being closed

D. closing

Question 10: We're meeting at 7 pm, _____ ?

A. are we

B. are not we

C. aren't we

D. do we

Question 11: As the storm raged outside, the group crowded together in the darkened house, their nerves stretched taut with _____ because they waited for news of their missing friend.

A. expectancy

B. suspense

C. anticipation

D. expectation

Question 12: While they were busy preparing for the party, he _____ on the phone with his friend.

A. was talking

B. were talking

C. talked

D. talking

Question 13: Feel free to pick up the package at your _____, we're flexible with timing.

A. contract

B. continuance

C. convenience

D. contact

Question 14: They will head to the nearest restaurant for dinner, _____.

A. until the movie ends

B. when the movie ended

C. as soon as the movie ends

D. before the movie had ended

Question 15: It's important to _____ in mind the company's regulations.

A. take

B. put

C. keep

D. get

Question 16: Richard succeeded _____ offending just about everybody in the room.

A. with

B. at

C. in

D. to

Question 17: After the movie, we had planned to go to the beach, but we decided to call it a _____ because everyone was tired.

A. day

B. week

C. time

D. night

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word whose underlined part differs from the other three in pronunciation in each of the following questions.

Question 18: A. cost

B. post

C. loan

D. pole

Question 19: A. chubby

B. chancy

C. Christian

D. chap

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word that differs from the other three in the position of stress in each of the following questions.

Question 20: A. channel B. reply C. person D. expert

Question 21: A. fortunate B. opportune C. convenient D. practical

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined word in each of the following questions.

Question 22: She saved money for a rainy day, preparing for any foreseeable events in the future.

A. predictable B. forgettable C. memorable D. believable

Question 23: She followed the recipe precisely, ensuring that each ingredient was added in the correct order.

A. correctly B. exactly C. suitably D. acceptably

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word(s) OPPOSITE in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.

Question 24: The new policies aim to mitigate traffic jam in rush hour.

A. reduce B. lighten C. exacerbate D. diminish

Question 25: Nobody owned up to breaking the window.

A. objected to B. allowed for C. confessed to D. denied of

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct word or phrase that best fits each of the numbered blanks from 26 to 30.

Madagascar has two seasons, a warm, wet season from November to April, and a cooler dry season between May and October. (26) _____, different parts of the country have very different weather. The east coast is hotter and wetter, with up to 4000mm of rainfall per year. In the rainy season, there are strong winds, and these can (27) _____ a lot of damage. Avoid visiting eastern Madagascar between January and March because the weather can make road travel very difficult. The dry season is cooler and more pleasant. The high, central part of the country is much drier and cooler. About 1,400 mm of rain falls in the rainy season, (28) _____ with some thunderstorms, but the summer is usually sunny and dry, but it can be cold, especially in the mornings, with freezing showers, and it may snow in mountain areas above 2,400m, and even stay there for (29) _____ days. The west coast is the driest part of the island. Here, the winter months are pleasant with little rain, cooler temperatures and blue skies. The summers can be a (30) _____, especially in the southwest. This part of the country is semi-desert, and only gets around 300mm of rain per year.

(Source from examenglish.com)

Question 26: A. Therefore B. Moreover C. However D. Because

Question 27: A. cause B. begin C. bring D. affect

Question 28: A. when B. where C. what D. whose

Question 29: A. other B. lot of C. much D. several

Question 30: A. scorcher B. burn C. freezing D. melt

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions from 31 to 35.

It is estimated that about 40 per cent of the world's population use social media, and many of these billions of social media users look up to influencers to help them decide what to buy and what trends to follow. So what is an influencer and how do we become one?

An influencer is a person who can influence the decisions of their followers because of their relationship with their audience and their knowledge and expertise in a particular area, e.g. fashion, travel or technology.

Influencers often have a large following of people who pay close attention to their views. They have the power to persuade people to buy things, and influencers are now seen by many companies as a direct way to customers' hearts. Brands are now asking powerful influencers to market their products. With some influencers charging up to \$25,000 for one social media post, it is no surprise that more and more people are keen to become influencers too. Most influencers these days are bloggers and micro-bloggers. Decide which medium – such as your own online blog, Instagram or Snapchat – is the best way to connect with your followers and chat about your niche area. When you have done that, write an attention-grabbing bio that describes you and your speciality area in an interesting and unique way. Make sure that people who read your bio will want to follow you.

Publicise your posts on a variety of social media, use hashtags and catchy titles and make sure that they can be easily found. There is no point writing the most exciting blogposts or posting the most attractive photographs if no one is going to see them. Most importantly, if you want to become a social media influencer, you need to have patience. Keep posting and your following will gradually increase.

(Source from learnenglish.britishcouncil.org)

Question 31: The passage is mainly about _____?

A. The increasing popularity of social media platforms.

B. Strategies for effectively marketing products online.

- C. The role and impact of influencers in social media.
- D. The history and evolution of blogging and micro-blogging platforms.

Question 32: The word **expertise** is closest in meaning to _____.

- A. learning
- B. capability
- C. demand
- D. option

Question 33: The word **they** in paragraph 3 refers to _____.

- A. catchy titles
- B. social media
- C. hashtags and catchy titles
- D. posts

Question 34: Influencers often have a large following of people who _____.

- A. pay close attention to their views
- B. are keen to become influencers too
- C. are bloggers and micro-bloggers
- D. need to have patience

Question 35: according to the passage, all of the following are true, **EXCEPT** _____?

- A. Their ability to influence the decisions of their followers.
- B. Their expertise and knowledge in a particular area.
- C. Their preference for traditional marketing methods.
- D. Their large following on social media platforms.

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions from 36 to 42.

If you think of the jobs robots could never do, you would probably put doctors and teachers at the top of the list. It's easy to imagine robot cleaners and factory workers, but some jobs need human connection and creativity. But are we underestimating what robots can do? In some cases, **they** already perform better than doctors at diagnosing illness. Also, some patients might feel more comfortable sharing personal information with a machine than a person. Could there be a place for robots in education after all?

British education expert Anthony Seldon thinks so. And he even has a date for the robot takeover of the classroom: 2027. He predicts robots will do the main job of transferring information and teachers will be like assistants. Intelligent robots will read students' faces, movements and maybe even brain signals. Then they will adapt the information to each student. It's not a popular opinion and it's unlikely robots will ever have **empathy** and the ability to really connect with humans like another human can.

One thing is certain, though. A robot teacher is better than no teacher at all. In some parts of the world, there aren't enough teachers and 9–16 per cent of children under the age of 14 don't go to school. That problem could be partly solved by robots because they can teach anywhere and won't get stressed, or tired, or move somewhere for an easier, higher-paid job.

Those negative aspects of teaching are something everyone agrees on. Teachers all over the world are leaving because it is a difficult job and they feel **drained**. Perhaps the question is not 'Will robots replace teachers?' but 'How can robots help teachers?' Office workers can use software to do things like organise and answer emails, arrange meetings and update calendars. Teachers waste a lot of time doing non-teaching work, including more than 11 hours a week marking homework. If robots could cut the time teachers spend marking homework and writing reports, teachers would have more time and energy for the parts of the job humans do best.

(Source from learnenglish.britishcouncil.org)

Question 36 : Which of the following can be the best title for the passage?

- A. The Future of Education: Robots in the Classroom.
- B. Navigating the Role of Technology in Teaching.
- C. Challenges and Opportunities: Robots and Education.
- D. Reimagining Teaching: The Rise of Robot Teachers.

Question 37 : What is the main idea inferred from paragraph 3 discussing Anthony Seldon's prediction?

- A. by 2027, robots will assume the primary responsibility for transferring information in classrooms, while teachers will serve as assistants.
- B. intelligent robots to analyze students' facial expressions and movements to tailor educational content to their individual needs.
- C. robots' ability to authentically connect with students on an emotional level.
- D. signals a potential paradigm shift in education, where robots play a central role in delivering personalized learning experiences.

Question 38 : The word **they** in paragraph 1 refers to _____.

- A. doctors
- B. cases
- C. robots
- D. human

Question 39 : The word **empathy** in paragraph 2 is closest in meaning to _____.

- A. feeling
- B. mentality
- C. understanding
- D. difference

Question 40 : The word **drained** in paragraph 4 is closest in meaning to _____.

- A. relaxed
- B. overworked
- C. difficult
- D. overwhelmed

Question 41 : According to the passage, which of the following statements is **NOT TRUE** ?

- A. Robots' ability to authentically connect with students on an emotional level.
- B. Intelligent robots could help alleviate teacher shortages in certain regions.
- C. Teachers will be increasingly reliant on robots to perform administrative tasks in the classroom.

D. Robots will completely replace human teachers by 2027.

Question 42 : What can be inferred from the passage about the role of robots in education?

- A. Robots are expected to play a significant role in supporting teachers in the future.
- B. The integration of robots in education will likely lead to a complete replacement of human teachers.
- C. Robots lack the ability to fully replicate the emotional connection and empathy provided by human teachers.
- D. Teachers will be increasingly reliant on robots to perform administrative tasks in the classroom.

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that best combines each pair of sentences in the following questions.

Question 43: Arriving late at the restaurant, we found that all of the seats were full.

- A. If we didn't arrive late to the restaurant, all of the seats wouldn't be full.
- B. If we hadn't arrived late to the restaurant, all of the seats wouldn't have been full.
- C. If we had arrived late to the restaurant, all of the seats wouldn't have been full.
- D. If we arrived late to the restaurant, all of the seats wouldn't have been full.

Question 44: She finished her studies. She decided to pursue her passion for painting.

- A. Only when she finished her studies did she decide to pursue her passion for painting.
- B. Only when she finished her studies did she decided to pursue her passion for painting.
- C. Not only did she finish her studies, but also she decided to pursue her passion for painting.
- D. No sooner had she finished her studies than she decided to pursue her passion for painting.

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the underlined part that needs correction in each of the following questions.

Question 45: This was the day when the children finally met Father Christmas. The children would meet Santa and get a toy. Then he came into the elves' workshop to meet us.

- A. met
- B. The children
- C. he
- D. into

Question 46: His suggested nature, coupled with a tendency to seek approval from others, often resulted in him making impulsive choices based on the opinions of those around him rather than his own convictions.

- A. suggested
- B. tendency
- C. impulsive
- D. convictions

Question 47: John eagerly read the new book he buys at the bookstore last week.

- A. eagerly
- B. new
- C. buys
- D. the

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that is closest in meaning to each of the following questions.

Question 48: She was requested to attend the meeting tomorrow.

- A. She should attend the meeting tomorrow.
- B. She could have attended the meeting tomorrow.
- C. She must attend the meeting tomorrow.
- D. She need attend the meeting tomorrow.

Question 49: It's been 15 years since I last watched my favorite Korean film.

- A. I last watched my favorite Korean film was 15 years.
- B. I haven't watched my favorite Korean film for 15 years.
- C. I didn't watch my favorite Korean film since 15 years ago.
- D. I have watched my favorite Korean film for 15 years.

Question 50: "I will never forgive him once he cheats on me", she said.

- A. She said that she would never forgive him once he cheated on her.
- B. She said that she will never forgive him once he cheated on her.
- C. She said that she would have forgave him once he cheated on her.
- D. She said that she would never forgive him once he cheated me.