ĐỀ THI VÀO 10 (Sample)

A. PHẦN TRẮC NGHIỆM

I. Choose A, B, C or D to indicate the word whose underlined part differs from the others in pronunciation.

1. A. impact B. advice C. aquatic D. material
2. A. contaminated B. polluted C. degraded D. advanced
3. A. problem B. love C. box D. hobby

II. Choose A, B, C or D to indicate the word that differs from the others in the position of stress.

4. A. success B. preserve C. reduce D. harmful
5. A. enjoyable B. contaminate C. convenient D. inorganic

III. Choose the best option which completes the sentence or replaces the underline part

1. My house in the countryside _____ in Jannuary 1986.
   A. is built B. was building C. was built D. has been built
2. The doctor_____me not to stay up too late at night.
   A. advised B. suggested C. insisted D. forced
3. His house looks very large and beautiful. It is _____house.
   A. a seven-room B. a seven-rooms C. seven room D. seven rooms
4. If you get up early, you_____late.
   A. weren't B. wouldn't be C. aren't D. won't be
5. The kids are looking _____ to the vacation in the skiing rezort next month.
   A. for B. after C. forward D. into
6. When he lived in the city, he_____to the theater twice a week.
   A. uses to go B. has gone C. used to go D. was going
7. Nobody went to the party, _____?
   A. does he B. do they C. didn't they D. did they
8. Tom said that he _____his motorbike the day before.
   A. was loosing B. lost C. has lost D. had lost
9. Festivals can be dangerous; _____, they may affect the environment.
   A. and B. moreover C. nevertheless D. but
10. This is Mr. John, _____helped me a lot with my project.
    A. which B. whom C. who D. that
11. The _____ from cars and factories make the air, water and soil dangerously dirty.
    A. polluted B. polluting C. pollutants D. pollute
12. _____is the protection of the plant and animal species that are endangered.
    A. Contamination B. Conservation C. Destruction D. Extinction

IV. Choose A, B, C or D to indicate the word CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined word

13. Watching TV too much has bad **effect** on children's eyes.
    A. affect B. impact C. threat D. ability

V. Choose A, B, C or D to indicate the word OPPOSITE in meaning to the underlined word

14. The church is quite an **ancient** building.

LIVEWORKSHEETS

A. old B. fresh C. historic D. modern

VI. Choose A, B, C or D to indicate the sentence that is closest in meaning to the original sentence.

15. **We last visited Ho Chi Minh city 3 years ago.**

A. We didn't visit Ho Chi Minh city for 3 years.

B. We haven't visited Ho Chi Minh city for 3 years

C. We haven't visited Ho Chi Minh city for 3 years ago.

D. We didn't visit Ho Chi Minh city for 3 years go.

VII. Choose A, B, C or D to indicate the underlined part that needs correction

16. These exercises are quite difficult but Jimmy is enough intelligent to do them.

A B C D

17. Your friends went to your native village last weekend, weren't they?

A B C D

18. I asked him how far was it to the station if I went there by taxi.

A B C D

VIII. Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the most suitable response to complete each of the following exchanges.

19. **Jane:** "Congratulation! You have got high marks in the last term." **Mary:**"_____"

A. Really? Never say so. B. I'd love to say so.

C. It is kind of you to say so. D. You're welcome.

IX. Read the passage and choose the best answers.

In Southeast Asia, many forests have been cut down to produce timber and to clear land for farms and industries. The destruction of forests has reduced the living space of wildlife. Much of Asia's wildlife is also threatened by ***over-hunting***. Many people kill animals for food or hunt them to sell to zoos, medical researchers, and pet traders. Because of habitat destruction and over-hunting, many large Asian animals, including elephants, rhinoceros, and tigers, have become endangered.

In China, people have cut down most of the forests for wood, which has caused serious soil erosion. The soil is deposited in rivers and streams, which lowers the quality of the water. The *Huang He*, or Yellow River, is so named because the light-coloured soil gives the water a yellowish colour. The soil has also raised the riverbed. As a result, the *Huang He* often floods, causing great property damage and loss of life along its banks.

1: The living space of wildlife in Southeast Asia_____

A. is a threat to farmers. B. is rebuilt when people destroy forests.

C. has been reduced when forests are cut down. D. is near farms and industries.

2: Rhinoceros and elephants are mentioned as an example of _____

A. endangered animals in Asia. B. large animals kept in zoos.

C. animals traders want to have. D. animals attracted to medical researchers.

3: Why do people cut down forests?

A. to make land for rivers. B. to threaten the animals living in forests.

C. to plant more trees. D . to produce timber and to clear land for farms and industries.

LIVEWORKSHEETS

4: The *Huang He*_____

A. receives soil which betters the quality of water. B. runs between forests.

C. has its name from the colour of its water D. is a deep river in China.

5: The word *over-hunting* has the closest meaning to_____

A. hunting overseas B. hunting in the highlands

C. hunting too much D. hunting for wildlife

X. Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the correct word that best fits each of the numbered blanks.

People enjoy (1) _____ in large cities. But cities have problems. One problem is that they frequently grow very rapidly. Transportation (2) _____ complicated. There are a lot of cars, buses and bicycles. As a result, people are trying to improve the big cities, and they are also planning for new cities. Plan A is a large city (3) _____ smaller cities around it. There is an open land with trees, fields, and lakes between the large city and smaller cities. Each small city is complete. It has offices, schools, hospitals, and places of entertainment. In Plan B the cities are (4) _____by a road. In Plan C, the cities are in rings around the central city and all of them are connected to each other. The goal of all these plans is to limit the (5) _____of the large city.

1.	A. live	B. to living	C. living	D. lives
2.	A. becomes	B. returns	C. happens	D. develops
3.	A. in	B. for	C. with	D. at
4.	A. chain	B. connected	C. attached	D. fastened
5.	A. progress	B. growth	C. movement	D. improvement

B. PHẦN TỰ LUẬN

I. Give the corect form of the verbs in brackets

1. Yesterday when I came to see Peter, he (do) _____ his homework.
2. Mai (not/write) _____ any letters to me since she moved to Ho Chi Minh City.
3. I'm looking forward (see) _____ you again.
4. They decided (build) _____ a modern hospital in this town soon.

II. Give the corect form of the words in brackets

1. The _____ of the moon for the earth causes the tides. (***attract***)
2. The children are more _____ in cartoon. (***interest***)
3. We're having a small family_____ to mark our wedding anniversary. (***gather***)
4. Our team played _____in the final soccer match. We lost the game. (***succeed***)

III. Rewrite the sentences using suggestions.

1. The man was very kind. I talked to him yesterday. (**who**)

   ……..

2. "Why don't you ask the teacher for help?" Peter asked me.

   Peter asked me ……..……..

3. It takes Minh 2 hours to do his homework every day.

   Minh spends ……..…….

LIVEWORKSHEETS

4. We were late for school because of the heavy rain.

Because it ……..…….

5. I only realized how challenging the last question in the exam had been when I got home.

Only ……..…….

IV. Complete the sentences using suggested words.

1. The woman/ phone/ me yesterday/ not say/ her name.

……..

2. We /need / protect /environment/ next generations.

……..

3. We /should /eat/ food /that/ be good / our teeth / our body.

……..

4. Tom / always / going / home / late / so / mother / be/ angry / .

……..

5. Compost / can / make / household / garden waste / .

……..

---------- THE END ----------

LIVEWORKSHEETS

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4. They decided (build) to build a modern hospital in this town soon.

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1. The ***attraction*** of the moon for the earth causes the tides. (***attract***)
2. The children are more ***interes*ted** in cartoon. (***interes*t**)
3. We're having a small family ***gathering*** to mark our wedding anniversary. (***gather***)
4. Our team played ***unsuccessfully*** in the final soccer match. We lost the game. (***succeed***)

III. Rewrite the sentences using suggestions.

1. The man was very kind. I talked to him yesterday. (**who**)

The man to whom I talked yesterday was very kind..

2. "Why don't you ask the teacher for help?" Peter asked me.

Peter asked me why I didn't ask the teacher for help.

3. It takes Minh 2 hours to do his homework every day.

Minh spends 2 hours doing his homework every day.

LIVEWORKSHEETS

4. We were late for school because of the heavy rain.

Because it rained heavily, We were late for school

5. I only realized how challenging the last question in the exam had been when I got home.

Only when I got home did I realized how challenging the last question in the exam had been

Only when + S + V + Trợ động từ + S + V (chỉ khi)

IV. Complete the sentences using suggested words.

1. The woman/ phone/ me yesterday/ not say/ her name.

The woman who phoned me yesterday didn't say her name

2. We /need / protect /environment/ next generations.

We need to protect the environment for the next generation

3. We /should /eat/ food /that/ be good / our teeth / our body.

We should eat food which is good at our teeth and our body.

4. Tom / always / going / home / late / so / mother / be/ angry / .

Tom is always going home so late, so his mother is very angry

5. Compost / can / make / household / garden waste / .

Compost can be made from household and garden waste

LIVEWORKSHEETS