



FINAL Test

Vocabulary

1 Choose the correct options.

- Shall we have ... ?
a a barbecue b martial arts c relatives
- Do you like reality ... ?
a shows b films c documentaries
- Did someone break into ... ?
a the thief b a crime c the school
- Do I click on ... ?
a the software b the link c websites
- Do you want to go to ... ?
a an amusement park b shopping c hip-hop

/ 5

2 Choose the correct options.

- Be careful when you're walking outside. The roads are **cloudy / icy / foggy**.
- Police have just caught and **arrested / chased / committed** a thief.
- Remember to **click on / install / log out of** the website when you've finished using it.
- I don't like **classical / hip-hop / pop** music. I prefer music with words.
- We usually **go / hang out / visit** our grandparents during the summer holidays.

/ 5

3 Choose the odd (different) one out in each group.

1 Describing touch:

- a smooth b rough c soft d salty e hard

2 Sounds we make:

- a laugh b frown c scream d shout e cry

3 Make or do:

- a a mess b a favour c notes d mistakes e rules

4 Happy actions:

- a meet up b hang out c get along d hug e fall out

5 Taste of food:

- a colourful b sweet c sour d spicy e salty

/ 5

4 Complete the sentences with the words in the box. There is one word you don't need.

disgusting fell frowned made played staring

- I _____ asleep in the middle of the film.
- We had a big argument, but we _____ up the next day.
- My friends _____ a joke on me. They told me we had a test, but we didn't.
- Why are you _____ at me? Is there something on my face?
- I can't eat this food. It tastes _____.

/ 5

5 Complete the dialogues with the words in the box. There is one word you don't need.

describe description design lie original promise

- 1 'Did you think the film was _____?'
'No, it was like all his other films!'
- 2 'Why did you _____ about your maths mark?'
'I'm sorry – I was scared you would be angry!'
- 3 'Can you give me a _____ of the man you saw on the bus?'
'Well, he was quite tall and had short black hair ...'
- 4 'If I give you this money, do you _____ to give it back tomorrow?'
'Yes, don't worry, you can trust me!'
- 5 'What building in London did the architect Norman Foster _____?'
'I think it was the Gherkin building.'

6 Choose the correct options.

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- 1 Fatima must be very She is going to university next year.
a recycled b clever c ancient
- 2 Don't drink this milk – it doesn't smell
a fresh b spicy c smooth
- 3 I sometimes ... about running faster than a car – do you?
a get along b wake up c have dreams
- 4 She is going to ... a film about an artist who lived in Paris in the 1930s.
a direct b sew c discover
- 5 My parents always ... when I tell them funny stories about our cat.
a trust b laugh c cry

/ 5

Grammar

7 Choose the correct options.

- 1 Yusuf hopes ... cooking at college.
a studying b study c to study
- 2 I don't like ... chores.
a doing b do c to doing
- 3 We love ... out together at the weekend.
a hang b to hanging c hanging
- 4 He's not good at ... directions.
a following b to following c to follow
- 5 What are you planning ... this weekend?
a to doing b to do c do

/ 5

8 Complete the sentences with the correct past simple or past continuous form of the verbs in brackets.

- 1 Yesterday, I was having coffee when the phone _____ (ring).
- 2 What _____ you _____ (do) tomorrow afternoon?
- 3 Last Saturday, we _____ (have) a party when Mum came home early!
- 4 Where _____ you _____ (go) last night?
- 5 How often _____ your cousins _____ (visit) you?

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9 Complete the sentences with the correct form of the adjective or adverb in brackets.

- 1 The shopping centre is _____ (busy) than usual right now.
- 2 Don't run in here, please. Walk _____ (quiet).
- 3 Everyone in my family works really _____ (hard).
- 4 This is the _____ café in the city (good).
- 5 I think this is the _____ (beautiful) place in the country.

/ 5

10 Choose the correct options.

- 1 We ... to leave school at lunchtime. It's prohibited.
a 're not allowed b don't have to c doesn't need to
- 2 I ... listening to this band, but I don't anymore.
a use to enjoy b used to enjoying c used to enjoy
- 3 We can bring our own lunch to school, but we ...
a can't b don't have to c couldn't
- 4 We ... play outside in the rain when we were young.
a couldn't b aren't allowed to c can't
- 5 She ... like coffee, but now she does.
a not used to b didn't used to c didn't use to

/ 5

11 Choose the correct options. Then complete the short answers.

- 1 Have you heard the latest Billie Eilish song **just / yet**?
No, I _____. Is it good?
- 2 Have you and Sam **already / yet** seen this film?
Yes, we _____. We saw it last month.
- 3 Has Zahra been here **for / since** this morning?
Yes, she _____. She got here at 9 a.m.
- 4 Has the show **just / yet** finished?
Yes, it _____, but only a minute ago.
- 5 Has Layla known Max **for / since** a long time?
No, she _____. They've just met.

/ 10

12 Complete the sentences with the correct present perfect or past simple form of the verbs in brackets.

- 1 We _____ (visit) a few different countries.
- 2 What sports _____ you _____ (do) when you were younger?
- 3 We _____ (not/go) to Rio de Janeiro before, but we'd love to go one day.
- 4 I _____ (swim) in the Mediterranean Sea lots of times before.
- 5 I _____ (not/get) to school until 9.15 this morning!

/ 10

13 Complete the sentences with the words in the box. There are two words you don't need.

use to must who whose will well good

- 1 Don't worry. You _____ feel better tomorrow.
- 2 The painting _____ be by my father – you can see his name on it.
- 3 Did people _____ have TVs in the 1950s?
- 4 He plays the piano _____.
- 5 That's the girl _____ mother teaches me English.

/ 5

14 Choose the correct options.

- 1 I ... go to the cinema tonight, or maybe I'll stay in and watch television.
a might b must c can't
- 2 Arya ... at the local animal shelter last week.
a helped b has helped c helping
- 3 I ... eat any chocolate this week.
a won't b am not going to c don't
- 4 You ... be tired – you slept for ten hours last night!
a might b can't c must
- 5 Billie Eilish is the singer ... I like.
a whose b who c which

/ 5

15 Choose the correct option between *will* and *going to*.

- 1 Look at those dark clouds! It **will / is going to** rain soon.
- 2 I think I **will / am going to** start my own business next year.
- 3 She has already decided that she **will / is going to** study medicine at university.
- 4 Hold on, I **will / am going to** help you with those heavy bags.
- 5 They **will / are going to** launch the new product at the conference next month; it's all planned out.

/ 5

Reading

16 Read the text and choose the correct option.

According to the text, losing our sense of smell

- a is less common than losing our sense of taste
- b is less depressing than going blind
- c can be dangerous and affects our sense of taste

/ 2

Life without smell or taste

What is it like to live with no sense of taste or smell? This is the reality for approximately 5% of the population of Europe and the USA. It sometimes happens as a result of an infection or a brain injury. It can be connected to old age, too, as our sense of smell and taste get worse after the age of 75. Many people with Covid-19 have also experienced a loss of smell or taste, although most recover their senses after a few weeks or months. It is a serious problem because it often leaves people feeling lonely and like they aren't connected to the world anymore.

Smell is responsible for 80% of the flavours we taste, which is why most people who think they have lost their sense of taste have in fact lost their sense of smell. To many of us, it might not sound like a serious problem and doctors may not consider it important enough to treat. However, losing this sense affects our enjoyment of food, which can seriously affect our quality of life. It can also be dangerous, for example, if we are not able to smell gas when a cooker has been left on by mistake or if something is burning.

Some researchers think that people who lose their sense of smell feel depressed for much longer than people who lose their sight. One reason for this is that smell is important for our memory and losing that link to our past is very hard to deal with. It can have long-lasting and devastating effects.

17 Read the text again. Choose the correct options.

- 1 Losing your sense of smell and taste makes you ...
 - a more likely to get an infection
 - b feel less connected to the world
 - c less likely to catch Covid-19
- 2 What negative effect of losing your sense of smell does the text mention?
 - a We can't taste 80% of flavours.
 - b We don't enjoy food in the same way as before.
 - c We make more mistakes when cooking food.
- 3 Why can losing your sense of smell be dangerous?
 - a You might not smell gas.
 - b You can't eat enough food.
 - c You can also lose your sense of taste.
- 4 Some researchers think that ...
 - a people who lose their sight often lose their sense of smell.
 - b losing your sense of smell can lead to depression that lasts for a long time.
 - c our sense of smell isn't important for our memory.

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Vocabulary ____ / 30 Grammar ____ / 50 Reading ____ / 10

TOTAL ____ / 100